

Labour statistics

8.1 Population of working age by population group, gender and labour market status, 2001 – according to the official definition of unemployment

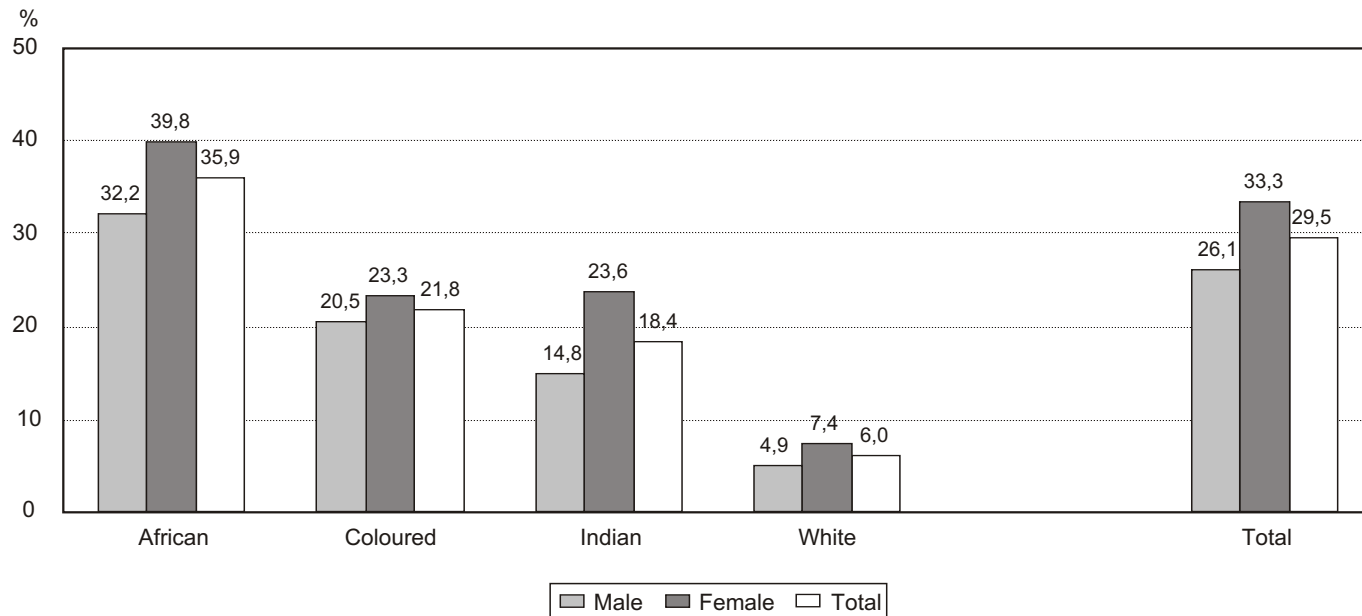
	Not economically active (‘000)	Economically active				Total (‘000)
		Total (‘000)	Workers (‘000)	Unemployed (‘000)	Unemployment rate %	
Male						
African	3 999	5 730	3 882	1 848	32,2	9 729
Coloured	338	871	693	178	20,5	1 209
Indian	99	354	302	53	14,8	453
White	352	1 219	1 159	60	4,9	1 571
Total	4 792	8 188	6 049	2 139	26,1	12 981
Female						
African	5 761	5 223	3 142	2 081	39,8	10 984
Coloured	596	771	591	180	23,3	1 367
Indian	237	239	183	56	23,6	476
White	612	925	857	68	7,4	1 537
Total	7 214	7 170	4 783	2 386	33,3	14 384
Total both sexes	12 006	15 358	10 832	4 525	29,5	27 365

Source: Stats SA, *Labour force survey Sep 2001* (Release P0210)

Totals include other and unspecified population groups.

According to the official definition of unemployment, the unemployed are those people within the economically active population who:

- (a) did not work during the seven days to the interview,
- (b) want to work and are available to start work within a week of the interview, and
- (c) have taken active steps to look for work or to start some form of self-employment in the four weeks prior to the interview.



Source: Stats SA, *Labour force survey Sep 2001* (Release P0210)

Almost four in every ten economically active African women are unemployed, as against one in every twenty economically active white men.

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8.3 Population of working age by population group, area and labour market status, 2001 – according to the official definition of unemployment

	Not economically active (^{'000})	Economically active				Total (^{'000})
		Total (^{'000})	Workers (^{'000})	Unemployed (^{'000})	Unemployment rate %	
African						
Urban	3 747	6 471	4 109	2 362	36,5	10 218
Non-urban	6 014	4 482	2 915	1 567	35,0	10 496
Total	9 760	10 953	7 024	3 929	35,9	20 713
Coloured						
Urban	798	1 382	1 049	333	24,1	2 180
Non-urban	136	260	235	25	9,7	396
Total	933	1 642	1 284	358	21,8	2 576
Indian						
Urban	328	583	476	107	18,4	912
Non-urban	*	*	*	*	*	18
Total	336	593	484	109	18,4	929
White						
Urban	890	1 974	1 856	118	6,0	2 864
Non-urban	74	170	160	*	*	244
Total	964	2 144	2 016	128	6,0	3 108
All population groups						
Urban	5 774	10 434	7 513	2 922	28,0	16 208
Non-urban	6 233	4 924	3 320	1 604	32,6	11 156
Total	12 006	15 358	10 833	4 525	29,5	27 365

Source: Stats SA, *Labour force survey Sep 2001* (Release P0210)

* For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.

Totals include other and unspecified population groups.

According to the official definition of unemployment, the unemployed are those people within the economically active population who:

- (a) did not work during the seven days prior to the interview,
- (b) want to work and are available to start work within a week of the interview, and
- (c) have taken active steps to look for work or to start some form of self-employment in the four weeks prior to the interview.

8.4 Unemployed persons among those aged 15-65 years by province, population group and gender, 2001 (thousands) – according to the official definition of unemployment

	Eastern Cape	Free State	Gauteng	KwaZulu- Natal	Mpuma- langa	Northern Cape	Northern Province	North West	Western Cape	South Africa
African										
Male	250	140	465	420	135	19	209	148	62	1 848
Female	279	160	499	459	156	21	261	175	71	2 081
Total	529	300	963	878	291	40	470	323	133	3 929
Coloured										
Male	29	*	21	*	*	18	-	*	95	178
Female	25	*	18	12	*	19	*	*	93	180
Total	54	13	40	19	*	38	*	*	188	358
Indian										
Male	*	*	*	40	*	-	*	*	-	53
Female	*	*	11	38	*	-	*	*	*	56
Total	*	*	19	78	*	-	*	*	*	109
White										
Male	*	*	29	*	*	*	-	*	*	60
Female	*	*	29	*	*	*	*	*	*	68
Total	*	*	58	*	11	*	*	11	16	128
Total unemployed										
Male	284	152	523	472	140	39	210	155	165	2 139
Female	308	171	557	514	167	42	269	186	173	2 386
Total	592	323	1 080	986	307	81	479	340	338	4 525

Source: Stats SA, *Labour force survey Sep 2001* (Data sets)

* For all values of 10 000 or less the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.

- No respondents

Totals include other and unspecified population groups.

According to the official definition of unemployment, the unemployed are those people within the economically active population who:

- did not work during the seven days prior to the interview,
- want to work and are available to start work within a week of the interview, and
- have taken active steps to look for work or to start some form of self-employment in the four weeks prior to the interview.

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8.5 Workers by main industry, population group and gender, 2001 (thousands)

	African			Coloured			Indian			White		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	781	529	252	185	132	53	*	*	*	81	64	17
Mining and quarrying	401	393	*	11	*	*	*	*	-	76	68	*
Manufacturing	910	567	343	246	136	110	122	82	40	323	216	107
Electricity, gas and water supply	55	46	*	*	*	*	*	*	-	27	22	*
Construction	436	391	46	74	70	*	*	*	*	73	63	*
Wholesale and retail trade	1 604	730	874	244	116	128	157	105	53	386	231	155
Transport, storage and communication	327	289	38	61	51	*	34	26	*	119	83	36
Financial intermediation, insurance, real estate and business services	364	239	125	109	51	58	62	29	33	436	226	210
Community, social and personal services	1 200	550	651	220	103	117	87	45	42	476	178	298
Private households with employed persons	928	137	791	116	12	104	*	*	*	*	*	*
Exterior organisations and foreign government	*	*	*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	*	*	*	*	*	*	-	-	-	*	*	*
Unspecified	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Total	7 024	3 882	3 142	1 284	693	591	484	302	183	2 016	1 159	857

Source: Stats SA, *Labour force survey Sep 2001* (Release P0210)

* For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.

- No respondents

Totals include other and unspecified population groups.

	Formal	Informal	Domestic	Unspecified	Total
Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing	666	359	-	26	1 051
Mining and quarrying	484	*	-	*	487
Manufacturing	1 384	199	-	23	1 605
Electricity, gas and water supply	93	*	-	-	95
Construction	319	258	-	17	594
Wholesale and retail trade	1 427	937	-	34	2 397
Transport, storage and communication	429	104	-	*	543
Financial intermediation, insurance, real estate and business services	890	77	-	*	975
Community, social and personal services	1 812	163	-	13	1 988
Private households with employed persons	*	127	916	*	1 055
Exterior organisations and foreign government	*	-	-	-	*
Other	19	*	-	*	23
Unspecified	*	*	-	*	16
Total	7 539	2 232	916	146	10 833

Source: Stats SA, *Labour force survey Sep 2001* (Release P0210)

* For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.

- No respondents

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8.7 Number of employees (salary and wage earners) in selected industries,* 1999-2001

	Full-time 1999	Part-time 1999	Total 1999
Mining and quarrying	417 777	0	417 777
Gold	220 088	0	220 088
Non-gold	197 689	0	197 689
Manufacturing	1 260 857	55 153	1 316 010
Electricity, gas and water supply	40 224	44	40 268
Construction	208 538	16 294	224 832
Wholesale, retail and motor trade and hotels	716 388	181 183	897 571
Transport, storage and communication	220 897	13 312	234 209
Government institutions	166 306	7 289	173 595
Non-governmental institutions	54 591	6 023	60 614
Financial institutions	191 215	7 179	198 394
Community, social and personal services	1 394 225	87 918	1 482 143
Total	5 088 795	374 395	5 463 190

Source: Stats SA, *Survey of employment and earnings in selected industries December 2001 (Release P0271)*

* Excluding:

Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing;
 Restaurants and other eating and drinking places, boarding houses, caravan parks and guest farms;
 Water and air transport;
 Financial institutions, excluding banks;
 Real estate and business services;
 Private educational services;
 Private medical, dental and other health services;
 Private welfare organisations;
 Religious organisations;
 Recreational and cultural services;
 Household services and domestic workers in households;
 Informal businesses.

Full- time 2000	Part-time 2000	Total 2000	Full-time 2001	Part-time 2001	Total 2001
419 536	0	419 536	408 379	0	408 379
214 542	0	214 542	202 755	0	202 755
204 994	0	204 994	205 624	0	205 624
1 207 633	71 927	1 279 560	1 176 102	74 812	1 250 914
39 068	63	39 131	38 799	80	38 879
196 057	26 371	222 428	191 813	21 628	213 441
703 404	190 501	893 905	689 855	202 790	892 645
199 541	17 738	217 279	191 812	17 528	209 340
146 262	9 870	156 132	137 374	8 691	146 065
53 279	7 868	61 147	54 438	8 837	63 275
184 709	11 732	196 441	185 450	6 893	192 343
1 364 107	81 147	1 445 254	1 357 820	84 970	1 442 790
4 933 132	417 218	5 350 349	4 840 221	426 229	5 266 450

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8.8 Number of employees and gross salaries and wages according to major industrial groups of manufacturing and construction, 1999-2001

	Number of employees (thousands)		Gross salaries and wages (R thousands)	
	2000	2001	2000	2001
Manufacturing	1 280	1 251	19 896	21 360
Food, beverages and tobacco	184	179	2 684	2 991
Textiles, clothing and leather	216	209	1 831	1 779
Wood, paper, printing and publishing	183	165	2 510	2 618
Coke oven products, petroleum, chemicals and rubber products	183	177	3 895	3 864
Non-metallic products	41	40	678	709
Basic metals, metal products and machinery	217	229	4 151	4 501
Electric machinery	84	79	1 427	1 857
Professional equipment	21	18	387	434
Transport equipment	87	87	1 691	1 880
Furniture, manufacturing and recycling	64	67	643	727
Construction	222	213	2 112	2 291
Total	2 782	2 714	41 905	45 011

Source: Stats SA, *Survey of employment and earnings in selected industries December 2001* (Release P0271)

All figures quoted are as supplied for December of each year.



8.9 Average monthly salaries and wages per employee (including bonuses and overtime payments) at constant 2000 prices and current prices according to main industry,* 2000-2001 (rand)

	At constant 2000 prices			At current prices		
	Nov 2000	Nov 2001	% change	Nov 2000	Nov 2001	% change
Mining and quarrying	4 582	5 733	25,1	4 683	6 111	30,5
Total manufacturing	4 552	4 758	4,5	4 652	5 072	9,0
Electricity, gas and water supply	14 972	16 218	8,3	15 301	17 288	13,0
Construction	3 026	3 335	10,2	3 093	3 555	14,9
Wholesale, retail and motor trade and hotels	3 874	3 951	2,0	3 959	4 212	6,4
Total transport, storage and communication	5 506	6 243	13,4	5 627	6 655	18,3
Financial institutions	9 432	10 462	10,9	9 640	11 153	15,7
Total community, social and personal services	6 560	6 704	2,2	6 704	7 146	6,6
Average for all industries	5 288	5 610	6,1	5 404	5 980	10,7

Source: Stats SA, *Labour statistics survey of monthly earnings* (Release P0272)

* Excluding:

- Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing;
- Restaurants and other eating and drinking places, boarding houses, caravan parks and guest farms;
- Water and air transport;
- Financial institutions, excluding banks;
- Real estate and business services;
- Private educational services;
- Private medical, dental and other health services;
- Private welfare organisations;
- Religious organisations;
- Recreational and cultural services;
- Household services and domestic workers in households;
- Informal businesses.

Average monthly salaries and wages at constant 2000 prices measure change in average salaries and wages after the direct effects of inflation have been eliminated.

Average monthly salaries and wages at current prices are calculated by dividing the total gross salaries and wages (including performance and other bonuses and overtime payments and excluding severance, termination and redundancy payments) for the reference month by the number of employees as at the end of the reference month.

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8.10 Workers with degrees, diplomas and certificates by field of study and monthly income, 2001 (thousands)

Field of study	R1 001- R2 500	R2 501- R8 000	R8 000 or more	Unspe- cified	Total
Communication studies and language	*	13	*	*	33
Education, training and development	64	353	33	41	510
Manufacturing, engineering and technology	19	79	57	27	186
Human and social studies	*	27	15	*	60
Law, military science and security	*	47	26	14	100
Health sciences and social services	15	123	32	25	204
Agriculture and nature conservation	*	21	12	*	50
Culture and arts	*	25	14	*	50
Business, commerce and management studies	30	156	109	41	357
Physical, mathematical, computer and life sciences	18	38	31	11	104
Services	*	*	*	*	28
Physical planning and construction	*	*	*	*	12
Don't know	*	*	-	-	*
Unspecified	*	32	*	*	55
Total	195	931	351	190	1 752

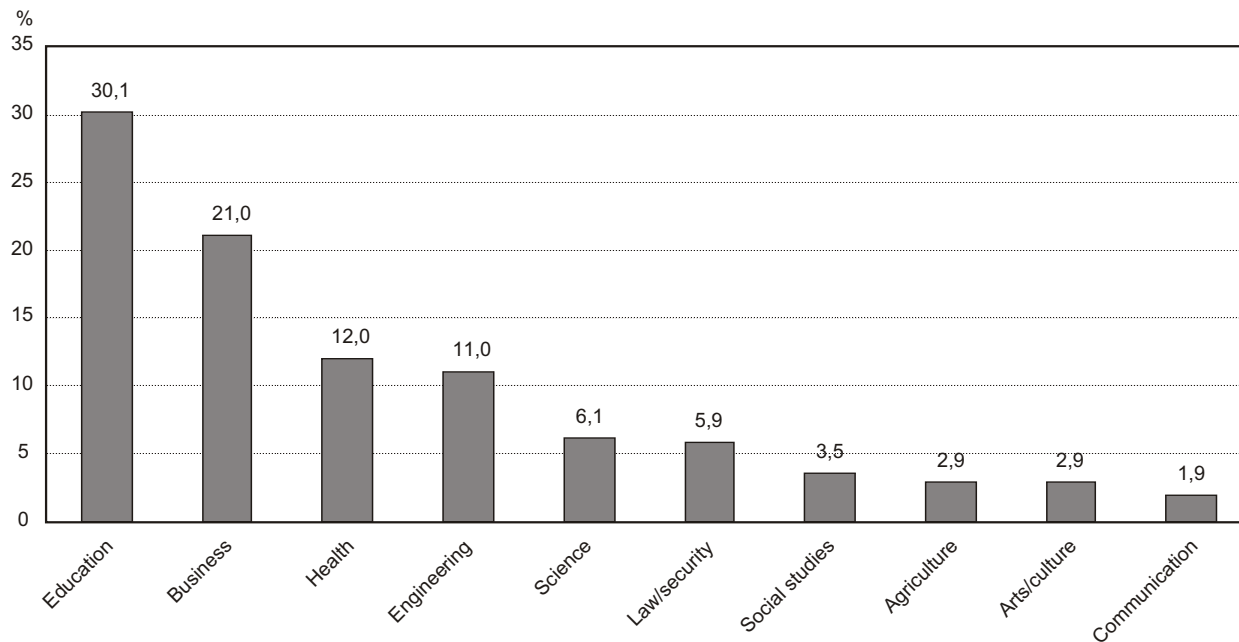
Source: Stats SA, *Labour force survey Sep 2001* (Release P0210)

* For all values of 10 000 or lower the sample size is too small for reliable estimates.

- No respondents

The total includes those workers earning R1 000 or less.





Source: Stats SA, *Labour force survey Sep 2001* (Release P0210)

Among workers with degrees, diplomas and certificates, the most common field of study was education, training and development, followed by business, commerce and management studies.