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Quarterly Financial Statistics of Selected Municipalities

June 2023

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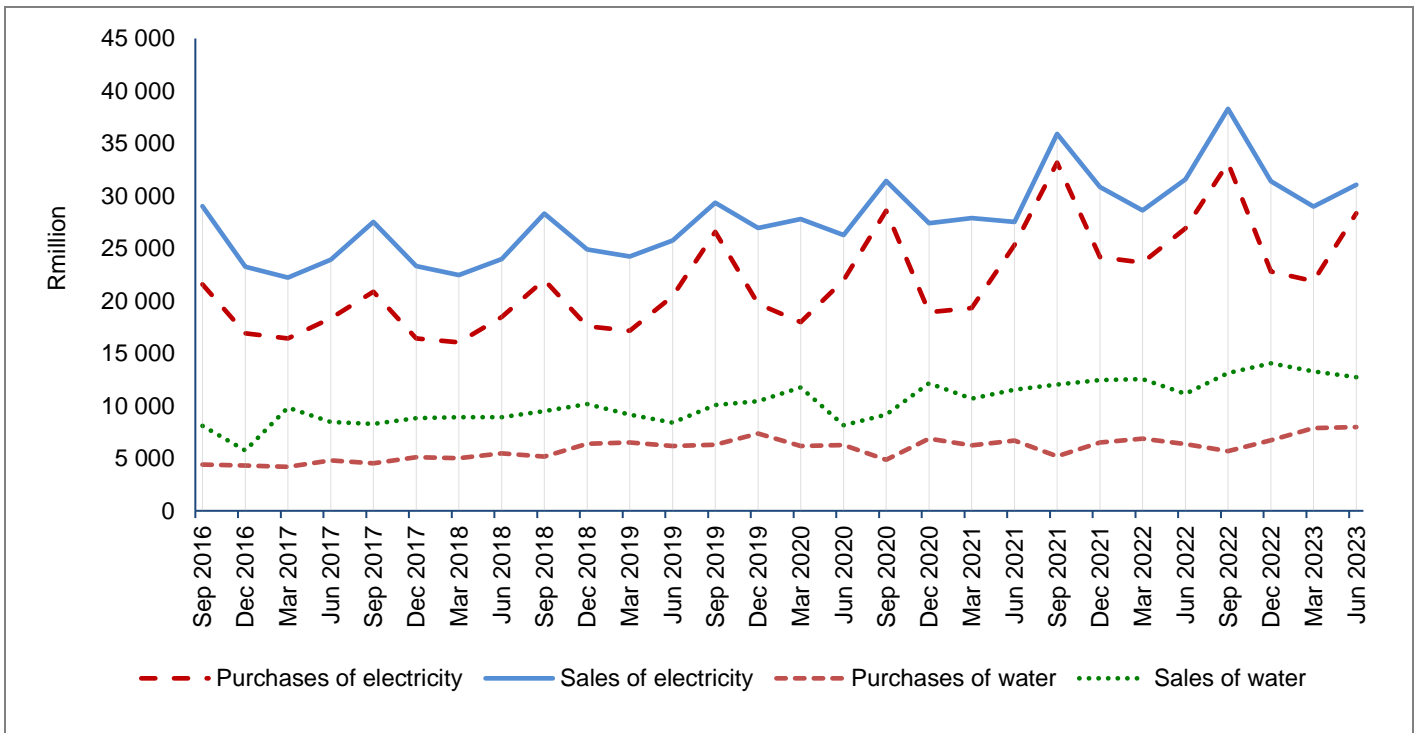
Key findings

Table A – Purchases and sales of water and electricity

Item	Quarter ended				
	Jun-22	Sep-22	Dec-22	Mar-23	Jun-23
	Year-on-year % change				
Purchases of water	-5,0	9,7	3,3	14,4	25,2
Sales of water	-4,3	9,0	12,9	5,6	15,3
Purchases of electricity	6,5	-0,1	-5,6	-7,5	5,1
Sales of electricity	12,7	6,7	1,7	1,3	0,1

Table A shows annual growth rates in the purchases and sales of water and electricity. Purchases of water increased by 25,2% from the quarter ended June 2022 to the quarter ended June 2023 while sales of water increased by 15,3%. Purchases of electricity increased by 5,1% while sales of electricity increased by 0,1% over the same period.

Figure 1 – Purchases and sales of water and electricity



Risenga Maluleke
Statistician-General

Table 1 – Combined consolidated statement of financial performance of municipalities: Expenditure

Expenditure	June 2022*	September 2022*	December 2022*	March 2023*	June 2023	Quarter-on-quarter difference between Mar. 2023 and Jun. 2023	Year-on-year difference between Jun. 2022 and Jun. 2023
	R million						
Employee-related costs	29 212	28 979	31 827	29 173	30 828	1 655	1 616
Remuneration of councillors	872	857	878	859	878	19	6
Finance costs	4 031	1 761	2 575	2 703	4 469	1 766	438
Loss on disposal of assets	495	414	1 444	940	776	-164	281
Debt impairment	13 345	4 175	4 387	6 172	6 492	320	-6 853
Contracted services:							
Consultants and professional services	1 838	1 073	1 441	1 249	2 113	864	275
Contractors	5 153	4 381	6 013	6 009	9 765	3 756	4 612
Outsourced services	4 175	3 159	4 680	4 344	5 810	1 466	1 635
Operating leases:							
Buildings and infrastructure	305	307	323	740	284	-456	-21
Computer, furniture and office equipment	36	70	88	48	81	33	45
Transport assets, machinery and equipment	151	430	556	533	911	378	760
Other operating leases	307	68	117	76	134	58	-173
Inventory consumed	2 600	1 762	2 132	2 130	2 719	589	119
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	8 980	6 034	7 539	7 141	8 795	1 654	-185
Bulk purchases:							
Purchases of water	6 370	5 685	6 708	7 879	7 978	99	1 608
Purchases of electricity	26 979	33 126	22 809	21 870	28 355	6 485	1 376
Other bulk purchases	109	6	5	1	3	2	-106
Transfers and subsidies paid to:							
Other local government institutions	123	75	128	142	143	1	20
Tertiary institutions of higher learning	0	0	0	1	10	9	10
Households or individuals	206	88	177	213	201	-12	-5
Non-profit institutions	98	27	29	39	32	-7	-66
Other transfers and subsidies	1 059	334	438	470	532	62	-527
Operational costs:							
Advertising, publicity and marketing	207	102	127	128	197	69	-10
Bank charges, facility and card fees	183	134	152	129	132	3	-51
Communication	313	161	228	223	308	85	-5
Courier and delivery services	42	16	20	26	47	21	5
Entertainment costs	6	10	18	21	36	15	30
External audit fees	185	82	477	247	125	-122	-60
Hire charges	382	186	263	329	422	93	40
Insurance underwriting	146	893	234	229	293	64	147
Printing, publications and books	112	42	55	53	140	87	28
Professional bodies, membership and subscriptions	181	209	88	82	306	224	125
Transport costs	33	10	17	17	21	4	-12
Travel and subsistence	252	135	167	152	208	56	-44
Wet fuel	689	336	601	584	869	285	180
Other operational costs	8 086	3 041	3 357	3 474	4 835	1 361	-3 251
Other expenditure	1 177	3 651	3 927	5 083	19 544	14 461	18 367
Taxation	51	0	0	1	1	0	-50
Surplus	10 888	57 782	38 062	35 150	8 775	-26 375	-2 113
Total expenditure	129 377	159 601	142 087	138 660	147 568	8 908	18 191

* Some figures have been revised.

Table 2 – Combined consolidated statement of financial performance of municipalities: Revenue

Revenue	June 2022*	September 2022*	December 2022*	March 2023*	June 2023	Quarter-on-quarter difference between Mar. 2023 and Jun. 2023	Year-on-year difference between Jun. 2022 and Jun. 2023
	R million						
Property rates from:							
Residential	8 235	12 006	9 655	9 243	10 808	1 565	2 573
Commercial or business	6 162	9 393	7 504	8 103	8 011	-92	1 849
State	678	1 529	874	931	888	-43	210
Other (includes agricultural, municipal, etc.)	2 970	2 125	1 933	1 919	2 615	696	-355
Property rates – penalties imposed and collection charges	210	86	107	124	155	31	-55
Service charges:							
Sales of water	11 045	13 123	14 053	13 271	12 731	-540	1 686
Sales of electricity	31 032	38 296	31 387	28 992	31 048	2 056	16
Refuse removal charges	2 723	3 575	3 410	3 491	3 670	179	947
Sewerage and sanitation charges	4 762	5 208	5 548	5 612	5 485	-127	723
Other service charges (e.g. fresh produce market)	309	76	76	29	837	808	528
Interest on:							
Investments	972	816	1 033	1 316	1 786	470	814
Receivables	2 402	2 937	3 151	3 304	3 887	583	1 485
Dividends	6	0	0	0	0	0	-6
Fines, penalties and forfeits	1 388	699	905	1 002	2 235	1 233	847
Licences and permits	123	227	191	194	243	49	120
Agency services	528	551	537	561	1 074	513	546
Rental	607	511	555	742	679	-63	72
Sales of goods and rendering of services	894	752	829	1 297	2 096	799	1 202
Gains on the disposal of assets	118	17	51	50	121	71	3
Government transfers and subsidies received:							
Capital	10 699	3 616	8 440	6 541	14 914	8 373	4 215
Operational	11 456	34 531	21 815	22 401	10 462	-11 939	-994
Other transfers and subsidies (incl. contributions and donations)	336	174	192	199	283	84	-53
Operational revenue	4 024	3 596	5 948	5 455	4 824	-631	800
Deficit	27 698	25 757	23 893	23 883	28 716	4 833	1 018
Total revenue	129 377	159 601	142 087	138 660	147 568	8 908	18 191

* Some figures have been revised.

**Table 3 – Consolidated statement of financial performance of municipalities for rates and general services:
Expenditure**

Expenditure	June 2022*	September 2022*	December 2022*	March 2023*	June 2023	Quarter-on-quarter difference between Mar. 2023 and Jun. 2023	Year-on-year difference between Jun. 2022 and Jun. 2023
	R million						
Employee-related costs	18 703	18 694	20 380	18 564	19 849	1 285	1 146
Remuneration of councillors	872	857	878	859	878	19	6
Finance costs	2 991	801	1 547	1 692	2 522	830	-469
Loss on disposal of assets	445	13	17	22	147	125	-298
Debt impairment	6 823	1 346	1 372	1 576	2 976	1 400	-3 847
Contracted services:							
Consultants and professional services	1 105	778	962	922	1 441	519	336
Contractors	1 888	1 274	1 908	1 861	3 579	1 718	1 691
Outsourced services	1 753	1 382	1 935	1 738	2 283	545	530
Operating leases:							
Buildings and infrastructure	175	122	204	133	77	-56	-98
Computer, furniture and office equipment	33	35	43	43	58	15	25
Transport assets, machinery and equipment	120	129	229	225	492	267	372
Other operating leases	241	47	81	53	83	30	-158
Inventory consumed	995	468	612	643	1 003	360	8
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	3 400	1 840	2 217	2 182	2 791	609	-609
Transfers and subsidies paid to:							
Other local government institutions	123	75	128	142	97	-45	-26
Tertiary institutions of higher learning	0	0	0	1	10	9	10
Households	180	23	36	37	45	8	-135
Non-profit institutions	86	24	26	16	21	5	-65
Other transfers and subsidies paid	626	295	293	330	420	90	-206
Operational costs:							
Advertising, publicity and marketing	175	70	91	91	149	58	-26
Bank charges, facility and card fees	177	129	147	124	127	3	-50
Communication	258	133	196	189	255	66	-3
Courier and delivery services	42	16	20	26	47	21	5
Entertainment	5	8	16	20	35	15	30
External audit fees	179	76	433	221	105	-116	-74
Hire charges	133	82	80	94	84	-10	-49
Insurance underwriting	116	799	164	167	187	20	71
Printing, publications and books	95	32	40	44	88	44	-7
Professional bodies, membership and subscriptions	176	207	86	78	295	217	119
Transport	33	9	17	17	20	3	-13
Travel and subsistence	226	112	131	112	161	49	-65
Wet fuel	468	227	294	349	549	200	81
Other operational costs	4 223	1 747	1 910	2 097	3 022	925	-1 201
Other expenditure	732	1 101	1 242	1 847	7 430	5 583	6 698
Taxation	51	0	0	0	0	0	-51
Surplus	5 075	38 978	23 350	22 660	8 348	-14 312	3 273
Total expenditure	52 723	71 929	61 085	59 175	59 674	499	6 951

* Some figures have been revised.

**Table 4 – Consolidated statement of financial performance of municipalities for rates and general services:
Revenue**

Revenue	June 2022*	September 2022*	December 2022*	March 2023*	June 2023	Quarter-on-quarter difference between Mar. 2023 and Jun. 2023	Year-on-year difference between Jun. 2022 and Jun. 2023
	R million						
Property rates from:							
Residential	8 235	12 006	9 655	9 243	10 808	1 565	2 573
Commercial or business	6 162	9 393	7 504	8 103	8 011	-92	1 849
State	678	1 529	874	931	888	-43	210
Other (includes agricultural, municipal, etc.)	2 970	2 125	1 933	1 919	2 615	696	-355
Property rates – penalties imposed and collection charges	210	86	107	124	155	31	-55
Interest on:							
Investments	944	759	994	1 283	1 701	418	757
Receivables	1 078	1 396	1 377	1 455	1 650	195	572
Dividends	6	0	0	0	0	0	-6
Fines, penalties and forfeits	1 294	687	886	981	2 196	1 215	902
Licences and permits	53	76	47	54	109	55	56
Agency services	206	204	207	260	377	117	171
Rental	358	277	287	353	402	49	44
Sales of goods and rendering of services	639	414	472	785	1 578	793	939
Gains on the disposal of assets	95	16	17	23	79	56	-16
Government transfers and subsidies received:							
Capital	3 343	1 393	1 898	1 778	6 440	4 662	3 097
Operational	5 534	26 975	16 025	15 819	5 092	-10 727	-442
Other transfers and subsidies (incl. contributions and donations)	17	80	82	87	88	1	71
Operational revenue	2 734	2 418	4 759	3 655	2 838	-817	104
Deficit	18 167	12 095	13 961	12 322	14 647	2 325	-3 520
Total revenue	52 723	71 929	61 085	59 175	59 674	499	6 951

* Some figures have been revised.

Table 5 – Consolidated statement of financial performance of municipalities for housing and trading services: Expenditure

Expenditure	June 2022*	September 2022*	December 2022*	March 2023*	June 2023	Quarter-on-quarter difference between Mar. 2023 and Jun. 2023	Year-on-year difference between Jun. 2022 and Jun. 2023
	R million						
Employee-related costs	10 509	10 285	11 447	10 609	10 979	370	470
Finance costs	1 040	960	1 028	1 011	1 947	936	907
Loss on disposal of assets	50	401	1 427	918	629	-289	579
Debt impairment	6 522	2 829	3 015	4 596	3 516	-1 080	-3 006
Contracted services:							
Consultancy and professional fees	733	295	479	327	672	345	-61
Contractors	3 265	3 107	4 105	4 148	6 186	2 038	2 921
Outsourced services	2 422	1 777	2 745	2 606	3 527	921	1 105
Operating leases:							
Buildings and infrastructure	130	185	119	607	207	-400	77
Computer, furniture and office equipment	3	35	45	5	23	18	20
Transport assets, machinery and equipment	31	301	327	308	419	111	388
Other operating leases	66	21	36	23	51	28	-15
Inventory consumed	1 605	1 294	1 520	1 487	1 716	229	111
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment loss	5 580	4 194	5 322	4 959	6 004	1 045	424
Bulk purchases:							
Purchases of water	6 370	5 685	6 708	7 879	7 978	99	1 608
Purchases of electricity	26 979	33 126	22 809	21 870	28 355	6 485	1 376
Other bulk purchases	109	6	5	1	3	2	-106
Transfers and subsidies paid to:							
Other local government institutions	0	0	0	0	46	46	46
Tertiary institutions of higher learning	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Households	26	65	141	176	156	-20	130
Non-profit institutions	12	3	3	23	11	-12	-1
Other grants paid	433	39	145	140	112	-28	-321
Operational costs:							
Advertising, promotions and marketing	32	32	36	37	48	11	16
Bank charges, facility and card fees	6	5	5	5	5	0	-1
Communication	55	28	32	34	53	19	-2
Courier and delivery services	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Entertainment	1	2	2	1	1	0	0
External audit fees	6	6	44	26	20	-6	14
Hire charges	249	104	183	235	338	103	89
Insurance underwriting	30	94	70	62	106	44	76
Printing, publications and books	17	10	15	9	52	43	35
Professional bodies, membership and subscriptions	5	2	2	4	11	7	6
Transport	0	1	0	0	1	1	1
Travel and subsistence	26	23	36	40	47	7	21
Wet fuel	221	109	307	235	320	85	99
Other operational costs	3 863	1 294	1 447	1 377	1 813	436	-2 050
Other expenditure	445	2 550	2 685	3 236	12 114	8 878	11 669
Taxation	0	0	0	1	1	0	1
Surplus	5 813	18 804	14 712	12 490	427	-12 063	-5 386
Total expenditure	76 654	87 672	81 002	79 485	87 894	8 409	11 240

* Some figures have been revised.

Table 6 – Consolidated statement of financial performance of municipalities for housing and trading services: Revenue

Revenue	June 2022*	September 2022*	December 2022*	March 2023*	June 2023	Quarter-on-quarter difference between Mar. 2023 and Jun. 2023	Year-on-year difference between Jun. 2022 and Jun. 2023
	R million						
Interest on:							
Investments	28	57	39	33	85	52	57
Receivables	1 324	1 541	1 774	1 849	2 237	388	913
Dividends	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fines, penalties and forfeits	94	12	19	21	39	18	-55
Licences and permits	70	151	144	140	134	-6	64
Agency services	322	347	330	301	697	396	375
Rental	249	234	268	389	277	-112	28
Sales of goods and rendering of services	255	338	357	512	518	6	263
Gains on the disposal of assets	23	1	34	27	42	15	19
Service charges:							
Sales of water	11 045	13 123	14 053	13 271	12 731	-540	1 686
Sales of electricity	31 032	38 296	31 387	28 992	31 048	2 056	16
Refuse removal charges	2 723	3 575	3 410	3 491	3 670	179	947
Sewerage and sanitation charges	4 762	5 208	5 548	5 612	5 485	-127	723
Other service charges (e.g. fresh produce market)	309	76	76	29	837	808	528
Government transfers and subsidies received:							
Capital	7 356	2 223	6 542	4 763	8 474	3 711	1 118
Operational	5 922	7 556	5 790	6 582	5 370	-1 212	-552
Other transfers and subsidies (incl. contributions and donations)	319	94	110	112	195	83	-124
Operational revenue	1 290	1 178	1 189	1 800	1 986	186	696
Deficit	9 531	13 662	9 932	11 561	14 069	2 508	4 538
Total revenue	76 654	87 672	81 002	79 485	87 894	8 409	11 240

* Some figures have been revised.

Annexure A – Actual value and percentage change of purchases and sales of water

Quarter ended	Purchases of water		Sales of water	
	Actual (unadjusted)		Actual (unadjusted)	
	R million	Year-on-year % change	R million	Year-on-year % change
Sep 2016	4 398		8 082	
Dec 2016	4 313		5 746	
Mar 2017	4 192		9 837	
Jun 2017	4 795		8 459	
Sep 2017	4 520	2,8	8 284	2,5
Dec 2017	5 100	18,2	8 828	53,6
Mar 2018	5 006	19,4	8 923	-9,3
Jun 2018	5 487	14,4	8 916	5,4
Sep 2018	5 179	14,6	9 493	14,6
Dec 2018	6 393	25,4	10 156	15,0
Mar 2019	6 498	29,8	9 167	2,7
Jun 2019	6 186	12,7	8 385	-6,0
Sep 2019	6 295	21,5	10 067	6,0
Dec 2019	7 354	15,0	10 449	2,9
Mar 2020	6 189	-4,8	11 767	28,4
Jun 2020	6 278	1,5	8 150	-2,8
Sep 2020	4 877	-22,5	9 159	-9,0
Dec 2020	6 872	-6,6	12 165	16,4
Mar 2021	6 232	0,7	10 686	-9,2
Jun 2021	6 702	6,8	11 538	41,6
Sep 2021	5 184	6,3	12 036	31,4
Dec 2021	6 494	-5,5	12 442	2,3
Mar 2022	6 887	10,5	12 563	17,6
Jun 2022*	6 370	-5,0	11 045	-4,3
Sep 2022*	5 685	9,7	13 123	9,0
Dec 2022*	6 708	3,3	14 053	12,9
Mar 2023*	7 879	14,4	13 271	5,6
Jun 2023	7 978	25,2	12 731	15,3

* Some figures have been revised.

Annexure B – Actual value and percentage change of purchases and sales of electricity

Quarter ended	Purchases of electricity		Sales of electricity	
	Actual (unadjusted)		Actual (unadjusted)	
	R million	Year-on-year % change	R million	Year-on-year % change
Sep 2016	21 570		29 027	
Dec 2016	16 906		23 252	
Mar 2017	16 418		22 219	
Jun 2017	18 332		23 910	
Sep 2017	20 885	-3,2	27 508	-5,2
Dec 2017	16 436	-2,8	23 319	0,3
Mar 2018	16 050	-2,2	22 445	1,0
Jun 2018	18 454	0,7	23 985	0,3
Sep 2018	21 994	5,3	28 323	3,0
Dec 2018	17 570	6,9	24 903	6,8
Mar 2019	17 164	6,9	24 231	8,0
Jun 2019	20 450	10,8	25 751	7,4
Sep 2019	26 585	20,9	29 367	3,7
Dec 2019	19 715	12,2	26 935	8,2
Mar 2020	17 983	4,8	27 805	14,7
Jun 2020	21 979	7,5	26 268	2,0
Sep 2020	28 576	7,5	31 439	7,1
Dec 2020	18 935	-4,0	27 405	1,7
Mar 2021	19 323	7,5	27 877	0,3
Jun 2021	25 339	15,3	27 527	4,8
Sep 2021	33 175	16,1	35 896	14,2
Dec 2021	24 172	27,7	30 849	12,6
Mar 2022	23 648	22,4	28 621	2,7
Jun 2022*	26 979	6,5	31 032	12,7
Sep 2022*	33 126	-0,1	38 296	6,7
Dec 2022*	22 809	-5,6	31 387	1,7
Mar 2023*	21 870	-7,5	28 992	1,3
Jun 2023	28 355	5,1	31 048	0,1

* Some figures have been revised.

Annexure C – Top 130 municipalities in terms of total expenditure as of 2017/18 financial year

Rank based on total expenditure	Municipality	Type	Category	Province
1	City of Johannesburg MM	Metro	A	Gauteng
2	City of Cape Town MM	Metro	A	Western Cape
3	eThekweni MM	Metro	A	KwaZulu-Natal
4	Ekurhuleni MM	Metro	A	Gauteng
5	City of Tshwane MM	Metro	A	Gauteng
6	Nelson Mandela Bay MM	Metro	A	Eastern Cape
7	Mangaung MM	Metro	A	Free State
8	Emsfuleni LM	Local/secondary city	B	Gauteng
9	Buffalo City MM	Metro	A	Eastern Cape
10	Msunduzi LM	Local/secondary city	B	KwaZulu-Natal
11	Rustenburg LM	Local/secondary city	B	North West
12	Polokwane LM	Local/secondary city	B	Limpopo
13	City of Mbombela LM	Local/secondary city	B	Mpumalanga
14	Emalahleni (MP) LM	Local/secondary city	B	Mpumalanga
15	Matjhabeng LM	Local/secondary city	B	Free State
16	Mogale City LM	Local/secondary city	B	Gauteng
17	City of Matlosana LM	Local/secondary city	B	North West
18	City of uMhlathuze LM	Local/secondary city	B	KwaZulu-Natal
19	Newcastle LM	Local/secondary city	B	KwaZulu-Natal
20	Madibeng LM	Local/secondary city	B	North West
21	Drakenstein LM	Local/secondary city	B	Western Cape
22	Rand West LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Gauteng
23	Govan Mbeki LM	Local/secondary city	B	Mpumalanga
24	Sol Plaatje LM	Local/secondary city	B	Northern Cape
25	George LM	Local/secondary city	B	Western Cape
26	JB Marks LM	Local/secondary city	B	North West
27	Merafong City LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Gauteng
28	O.R. Tambo DM	District	C	Eastern Cape
29	Amathole DM	District	C	Eastern Cape
30	Steve Tshwete LM	Local/secondary city	B	Mpumalanga
31	Vhembe DM	District	C	Limpopo
32	Stellenbosch LM	Local/secondary city	B	Western Cape
33	KwaDukuza LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	KwaZulu-Natal
34	King Sabata Dalindyebo LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Eastern Cape
35	Mopani DM	District	C	Limpopo
36	Greater Tzaneen LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Limpopo
37	Chris Hani DM	District	C	Eastern Cape
38	Bushbuckridge LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Mpumalanga
39	Midvaal LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Gauteng
40	Ugu DM	District	C	KwaZulu-Natal
41	Mogalakwena LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Limpopo
42	Ray Nkonyeni LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	KwaZulu-Natal
43	Metsimaholo LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Free State
44	Saldanha Bay LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Western Cape

Annexure C – Top 130 municipalities in terms of total expenditure (continued)

Rank based on total expenditure	Municipality	Type	Category	Province
45	Overstrand LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Western Cape
46	Sekhukhune DM	District	C	Limpopo
47	Breede Valley LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Western Cape
48	Lekwa LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Mpumalanga
49	Makhado LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Limpopo
50	Mossel Bay LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Western Cape
51	Moses Kotane LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	North West
52	Mahikeng LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	North West
53	Fetakgomo/Greater Tubatse LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Limpopo
54	Alfred Duma LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	KwaZulu-Natal
55	Moqhaka LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Free State
56	Dihlabeng LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Free State
57	Nkomazi LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Mpumalanga
58	Msukaligwa LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Mpumalanga
59	Ngwathe LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Free State
60	King Cetshwayo DM	District	C	KwaZulu-Natal
61	UMgungundlovu DM	District	C	KwaZulu-Natal
62	Knysna LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Western Cape
63	Lesedi LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Gauteng
64	Mookgopong/Modimolle LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Limpopo
65	Maluti-A-Phofung LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Free State
66	Mkhondo LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Mpumalanga
67	Kouga LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Eastern Cape
68	Enoch Mgijima LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Eastern Cape
69	Thembisile Hani LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Mpumalanga
70	Capricorn DM	District	C	Limpopo
71	Dawid Kruiper LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Northern Cape
72	Uthukela DM	District	C	KwaZulu-Natal
73	iLembe DM	District	C	KwaZulu-Natal
74	Ngaka Modiri Molema DM	District	C	North West
75	Zululand DM	District	C	KwaZulu-Natal
76	Langeberg LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Western Cape
77	Thulamela LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Limpopo
78	Oudtshoorn LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Western Cape
79	Swartland LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Western Cape
80	Bitou LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Western Cape
81	Joe Gqabi DM	District	C	Eastern Cape
82	Setsoto LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Free State
83	Umkhanyakude DM	District	C	KwaZulu-Natal
84	Thaba Chweu LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Mpumalanga
85	Dr JS Moroka LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Mpumalanga
86	Moretele LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	North West
87	Witzenberg LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Western Cape
88	Greater Giyani LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Limpopo
89	Ba-Phalaborwa LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Limpopo
90	Lephalale LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Limpopo

Annexure C – Top 130 municipalities in terms of total expenditure (concluded)

Rank based on total expenditure	Municipality	Type	Category	Province
91	Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati DM	District	C	North West
92	Abaqulusi LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	KwaZulu-Natal
93	Inkosi Langalibalele LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	KwaZulu-Natal
94	Elias Motsoaledi LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Limpopo
95	Harry Gwala DM	District	C	KwaZulu-Natal
96	Makana LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Eastern Cape
97	Alfred Nzo DM	District	C	Eastern Cape
98	Victor Khanye LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Mpumalanga
99	Ditsobotla LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	North West
100	Theewaterskloof LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Western Cape
101	Makhuduthamaga LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Limpopo
102	Chief Albert Luthuli LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Mpumalanga
103	Bela-Bela LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Limpopo
104	Lepelle-Nkumpi LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Limpopo
105	Sedibeng DM	District	C	Gauteng
106	uMngeni LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	KwaZulu-Natal
107	Umzinyathi DM	District	C	KwaZulu-Natal
108	Gert Sibande DM	District	C	Mpumalanga
109	Umzimvubu LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Eastern Cape
110	Maquassi Hills LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	North West
111	Ga-Segonyana LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Northern Cape
112	uMlalazi LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	KwaZulu-Natal
113	Dr Beyers Naude LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Eastern Cape
114	Nala LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Free State
115	Gamagara LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Northern Cape
116	Nketoana LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Free State
117	Hessequa LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Western Cape
118	Nkangala DM	District	C	Mpumalanga
119	Mantsopa LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Free State
120	West Rand DM	District	C	Gauteng
121	Raymond Mhlaba LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Eastern Cape
122	Garden Route DM	District	C	Western Cape
123	Ulundi LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	KwaZulu-Natal
124	Naledi LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	North West
125	Cape Winelands DM	District	C	Western Cape
126	Musina LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Limpopo
127	Kopanong LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Free State
128	Matatiele LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Eastern Cape
129	West Coast DM	District	C	Western Cape
130	Dr. Pixley Ka Isaka Seme LM	Local/non-secondary city	B	Mpumalanga

Annexure D – Changes brought about by mSCOA classification

Expenditure	
Pre-mSCOA classification	mSCOA classification
Employee-related costs	No change
Remuneration of board of directors/councillors	Remuneration of councillors
Interest paid	Finance costs
Loss on the disposal of property, plant and equipment	Loss on disposal of assets
Bad debts	Debt impairment
Contracted services	Contracted services: Consultants and professional services Contractors (new variable) Outsourced services (new variable)
Collection costs	Falls away – it went to other operational costs
Depreciation and amortisation	Depreciation, amortisation and impairment
Impairment loss (PPE)	Combined with depreciation and amortisation
Repairs and maintenance	Falls away – it went to other contracted services
Bulk purchases:	No change
Purchases of water	No change
Purchases of electricity	No change
Other bulk purchases	No change
	Operating leases:
	Buildings and infrastructure (new variable)
	Computer, furniture and office equipment (new variable)
	Transport assets, machinery and equipment (new variable)
	Other operating leases (new variable)
	Inventory consumed (new variable)
Grants and subsidies paid to:	Transfers and subsidies paid to:
Other local government institutions	No change
Tertiary institutions of higher learning	No change
Households or individuals	No change
Non-profit institutions serving households	No change
Other	Other transfers and subsidies
General expenditure:	Operational costs:
Accommodation, travelling and subsistence	Travel and subsistence
Advertising, promotions and marketing	Advertising, publicity and marketing
Audit fees	External audit fees
Bank charges	Bank charges, facility and card fees
Cleaning services	Falls away – it went to other contracted services / other operational costs
Consultancy and professional fees	Falls under contracted services
Entertainment costs	No change
Fuel and oil	Wet fuel
Hiring of plant and equipment	Hire charges
Insurance costs	Insurance underwriting
Pharmaceutical	Falls away – it went to other operational costs
Postal and courier services	Courier and delivery services
Printing and stationery	Printing, publications and books
Rebates for property rates	Falls away – it went to other expenditure
Rebates for service charges	Falls away – it went to other expenditure
Rental of land, buildings and other structures	Catered for under operating leases
Rental of office equipment	Catered for under operating leases
Security services	Falls away – it went to other contracted services
Subscriptions and membership fees	Professional bodies, membership and subscriptions
Telecommunication services	Communication
Training and education	Falls away – it went to other operational costs
Transport costs	No change
	Other operational costs
Other expenditure	No change
Taxation	No change
Surplus	No change
Total expenditure	No change

Annexure D – Changes brought about by mSCOA classification (concluded)

Revenue	
Pre-mSCOA classification	mSCOA classification
Property rates from:	No change
Residential	No change
Commercial or business	No change
State	No change
Other (includes agricultural, municipal, etc.)	No change
Property rates - penalties imposed and collection charges	No change
Service charges:	No change
Sales of water	No change
Sales of electricity	No change
Refuse removal charges	No change
Sewerage and sanitation charges	No change
Other service charges (e.g. fresh produce market)	No change
Interest earned from:	Interest on:
External investments	Investments
Outstanding debtors	Receivables
Dividends received	Dividends
Fines	Fines, penalties and forfeits
Licences and permits	No change
Income for agency services	Agency services
Rental of facilities and equipment	Rental
Bad debts recovered	Falls away – now under operational revenue
	Sales of goods and rendering of services (new variable)
Public contributions and donations (including PPE)	Moves to transfers and subsidies received
Gains on the disposal of property, plant and equipment	Gains on the disposal of assets
Grants and subsidies from:	Government transfers and subsidies received:
National government	Catered for under operational transfers
Provincial government	Catered for under operational transfers
Local government	Catered for under operational transfers
Spent conditional grant	Catered for under capital transfers
	Capital (new variable)
	Operational (new variable)
Other	Other transfers and subsidies (incl. contributions and donations)
Other income	Operational revenue
Deficit	No change
Total income	Total revenue

Notes

Forthcoming issue	Issue	Expected release date										
	September 2023	December 2023										
Purpose of survey	The <i>Quarterly financial statistics of selected municipalities</i> (QFSSM) (statistical release P9110.1) is a quarterly survey that obtains financial information from institutions that are determined to be municipalities in terms of the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act 1998 (Act No. 117 of 1998). The results of the survey are used to compile estimates of national accounts in order to calculate the gross domestic product (GDP) and its components; by the fiscal and monetary authorities for policy formulation; and for the analysis of local government finances.											
Response rates	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>June 2022 quarter:</td> <td>100% (of 130)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>September 2022 quarter:</td> <td>99% (of 130)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>December 2022 quarter:</td> <td>99% (of 130)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>March 2023 quarter:</td> <td>99% (of 130)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>June 2023 quarter:</td> <td>98% (of 130)</td> </tr> </table>		June 2022 quarter:	100% (of 130)	September 2022 quarter:	99% (of 130)	December 2022 quarter:	99% (of 130)	March 2023 quarter:	99% (of 130)	June 2023 quarter:	98% (of 130)
June 2022 quarter:	100% (of 130)											
September 2022 quarter:	99% (of 130)											
December 2022 quarter:	99% (of 130)											
March 2023 quarter:	99% (of 130)											
June 2023 quarter:	98% (of 130)											
Imputation	Imputations were performed for two municipalities (Ditsobotla and Moqhaka local municipalities) that did not respond.											
Cautionary note	The QFSSM survey provides quarterly financial updates based on preliminary figures from municipalities. Please refer to the annual <i>Financial census of municipalities</i> (statistical release P9114), where most results are based on audited figures, for a more in-depth report.											

Implementation of Municipal Standard Chart of Accounts (mSCOA)

The implementation of mSCOA caused a few municipalities to experience challenges with their newly upgraded or acquired systems. The following were some of the most common issues:

- i. Municipalities were not able to integrate their reporting systems (such as payroll and municipal systems) into the newly upgraded mSCOA-compliant system.
- ii. Municipalities experienced difficulty in capturing figures into the new systems – this was primarily a problem for municipalities that were moving from one system to another.

Stats SA is working with the affected municipalities and other stakeholders to resolve the issues reported above. The data for the quarter ended June 2023 are preliminary (see explanatory note 6 on page 16: Revised figures).

Explanatory notes

- Introduction** 1 The purpose of the quarterly financial statistics survey of selected municipalities is to provide stakeholders with information for allowing analysis and assessment of the state of local government finances.
- This publication contains estimates for the quarters ended June 2022, September 2022, December 2022, March 2023 and June 2023. The survey is designed to obtain financial information of local government institutions relating to the consolidated statement of financial performance of municipalities for:
- rates and general services; and
 - housing and trading services.
- Survey methodology and design** 2 With effect from the quarter ended September 2020, Stats SA has conducted a quarterly survey of selected municipalities which focuses on the largest 130 municipalities, which include metropolitan municipalities, secondary cities, other large local municipalities and district municipalities (see Annexure C on page 10 for a full list of these municipalities). The ranking of municipalities was based on their total expenditures as of the 2017/2018 annual financial statements from the largest to the smallest. This quarterly survey represents approximately 85 percent of the total value when the full scope of municipalities is surveyed. Data for 130 municipalities were available since September 2016. Prior to this, there were re-demarcation issues which resulted in the scope reduction. So not all 130 can be extracted from the 278, 283, and 284, etc. municipalities that were there before 2016. A similar survey called *Financial Census of Municipalities* (P9114) inclusive of the other municipalities is conducted annually.
- The statistical unit for the collection of information is the municipality.
- Scope of the survey** 3 According to note 2, the survey covers quarterly financial information for 130 selected municipalities. Consequently, there is comparable information available for this new scope because it is included in a collection of 257 municipalities that collects, processes, analyses and publishes *Quarterly financial statistics of municipalities* (P9110).
- Classification and accounting standards** 4 For the purposes of classification of local government institutions according to activities, Statistics South Africa (Stats SA) used the *Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities* (SIC), Fifth Edition, Report No.09-90-02 of January 1993. Activities of local government institutions also adhere to the accounting standards and requirements in terms of the Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP).
- The Municipal Standard Chart of Accounts (mSCOA) was initially rolled out (piloted-tested) in some municipalities in 2016. Since then, it has been implemented in all municipalities beginning in 2017. As part of the general ledger, which forms part of the books of account containing a standard list of all available accounts, this framework provides the method and format for recording and classifying financial transaction information. See annexure D for changes made as a result of the alignment to mSCOA.
- Imputation** 5 A historical method is used to impute for non-response. Historical imputation is when a previous value of a non-respondent is used for the imputation of a current value. This value may be brought forward unchanged (un-weighted historical imputation), or have some kind of movement applied to it (weighted historical imputation). QFSSM (P9110.1) uses the unweighted imputation method currently.
- Revised figures** 6 Estimates for the current quarter are preliminary. Figures will be revised if respondents report revisions or corrections to their figures and also if the data were received late by Stats SA (after the cut-off date for submitting their questionnaires).
- Rounding-off of figures** 7 The figures in the tables have been rounded off to the nearest digit shown and as a result there may be slight discrepancies between the sums of the constituent items and the totals shown.

- Related publications** **8** Users may wish to refer to the following Stats SA publications:
- P9110 *Quarterly financial statistics of municipalities (discontinued);*
 - P9101 *Capital expenditure of the public sector;*
 - P9114 *Financial census of municipalities;*
 - P9119.4 *Financial statistics of consolidated general government;*
 - P0441 *Gross domestic product; and*
 - P0277 *Quarterly employment statistics.*
- Symbols and abbreviations used** **9** GDP Gross domestic product
GRAP Generally Recognised Accounting Practice
mSCOA Municipal Standard Chart of Accounts
QES Quarterly employment statistics
QFSSM Quarterly financial statistics of selected municipalities
SIC Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities
Stats SA Statistics South Africa
0 Nil or not applicable
* Revised

Glossary of the selected terms

Agency services	The guideline underlying agency services is that the municipality performs a service on behalf of another entity. The amounts collected on behalf of the principal are not revenue. Instead, revenue is the amount of any commission received or receivable for the collection or handling of the gross flows.
Consolidated statement of financial performance	The aggregate or consolidated statement of financial performance (previously referred to as income statement) reports the institution's financial performance during a specific period of time. This statement covers all the revenue and expenditure of an entity over a specific period of time.
Consultants and professional services	Consulting services refer to specialist services and skills provided that are required for the achievement of a specific objective, with the aim of providing expert and professional advice on a time and material basis. It is unnecessary to maintain these skills in-house, since they are required on a once-off or temporary basis. Therefore, a consultant is a professional person appointed by the municipality to provide technical and specialist advice or to assist with the design and implementation of specific projects or programmes.
Contracted services	This group of accounts consists of outsourced services, consultants and professional services, and contractors. See above and below for descriptions of these.
Contractors	Contractors are required to provide services that are not the core business of the municipality. It is normally not cost effective to maintain these skills within the department. Contractors include costs associated with the use of contracted individuals or businesses on projects or tasks. This does not include amounts payable to contractors in respect of provision of services such as cleaning and security even if a staff element can be identified. Note also that it is common practice that the said contractor provides all the materials required for the project – the tenders are for the whole project, materials included.
Current expenditure	Current expenditure refers to transactions that decrease the net worth of the institution, including interest paid, compensation of employees, grants and subsidies paid and depreciation, but excluding the acquisition of fixed capital. It consists of the total expenditure of rates and general services (excluding the surplus) and the total expenditure of housing and trading services (excluding the surplus).
Debt impairment	Impaired debt is debt of any kind that is unlikely to be paid in full. This results in a loss of value of the amounts that an entity has pending to claim from its customers for the goods or services delivered.
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	<p>Depreciation is the systematic allocation of the cost of an asset from the statement of financial position to depreciation expense on the statement of financial performance over the useful life of the asset.</p> <p>Amortisation is the systematic allocation of the discount, premium or issue cost of a financial instrument over the life of the instrument, or an intangible asset over a certain period.</p> <p>Impairment is a permanent reduction in the value of an asset. It may occur as a result of an unusual or one-time event, such as a change in legal or economic conditions, a change in consumer demand, or damage that impacts an asset.</p>
District municipality	District municipality refers to a municipality that has a municipal executive and legislative authority in an area that includes more than one municipality and which is described in section 155(1) of the Constitution as a category C municipality. Refer to the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act No.117 of 1998).

Employee-related costs	<p>Employee-related costs include payment to full-time and part-time employees irrespective of whether the remuneration is paid out of revenue capital or any other account.</p> <p>Employee-related costs also include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • basic compensation; • allowances; • contributions to other benefit funds of employees such as medical aid, pension fund contributions, group life, etc. (excluding unemployment insurance and workmen's compensation, etc. which may be looked upon as a form of insurance and would appear under general expenditure), and other benefits such as housing subsidies; and • uniform and clothing allowances (clothing, boots, overalls etc. supplied to uniformed employees). <p>Also refer to the <i>Quarterly employment statistics</i> (QES) – statistical release P0277, which measures employment and gross earnings of all employees on a given municipal payroll.</p>
Fines, penalties and forfeits	<p>This item consists of all compulsory receipts imposed by a court or quasi-judicial body considered to be non-exchange revenue, e.g. traffic fines, fines for illegal connections, disconnection fees, motor vehicle licences, tender withdrawals, retentions, unclaimed money or deposits etc.</p>
Housing services	<p>Housing includes all activities associated with the municipal provision of housing.</p>
Licences or permits	<p>This item provides accounts for the granting of licences or permits associated with a regulatory function administered by the municipality.</p>
Local municipality	<p>Local municipality refers to municipalities that share municipal executive and legislative authority in its area with a district municipality within whose area it falls that is described in section 155(1) of the Constitution as a category B municipality. Refer to the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act No.117 of 1998).</p>
Metropolitan municipality	<p>Metropolitan municipality refers to an institution that has municipal executive and legislative authority in an area that includes more than one municipality and which is described in section 155(1) of the Constitution as a category A municipality. Refer to the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act No.117 of 1998).</p>
Municipality	<p>Municipality is a generic term describing the 'unit' of government in the local spheres responsible for local government in a geographically demarcated area and includes district, local and metropolitan municipalities. A municipality is an institution consisting of a municipal council (elected political representatives) and the municipal administration (appointed officials). Refer to the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act No.117 of 1998).</p>
Operating leases	<p>These are leases other than a finance lease. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership.</p>
Operational costs including other operational costs not covered separately	<p>This group of accounts provides for all expenditure items not specifically provided for in any other category and replaces the customary "miscellaneous, general, sundry, other, etc." classification. An operating expense is a day-to-day expense such as sales and administration, or research and development, accounting expenses, licence fees, advertising, office expenses, utilities such as telephone, insurance, property management, travel and vehicle expenses.</p>
Operational revenue	<p>This group of accounts provides for "all other types of revenue" not specifically provided for in the revenue accounts, e.g. administrative handling fees, bad debts recovered, breakages recovered, collection charges, commission, incidental cash surpluses, insurance refunds, skills development levy refunds, agricultural activities, etc.</p>

Other expenditure	<p>The following are included in other expenditure:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • departmental charges/fees; • books and magazines; • licences and trade licences; • workshops; • refreshments; and • sundries.
Outsourced services	<p>Refers to activities performed by the municipality through external providers rather than the municipality's own staff. Reasons for such arrangements include temporary incapacity and cost savings (e.g. cleaning, security and recruitment).</p>
Rates and general services	<p>Rates and general services refer to municipal services that are not economically self-supporting and are financed by imposing assessment and other rates, the receipt of subsidies, and other contributions. This includes ambulance services, fire control (or fire-fighting), health services (clinics, old-age homes), roads and storm water drainage, parks and recreation (libraries, cultural activities, museums, sport administration, community halls, swimming pools, sports grounds, nature reserves, etc.), sewerage and cleansing, traffic (licensing offices) and other services (city engineers, administration, personnel, legal services, city treasurer, etc.).</p>
Sale of goods and rendering of services	<p>This category consists of sales and services rendered provided that the municipality produced or partially produced the good or service. Goods include goods produced by the municipality for the purpose of sale, such as publications, and goods purchased for resale, such as merchandise or land and other property held for resale. The rendering of services typically involves the performance by the municipality of an agreed task over an agreed period of time. Examples of services rendered by entities for which revenue is typically received in exchange may include the provision of housing, management of water facilities, management of toll roads, and management of transfer payments.</p>
Service charges	<p>This group of accounts provides for the typical services rendered by the municipality as "exchange transactions", for example electricity, water, waste water management and waste management.</p>
Trading services	<p>Trading services are services for which the tariffs are determined in such a way that the provision of the service should yield a trading profit (market-related goods and services). These include waste management (refuse removal, solid waste disposal [landfill sites], street cleaning, recycling, etc.), waste water management (sewerage, storm water management and public toilets), water (water distribution, water storage, etc.), electricity (electricity distribution, electricity generation, street lighting, etc.), etc.</p>
Transfers and subsidies paid	<p>Transfers and subsidies include all unrequited payments made by the municipality to other institutions, businesses and individuals; it does not constitute final expenditure by the municipality. A payment is unrequited provided that the municipality does not receive anything directly in return for the transfer to the other party.</p> <p>Subsidies are unrequited payments that municipalities make to public corporations and private enterprises. These payments usually have a direct policy outcome, either by subsidising the price of goods and services or by influencing the level of production.</p>
Transfers and subsidies received	<p>This category includes all unrequited, voluntary receipts from other parties. Thus, an entry should be made under this item when the municipality does not provide anything of similar value directly in return for the transfer from the other party and the transfer is voluntary. Subsidies are unrequited payments that municipalities obtain from public and private enterprises. These payments usually have a direct policy outcome, either by subsidising the price of goods and services or by influencing the level of production.</p>

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