

Statistical release

P9110

Quarterly financial statistics of municipalities

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Key findings

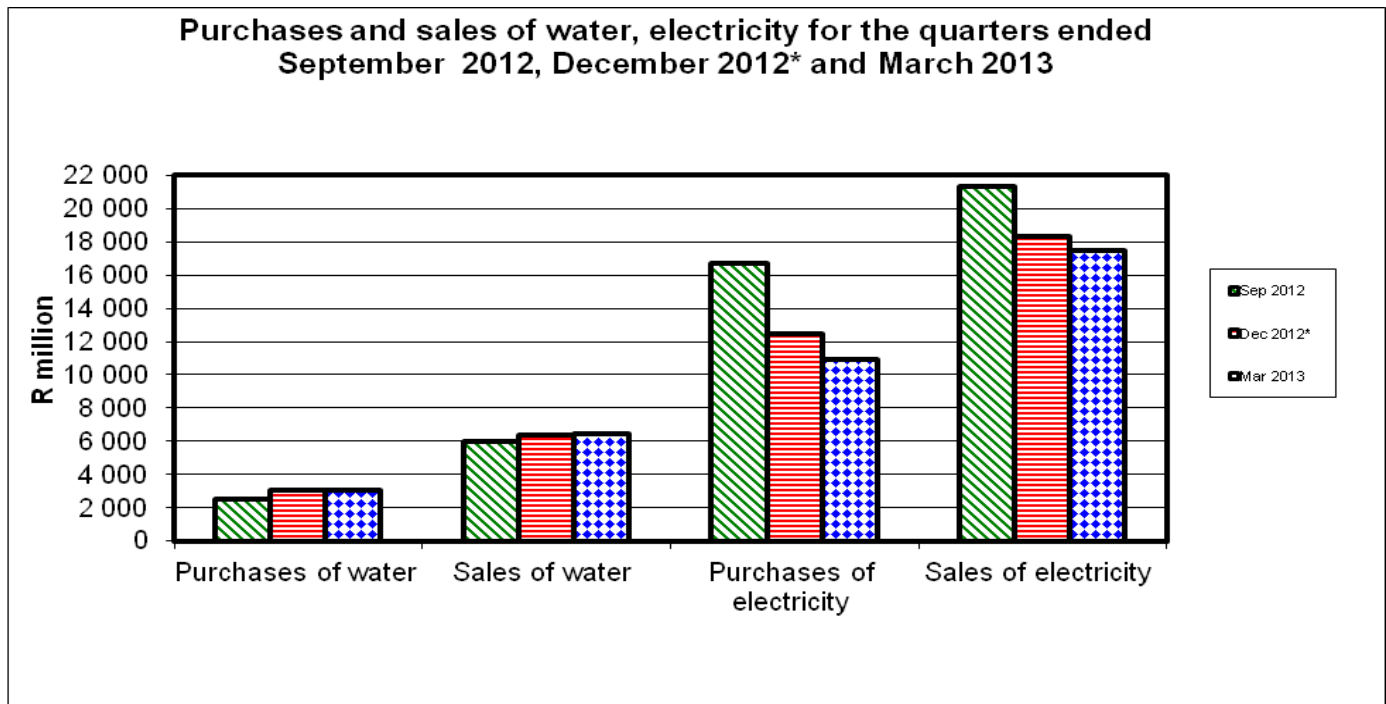
Item	September 2012	December 2012*	March 2013	Difference between quarters ended Dec. 2012 and Mar. 2013	% change between quarters ended Dec. 2012 and Mar. 2013
	R million				
Purchases of water	2 521	3 023	3 060	37	1,2
Sales of water	5 936	6 342	6 453	111	1,8
Purchases of electricity	16 653	12 432	10 879	-1 553	-12,5
Sales of electricity	21 304	18 293	17 444	-849	-4,6
Property, plant and equipment (net carrying value)	351 936	355 841	356 976	1 135	0,3

* Some figures have been revised

Purchases of water increased by 1,2% between the quarters ended December 2012 and March 2013. Purchases of electricity decreased by 12,5% over the same period.

Sales of electricity decreased by 4,6% between the quarters ended December 2012 and March 2013. An increase of 1,8% was recorded in the sales of water over the same period.

Property, plant and equipment increased by 0,3% between the quarters ended December 2012 and March 2013.



*Some figures have been revised

PJ Lehohla
Statistician-General

Part 1 – Consolidated statement of financial position of municipalities as at the end of September 2012, December 2012 and March 2013 quarters

Net assets and liabilities	September 2012	December 2012*	March 2013	Difference between quarters ended Dec. 2012 and Mar. 2013
	R million			
Housing development fund	1 320	1 303	1 298	-5
Capital replacement reserve	16 573	17 146	17 385	239
Capitalisation reserve	2 229	2 407	2 466	59
Government grant reserve	6 198	6 210	6 210	0
Donations and public contributions reserve	737	745	745	0
Self-insurance reserve	263	266	267	1
Revaluation reserve	6 682	6 739	6 690	-49
COID ¹ reserve	147	147	147	0
Other reserves (including Pre-GAMAP reserves and funds)	3 064	2 560	2 560	0
Retained surplus/Accumulated deficit	282 126	291 981	297 313	5 332
Outside shareholders' interest	0	0	0	0
Non-current liabilities				
Marketable loan stock and bonds				
Domestic loan stock held by:				
Other local government institutions	0	0	0	0
Public financial corporations	34	34	36	2
Public non-financial corporations	0	0	0	0
Other (includes: public/private companies, individuals etc.)	5 055	5 071	7 446	2 375
Bonds held by:				
Other local government institutions	0	0	0	0
Public financial corporations	6 751	6 751	6 751	0
Public non-financial corporations	0	0	0	0
Other (includes: public/private companies, individuals etc.)	2 427	2 446	2 422	-24
Long-term loans received from:				
National government	0	0	0	0
Provincial government	0	0	0	0
Local government institutions	5	5	5	0
Development Bank of Southern Africa (DBSA)	9 882	9 715	9 343	-372
Local authorities loans fund	1	1	1	0
Public financial corporations	302	301	292	-9
Public non-financial corporations	0	0	0	0
Banks	17 980	16 837	17 497	660
Insurers	0	0	0	0
Pension funds	125	117	114	-3
Other domestic sources (including INCA ²)	5 720	4 899	5 661	762
Long-term leases	622	621	656	35
Non-current provisions	13 705	11 262	11 564	302
Retirement benefit obligations	10 638	11 032	10 790	-242

* Some figures have been revised

Part 1 – Consolidated statement of financial position of municipalities as at the end of September 2012, December 2012 and March 2013 quarters (continued)

Net assets and liabilities	September 2012	December 2012*	March 2013	Difference between quarters ended Dec. 2012 and Mar. 2013
	R million			
Current liabilities				
Short-term loans from:				
National government	0	0	0	0
Provincial government	0	0	0	0
Local government institutions	16	0	0	0
Development Bank of Southern Africa (DBSA)	605	684	697	13
Local authorities loans fund	2	2	2	0
Public financial corporations	445	0	5	5
Public non-financial corporations	0	0	0	0
Banks	1 174	1 173	1 225	52
Insurers	1	1	1	0
Pension funds	2	2	2	0
Other domestic sources (including INCA ²)	1 152	1 785	1 017	-768
Short-term leases	415	391	393	2
Current provisions	7 379	7 583	7 884	301
Retirement benefit obligations	2 145	1 891	1 892	1
Unspent conditional grants	10 557	12 076	16 437	4 361
VAT ³ payable	2 474	2 578	2 714	136
Bank overdraft	1 586	4 735	4 667	-68
Creditors:				
Trade creditors	26 710	25 199	24 611	-588
Consumer deposits	3 851	4 225	4 011	-214
Income/payments received in advance	534	476	489	13
Other creditors	5 058	5 521	5 269	-252
Liabilities not reflected elsewhere ⁴	4 901	4 705	5 950	1 245
Total net assets and liabilities	461 593	471 623	484 925	13 302

¹COID - Compensation Commissioner for Occupational Injuries and Diseases

²INCA - Infrastructure Finance Corporation Ltd

³VAT - Value added tax

⁴Includes suspense accounts and liabilities not shown separately

* Some figures have been revised

Part 1 – Consolidated statement of financial position of municipalities as at the end of September 2012, December 2012 and March 2013 quarters (continued)

Assets	September 2012	December 2012*	March 2013	Difference between quarters ended Dec. 2012 and Mar. 2013
	R million			
Property, plant and equipment (net carrying value)	351 936	355 841	356 976	1 135
Investment property	13 356	13 640	13 590	-50
Intangible assets	2 138	2 495	2 095	-400
Biological (cultivated) assets	71	53	55	2
Investments in marketable securities:				
Municipal stock/shares	1 034	1 081	1 084	3
Other marketable stock/shares:				
Government stock	0	0	0	0
Treasury bills	0	0	0	0
Other local government institutions stock	39	39	39	0
Public financial corporations stock	0	0	0	0
Public non-financial corporations stock	0	0	0	0
Companies' shares	253	253	264	11
Investments in non-marketable instruments of spheres of government, government institutions and elsewhere	0	0	0	0
Long-term receivables, loans, deposits and investments				
Long-term receivables:				
Car loans	1	1	1	0
Housing selling scheme loans	201	196	192	-4
Sewerage connection loans	0	0	0	0
Electricity appliance purchase scheme	0	0	0	0
Other (including local government institutions)	1 364	1 318	1 425	107
Long-term loans to:				
Other local government institutions	0	0	0	0
Public financial corporations	34	34	34	0
Public non-financial corporations	0	0	0	0
Other companies/institutions	15	15	15	0
Long-term deposits and other investments with:				
Banks	5 276	5 949	7 091	1 142
Public financial corporations	26	25	25	0
Public non-financial corporations	0	0	0	0
Other	2 253	2 401	2 583	182

* Some figures have been revised

Part 1 – Consolidated statement of financial position of municipalities as at the end of September 2012, December 2012 and March 2013 quarters (concluded)

Assets	September 2012	December 2012*	March 2013	Difference between quarters ended Dec. 2012 and Mar. 2013
	R million			
Current assets:				
Inventory	3 798	3 832	3 773	-59
Short-term loans, deposits and investments				
Short-term loans to:				
Other local government institutions	1	1	1	0
Public financial corporations	63	63	63	0
Public non-financial corporations	0	0	0	0
Other companies/institutions	49	36	36	0
Short-term deposits and other investments with:				
Banks	9 873	14 550	16 481	1 931
Public financial corporations	12	12	13	1
Public non-financial corporations	0	0	0	0
Other	11 039	6 540	10 699	4 159
Debtors:				
Consumer debtors	33 513	32 505	33 535	1 030
Other debtors (including short-term portion of long-term receivables)	8 942	10 496	9 714	-782
VAT ¹ receivable	1 337	1 259	1 216	-43
Prepaid expenses	51	53	51	-2
Petty cash and bank	14 127	18 240	23 171	4 931
Assets not reflected elsewhere ²	791	695	703	8
Total assets	461 593	471 623	484 925	13 302

¹Value added tax

²Includes suspense accounts and assets not shown separately

* Some figures have been revised

Part 2 – Consolidated statement of financial performance of municipalities for rates and general services for the quarters September 2012, December 2012 and March 2013: Expenditure

Expenditure	September 2012	December 2012*	March 2013	Difference between quarters ended Dec. 2012 and Mar. 2013
	R million			
Employee-related costs	8 631	9 690	9 240	-450
Remuneration of board of directors/councillors	623	663	721	58
Interest paid	741	962	681	-281
Loss on the disposal of property, plant and equipment	1	2	4	2
Bad debts	423	742	593	-149
Contracted services	623	999	952	-47
Collection costs	72	118	101	-17
Depreciation and amortisation	1 011	1 168	1 142	-26
Impairment loss (PPE)	59	19	20	1
Repairs and maintenance	354	467	469	2
Grants and subsidies paid to:				
Other local government institutions	104	80	142	62
Tertiary institutions of higher learning	0	0	1	1
Households or individuals	148	178	149	-29
Non-profit institutions serving households	0	0	0	0
Other	967	975	1 251	276
General expenditure:				
Accommodation, travelling and subsistence	119	140	125	-15
Advertising, promotions and marketing	57	84	56	-28
Audit fees	95	221	174	-47
Bank charges	48	60	69	9
Cleaning services	21	36	39	3
Consultancy and professional fees	152	217	296	79
Entertainment costs	20	28	29	1
Fuel and oil	115	159	167	8
Hiring of plant and equipment	61	72	55	-17
Insurance costs	203	91	174	83
Pharmaceutical	20	26	17	-9
Postal and courier services	48	57	61	4
Printing and stationery	101	93	86	-7
Rebates for property rates	883	723	668	-55
Rental of land, buildings and other structures	110	111	115	4
Rental of office equipment	50	45	57	12
Security services	282	312	381	69
Subscriptions and membership fees	150	42	33	-9
Telecommunication services	154	185	165	-20
Training and education	94	103	114	11
Transport costs	41	28	46	18
Other expenditure	3 216	3 769	3 586	-183
Surplus	17 942	11 336	12 071	735
Total expenditure	37 739	34 001	34 050	49

* Some figures have been revised

Part 2 – Consolidated statement of financial performance of municipalities for rates and general services for the quarters ended September 2012, December 2012 and March 2013: Income

Income	September 2012	December 2012*	March 2013	Difference between quarters ended Dec. 2012 and Mar. 2013
	R million			
Taxes on property				
Property rates from:				
Residential	7 151	6 347	6 343	-4
Commercial or business	669	659	721	62
State	201	107	105	-2
Other (includes agricultural, municipal, etc.)	2 687	1 597	2 539	942
Property rates – penalties imposed and collection charges	86	108	95	-13
Interest earned from:				
External investments	464	475	555	80
Outstanding debtors	400	424	564	140
Dividends received	0	0	0	0
Fines	271	278	203	-75
Licences and permits	129	126	143	17
Income for agency services	172	206	218	12
Rental of facilities and equipment	173	182	193	11
Bad debts recovered	0	0	1	1
Public contributions and donations (including property, plant and equipment)	14	14	8	-6
Gains on the disposal of property, plant and equipment	22	38	52	14
Grants and subsidies from:				
National government	15 417	12 749	11 535	-1 214
Provincial government	129	177	193	16
Local government	10	7	10	3
Other	63	110	157	47
Spent conditional grants	51	77	70	-7
Other income	3 055	2 780	3 532	752
Deficit	6 575	7 540	6 813	-727
Total income	37 739	34 001	34 050	49

* Some figures have been revised

Part 3 – Consolidated statement of financial performance of municipalities for housing and trading services for the quarters September 2012, December 2012 and March 2013: Expenditure

Expenditure	September 2012	December 2012*	March 2013	Difference between quarters ended Dec. 2012 and Mar. 2013
	R million			
Employee-related costs	4 997	5 899	5 715	-184
Interest paid	548	497	295	-202
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	1	2	19	17
Bad debts	1 161	1 141	1 103	-38
Contracted services	1 052	1 436	1 345	-91
Collection costs	18	25	26	1
Depreciation and amortisation	1 901	2 014	2 498	484
Impairment loss (PPE)	92	19	15	-4
Repairs and maintenance	1 449	2 003	1 891	-112
Bulk purchases:				
Purchases of water	2 521	3 023	3 060	37
Purchases of electricity	16 653	12 432	10 879	-1 553
Other bulk purchases	114	118	131	13
Grants and subsidies paid to:				
Other local government institutions	23	0	12	12
Tertiary institutions of higher learning	0	0	0	0
Households or individuals	130	206	191	-15
Non-profit institutions serving households	0	0	0	0
Other	245	385	409	24
General expenditure:				
Accommodation, travelling and subsistence	19	20	17	-3
Advertising, promotions and marketing	10	21	9	-12
Audit fees	11	24	11	-13
Bank charges	4	8	12	4
Cleaning services	16	14	16	2
Consultancy and professional fees	52	68	59	-9
Entertainment costs	1	2	4	2
Fuel and oil	189	232	217	-15
Hiring of plant and equipment	82	116	131	15
Insurance costs	27	20	14	-6
Pharmaceutical	3	4	4	0
Postal and courier services	1	2	2	0
Printing and stationery	17	19	17	-2
Rebates for service charges	167	227	172	-55
Rental of land, buildings and other structures	33	20	22	2
Rental of office equipment	4	10	8	-2
Security services	71	81	65	-16
Subscriptions and membership fees	5	2	2	0
Telecommunication services	27	26	26	0
Training and education	18	25	27	2
Transport costs	32	46	50	4
Other expenditure	2 937	3 721	4 311	590
Surplus	7 034	5 756	5 477	-279
Total expenditure	41 665	39 664	38 262	-1 402

* Some figures have been revised

Part 3 – Consolidated statement of financial performance of municipalities for housing and trading services for the quarters ended September 2012, December 2012 and March 2013: Income

Income	September 2012	December 2012*	March 2013	Difference between quarters ended Dec. 2012 and Mar. 2013
	R million			
Interest earned from:				
External investments	39	35	34	-1
Outstanding debtors	253	269	248	-21
Dividends received	0	0	0	0
Fines	15	15	17	2
Licences and permits	55	63	102	39
Income for agency services	157	163	222	59
Rental of facilities and equipment	194	201	173	-28
Bad debts recovered	0	0	0	0
Public contributions and donations (including property, plant and equipment)	91	71	79	8
Gains on the disposal of property, plant and equipment	0	8	1	-7
Service charges:				
Sales of water	5 936	6 342	6 453	111
Sales of electricity	21 304	18 293	17 444	-849
Refuse removal charges	1 526	1 496	1 520	24
Sewerage and sanitation charges	1 761	1 555	1 802	247
Other service charges (e.g. fresh produce market)	24	24	12	-12
Grants and subsidies from:				
National government	4 644	4 657	4 602	-55
Provincial government	119	182	163	-19
Local government	0	1	0	-1
Other	78	135	148	13
Spent conditional grants	28	29	23	-6
Other income	1 711	1 887	1 876	-11
Deficit	3 730	4 238	3 343	-895
Total income	41 665	39 664	38 262	-1 402

* Some figures have been revised

Part 4 – Rebased tables for the financial year ended 30 June 2012: Consolidated statement of financial position of municipalities

Net assets and liabilities	September 2011	December 2011	March 2012	June 2012	Total 2012 ¹
	R million				
Housing development fund	1 871	1 892	1 871	1 518	1 518
Capital replacement reserve	2 388	2 431	2 437	2 227	2 227
Capitalisation reserve	2 961	2 952	2 943	2 840	2 840
Government grant reserve	10 418	10 414	10 397	6 410	6 410
Donations and public contributions reserve	1 136	1 144	1 144	354	354
Self-insurance reserve	2 555	2 663	2 684	762	762
Revaluation reserve	10 564	10 479	10 764	9 967	9 967
COID ² reserve	1 529	319	324	280	280
Other reserves	9 476	8 874	8 258	9 776	9 776
Retained surplus/accumulated deficit	307 245	317 981	326 083	348 293	348 293
Outside shareholders' interest	0	0	0	160	160
Non-current liabilities					
Marketable loan stock and bonds:					
Domestic loan stock held by:					
Other local government institutions	0	0	0	0	0
Public financial corporations	0	0	0	0	0
Public non-financial corporations	0	0	0	0	0
Other	146	143	140	134	134
Bonds held by:					
Other local government institutions	0	0	0	0	0
Public financial corporations	0	0	0	0	0
Public non-financial corporations	0	0	0	0	0
Other	9 748	9 866	9 742	14 278	14 278
Long-term loans and deposits received from:					
National government	0	0	0	0	0
Provincial government	0	0	0	0	0
Local government institutions	7	7	7	7	7
Development Bank of Southern Africa (DBSA)	15 149	15 255	15 164	15 598	15 598
Local authorities loans fund	0	0	0	0	0
Public financial corporations	0	0	0	0	0
Public non-financial corporations	0	0	0	0	0
Banks	12 553	12 147	11 902	13 031	13 031
Insurers	0	0	0	0	0
Pension funds	10	10	10	10	10
Private companies	0	0	0	5	5
Other domestic sources (including INCA ³)	6 153	6 514	5 883	5 235	5 235
Long-term leases	1 017	547	546	552	552
Non-current provisions	5 671	7 117	7 037	6 407	6 407
Retirement benefits obligations	9 210	11 311	11 565	17 626	17 626

¹ Value of consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2012 (refer to Publication P9114)

² COID - Compensation Commissioner for Occupational Injuries and Diseases

³INCA - Infrastructure Finance Corporation Ltd

Part 4 – Rebased tables for the financial year ended 30 June 2012: Consolidated statement of financial position of municipalities (continued)

Net assets and liabilities	September 2011	December 2011	March 2012	June 2012	Total 2012 ¹
	R million				
Current liabilities					
Short-term loans and deposits from:					
Local government institutions	0	0	0	22	22
Development Bank of Southern Africa (DBSA)	1 251	1 399	1 399	2 236	2 236
Local authorities loans fund	0	0	0	0	0
Public financial corporations	0	0	0	0	0
Public non-financial corporations	0	0	0	0	0
Banks	534	616	623	618	618
Insurers	0	0	0	0	0
Pension funds	0	0	0	0	0
Private companies	0	0	0	1	1
Other domestic sources (including INCA ³)	543	450	953	962	962
Unspent conditional grants	9 024	10 469	14 263	11 804	11 804
Current provisions	2 484	2 589	2 715	2 634	2 634
Retirement benefits obligations	690	697	715	830	830
Short-term leases	447	426	428	387	387
VAT ⁴ payable	2 978	3 048	2 874	2 259	2 259
Bank overdraft	975	1 692	1 245	1 079	1 079
Creditors:					
Trade creditors	17 173	16 576	16 239	21 891	21 891
Consumer deposits	3 705	3 747	3 868	4 129	4 129
Income received in advance	3 311	3 104	3 418	3 445	3 445
Other creditors	22 850	16 608	13 169	16 486	16 486
Liabilities not reflected elsewhere ⁵	1 117	934	942	1 276	1 276
Total net assets and liabilities	476 889	484 421	491 752	525 529	525 529

¹ Value of consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2012 (refer to Publication P9114)

⁴ VAT - Value added tax

⁵ Includes suspense accounts and liabilities not shown separately

Part 4 – Rebased tables for the financial year ended 30 June 2012: Consolidated statement of financial position of municipalities (continued)

Assets	September 2011	December 2011	March 2012	June 2012	Total 2012 ¹
	R million				
Non-current assets					
Property, plant, and equipment (net carrying value)	377 411	378 692	380 393	413 858	413 858
Investment property	9 439	10 236	10 468	15 558	15 558
Intangible assets	2 573	2 458	2 439	3 099	3 099
Biological assets	96	96	96	84	84
Investments in marketable securities:					
Municipal stock/shares	336	336	922	909	909
Other marketable stock/shares:					
Government stock	0	0	0	50	50
Treasury bills	0	0	0	0	0
Other local government institutions	86	86	86	86	86
Public financial corporations stock	0	0	0	0	0
Public non-financial corporations	0	0	0	0	0
Other companies/institutions	40	39	39	34	34
Investments in non-marketable instruments of other spheres of government and government institutions	0	0	0	885	885
Long-term receivables, loans, deposits and investments					
Long-term receivables:					
Car loans	2	2	2	2	2
Housing selling scheme loans	290	283	275	265	265
Sewerage connection loans	0	0	0	0	0
Electricity appliance purchase scheme	0	0	0	1	1
Other (including local government institutions)	1 275	1 325	1 311	1 583	1 583
Long-term loans to:					
Other local government institutions	0	0	0	0	0
Public financial corporations	0	0	0	0	0
Public non-financial corporations	0	0	0	0	0
Other companies/institutions	563	770	765	36	36
Long-term deposits and investments with:					
Banks	1 141	1 101	1 507	3 784	3 784
Public financial corporations	0	0	0	0	0
Public non-financial corporations	0	0	0	0	0
Other	481	538	597	245	245

¹ Value of consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2012 (refer to Publication P9114)

Part 4 – Rebased tables for the financial year ended 30 June 2012: Consolidated statement of financial position of municipalities (concluded)

Assets	September 2011	December 2011	March 2012	June 2012	Total 2012 ¹
	R million				
Current assets :					
Inventory	4 868	4 997	5 051	4 949	4 949
Short-term receivables, loans, deposits and investments					
Short-term loans to:					
Other local government institutions	0	0	0	0	0
Public financial corporations	0	0	0	0	0
Public non-financial corporations	0	0	0	0	0
Other companies/institutions	1	3	5	2	2
Short-term deposits and other investments with:					
Banks	27 047	30 286	35 098	22 367	22 367
Public financial corporations	0	0	0	0	0
Public non-financial corporations	0	0	0	1	1
Other	738	698	708	3 272	3 272
Debtors:					
Consumer debtors	26 465	25 000	24 855	28 136	28 136
Other debtors (including short-term portion of long-term receivables)	10 864	12 901	11 746	10 440	10 440
VAT ⁴ receivable	1 354	1 252	1 270	1 621	1 621
Prepaid expenses	147	147	147	97	97
Petty cash and bank	11 334	12 989	13 789	13 972	13 972
Assets not reflected elsewhere ⁶	338	186	183	193	193
Total assets	476 889	484 421	491 752	525 529	525 529

¹ Value of consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2012 (refer to Publication P9114)

⁶ Includes suspense accounts and assets not shown separately

Part 5 – Rebased tables for the financial year ended 30 June 2012: Statement of financial

Expenditure	September 2011	December 2011	March 2012	June 2012	Total 2012 ¹
	R million				
Employee-related costs	7 442	8 509	7 797	7 805	31 553
Remuneration of board of directors/councillors	599	598	727	689	2 613
Interest paid	630	584	668	763	2 645
Loss on the disposal of property, plant and equipment	142	61	427	407	1 037
Bad debts	1 013	1 336	1 302	1 091	4 742
Contracted services	598	999	893	1 226	3 716
Collection costs	114	164	120	175	573
Depreciation and amortisation	2 388	2 329	2 485	3 415	10 617
Impairment loss (PPE)	464	0	232	168	864
Repairs and maintenance	401	636	572	788	2 397
Grants and subsidies paid to:					
Other local government institutions	101	141	178	213	633
Tertiary institutions of higher learning	0	3	3	6	12
Households or individuals	102	281	452	379	1 214
Non-profit institutions serving households	89	90	89	90	358
Other	316	376	373	425	1 490
General expenditure:					
Accommodation, travelling and subsistence	117	114	128	123	482
Advertising, promotions and marketing	54	76	75	118	323
Audit fees	85	240	176	149	650
Bank charges	52	60	52	73	237
Cleaning services	18	30	30	36	114
Consultancy and professional fees	160	178	184	308	830
Entertainment costs	20	23	23	24	90
Fuel and oil	104	106	120	138	468
Hiring of plant and equipment	45	78	81	118	322
Insurance costs	246	122	77	127	572
Pharmaceutical	13	18	21	24	76
Postal and courier services	38	45	48	58	189
Printing and stationery	85	105	108	132	430
Rebates for property rates	244	528	689	565	2 026
Rental of land, buildings and other structures	87	84	103	139	413
Rental of office equipment	147	110	127	174	558
Security services	189	235	256	294	974
Subscriptions and membership fees	99	33	31	52	215
Telecommunication services	154	189	203	224	770
Training and education	73	106	96	152	427
Transport costs	65	87	59	106	317
Other expenditure	2 222	2 250	2 372	2 965	9 809
Surplus	13 616	12 843	11 031	4 644	42 134
Total expenditure	32 332	33 767	32 408	28 383	126 890

performance of municipalities for rates and general services: Expenditure

¹The total of Sept 2011, Dec 2011, Mar 2012 and June 2012 quarters (refer to Publication P9114)

Part 5 – Rebased tables for the financial year ended 30 June 2012: Statement of financial performance of municipalities for rates and general services: Income

Income	September 2011	December 2011	March 2012	June 2012	Total 2012 ¹
	R million				
Taxes on property					
Property rates from:					
Residential	3 859	3 699	3 565	3 628	14 751
Commercial or business	2 720	4 006	4 030	3 088	13 844
State	242	336	265	186	1 029
Other (includes agricultural, municipal etc.)	1 130	1 128	948	947	4 153
Property rates - penalties imposed and collection charges	104	100	126	83	413
Interest earned from:					
External investments	298	376	437	936	2 047
Outstanding debtors	367	466	457	431	1 721
Dividends received	1	1	1	1	4
Fines	291	312	320	419	1 342
Licences and permits	98	107	129	141	475
Income for agency services	153	189	154	220	716
Rental of facilities and equipment	163	182	204	219	768
Bad debts recovered	0	0	0	34	34
Public contribution, donations (including property, plant and equipment)	32	21	68	347	468
Gains on the disposal of property, plant and equipment	53	37	69	83	242
Subsidies from:					
National government	399	1 142	311	96	1 948
Provincial government	184	276	253	861	1 574
Local government	0	0	0	43	43
Other	104	725	357	253	1 439
Grants (including the equitable share) from:					
National government	11 364	8 848	9 102	5 485	34 799
Provincial government	1 308	759	1 144	349	3 560
Local government	43	33	49	27	152
Other	448	767	314	434	1 963
Spent conditional grant	153	263	508	748	1 672
Other income	1 169	1 129	2 121	1 550	5 969
Deficit	7 649	8 865	7 476	7 774	31 764
Total income	32 332	33 767	32 408	28 383	126 890

¹The total of Sept 2011, Dec 2011, Mar 2012 and June 2012 quarters (refer to Publication P9114)

Part 6 – Rebased tables for the financial year ended 30 June 2012: Statement of financial performance of municipalities for housing and trading services: Expenditure

Expenditure	September 2011	December 2011	March 2012	June 2012	Total 2012 ¹
	R million				
Employee-related costs	5 790	6 508	6 357	6 253	24 908
Interest paid	622	640	887	1 169	3 318
Loss on the disposal of property, plant and equipment	0	4	21	63	88
Bad debts	1 408	1 270	1 606	2 322	6 606
Contracted services	1 128	1 162	1 481	1 790	5 561
Collection costs	27	30	39	39	135
Depreciation and amortisation	2 327	2 850	2 591	3 304	11 072
Impairment loss (PPE)	147	0	29	10	186
Repairs and maintenance	1 527	2 000	2 073	2 543	8 143
Bulk purchases:					
Purchases of electricity and gas	15 203	10 885	10 344	12 907	49 339
Purchases of water	2 323	2 698	2 787	2 838	10 646
Other (e.g. sewer purification)	63	4	35	36	138
Grant and subsidies paid to:					
Other local government institutions	28	6	0	7	41
Tertiary institutions of higher learning	0	0	0	0	0
Households or individuals	100	200	298	302	900
Non-profit institutions serving households	21	21	20	21	83
Other	73	84	133	121	411
General expenditure					
Accommodation, travelling and subsistence	16	20	19	26	81
Advertising, promotions and marketing	20	45	30	50	145
Audit fees	4	20	20	14	58
Bank charges	2	2	11	23	38
Cleaning services	9	23	18	27	77
Consultancy and professional fees	47	90	217	252	606
Entertainment costs	0	2	2	4	8
Fuel and oil	130	166	194	271	761
Hiring of plant and equipment	60	110	119	134	423
Insurance costs	74	51	45	47	217
Pharmaceutical	2	4	2	4	12
Postal and courier services	4	9	9	12	34
Printing and stationery	20	23	17	23	83
Rebates for service charges	39	50	49	38	176
Rental of land, buildings and other structures	41	74	66	66	247
Rental of office equipment	10	22	33	45	110
Security services	108	143	153	159	563
Subscriptions and membership fees	12	12	12	11	47
Telecommunication services	37	52	57	61	207
Training and education	19	36	30	53	138
Transport costs	45	59	69	101	274
Other expenditure	1 317	1 492	1 623	1 979	6 411
Surplus	5 252	6 194	4 535	2 443	18 424
Total Expenditure	38 055	37 061	36 031	39 568	150 715

¹The total of Sept 2011, Dec 2011, Mar 2012 and June 2012 quarters (refer to Publication P9114)

Part 6 – Rebased tables for the financial year ended 30 June 2012: Statement of financial performance of municipalities for housing and trading services: Income

Income	September 2011	December 2011	March 2012	June 2012	Total 2012 ¹
	R million				
Interest earned from:					
External investments	88	92	99	125	404
Outstanding debtors	176	209	200	245	830
Dividends received	3	3	3	4	13
Fines	5	5	8	5	23
Licences and permits	35	50	55	72	212
Income for agency services	65	67	65	85	282
Rental of facilities and equipment	217	257	249	234	957
Bad debts recovered	0	0	0	0	0
Public contributions, donations (including property, plant and equipment)	28	33	29	288	378
Gains on the disposal of property, plant and equipment	21	4	25	33	83
Service charges:					
Sales of electricity and gas	19 823	17 607	16 355	17 789	71 574
Sales of water	4 431	4 867	5 022	4 977	19 297
Refuse removal	1 447	1 508	1 601	1 451	6 007
Sewerage and sanitation	1 841	1 935	2 348	1 933	8 057
Other services charges (e.g. fresh produce market)	185	238	264	238	925
Subsidies from:					
National government	572	135	277	234	1 218
Provincial government	49	86	65	62	262
Local government	2	2	2	2	8
Other	0	650	650	827	2 127
Grants (including the equitable share) from:					
National government	3 382	4 191	3 625	4 999	16 197
Provincial government	77	163	128	165	533
Local government	6	3	0	7	16
Other	600	1 399	520	520	3 039
Spent conditional grant	98	253	881	801	2 033
Other income	498	560	334	574	1 966
Deficit	4 406	2 744	3 226	3 898	14 274
Total income	38 055	37 061	36 031	39 568	150 715

¹The total of Sept 2011, Dec 2011, Mar 2012 and June 2012 quarters (refer to Publication P9114)

Notes

Forthcoming issue	Issue	Expected release date
	June 2013	September 2013
Purpose of survey	The quarterly financial statistics of municipalities is a quarterly survey that covers local, district and metropolitan municipalities in South Africa. The results are used to estimate gross domestic product (GDP) and its components as well as to assist the public sector with policy formulation and the financial analysis of municipalities.	
Response rates	September quarter 2012:	84%
	December quarter 2012:	85%
	March quarter 2013:	83%
Reasons for fluctuation:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Change in accounting practices and standards adopted by the respondents.• Revisions due to late response and corrections reported by respondents.	
Rebasing	Data for quarterly financial statistics of municipalities for the year ended 30 June 2012 are aligned to the annual financial census of municipalities for the respective year (which is verified in using the annual financial statements from municipalities). <i>Refer to Financial census of municipalities P9114.</i>	

Explanatory notes

Introduction	<p>1 The purpose of the quarterly financial statistics survey of municipalities is to provide both stakeholders and users with information for allowing analysis and assessment of the state of local government finances.</p> <p>This publication contains estimates for the quarters ended September 2012, December 2012 and March 2013 and the rebased figures for September 2011, December 2011, March 2012 and June 2012. The survey is designed to obtain financial information of local government institutions relating to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the consolidated statement of financial position of municipalities; • the consolidated statement of financial performance of municipalities – rates and general services; and • the consolidated statement of financial performance of municipalities – housing and trading services. 										
Scope of the survey	<p>2 This survey covers quarterly financial information of all 278 municipalities.</p>										
Classification and accounting standards	<p>3 For the purposes of classification of local government institutions according to activities, Statistics South Africa (Stats SA) used the <i>Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities, Fifth Edition, and Report No.09-90-02 of January 1993 (SIC)</i>. Activities of the local government institutions also adhere to the accounting standards and requirements in terms of the General Accepted Municipal Accounting Practice (GAMAP) and also General Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP).</p>										
Survey methodology and design	<p>4 The statistical unit for the collection of information is the municipality.</p>										
Imputation	<p>5 The historical method is used to impute for non-response. According to this method previous information is used to arrive at current figures, after being appraised for its suitability.</p>										
Revised figures	<p>6 Estimates for the current quarter are preliminary. Figures will be revised if respondents report revisions or corrections to their figures and also if the data were received late by Stats SA (after cut-off date).</p>										
Rounding off figures	<p>7 The figures in the tables have been rounded to the nearest digit shown, and as a result there may be slight discrepancies between the sums of the constituent items and the totals shown.</p>										
Related publications	<p>8 Users may wish to refer to the following Stats SA publications:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • P9114 Financial census of municipalities; • P9119.4 Financial statistics of consolidated general government; • P0441 Gross domestic product; • P0277 Quarterly employment statistics; and 										
Symbols and abbreviations used	<p>9</p> <table border="0" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td>GAMAP</td> <td>Generally Accepted Municipal Accounting Practice</td> </tr> <tr> <td>GRAP</td> <td>General Recognised Accounting Practice</td> </tr> <tr> <td>SIC</td> <td>Standard Industrial Classification</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Stats SA</td> <td>Statistics South Africa</td> </tr> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>nil or not applicable</td> </tr> </table>	GAMAP	Generally Accepted Municipal Accounting Practice	GRAP	General Recognised Accounting Practice	SIC	Standard Industrial Classification	Stats SA	Statistics South Africa	0	nil or not applicable
GAMAP	Generally Accepted Municipal Accounting Practice										
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SIC	Standard Industrial Classification										
Stats SA	Statistics South Africa										
0	nil or not applicable										

Glossary

Capital Replacement Reserve (CRR)	In order to finance the provision of infrastructure and other items of property, plant and equipment from internal sources, amounts are transferred from the accumulated surplus/deficit to the CRR in terms of a council resolution. The cash in the designated CRR bank account can be utilised to finance items of property, plant and equipment. The CRR is reduced and the accumulated surplus/deficit is credited by a corresponding amount when the amounts in the CRR are utilised. The amount transferred to the CRR is based on the municipality's need to finance future capital projects included in the Integrated Development Plan.
Capitalisation Reserve	<p>On the implementation of GAMAP/GRAP, the balances on certain funds, created in terms of the various Provincial Ordinances applicable at the time, that had historically been utilised for the acquisition of items of property, plant and equipment, have been transferred to a capitalisation reserve instead of the accumulated surplus/deficit in terms of a directive (budget circular) issued by National Treasury. The purpose of this reserve is to promote consumer equity by ensuring that the future depreciation expenses that will be incurred over the useful lives of these items of property, plant and equipment are offset by transfers from this reserve to the accumulated surplus/deficit.</p> <p>The balance on the capitalisation reserve equals the carrying value of the items of property, plant and equipment financed from the former legislated funds. When items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated, a transfer is made from the capitalisation reserve to the accumulated surplus/deficit. When an item of property, plant and equipment is disposed, the balance in the capitalisation reserve relating to such item is transferred to the accumulated surplus/deficit.</p>
COID Reserve	This is money set aside for injuries, disablements, diseases and deaths caused by work-related activities. It is usually transferred from accumulated surplus account.
Consolidated statement of financial performance	The aggregate or consolidated statement of financial performance reports the institution's financial performance during a specific period in time. This statement covers all the revenue and expenditure of an entity over a specific period in time.
Consolidated statement of financial position	The aggregate or consolidated statement of financial position reports the institution's financial position at a specific point in time (the end of the reporting period). This statement covers all assets, net assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period.
Current assets	Current assets consist of inventories; external short-term loans, deposits and investments; debtors; prepaid expenses; and petty cash and bank.
Current expenditure	Current expenditure refers to transactions that decrease the net worth of the institution, including interest paid, compensation of employees, grants and subsidies paid, and depreciation, but excluding the acquisition of fixed capital. It consists of the total expenditure of rates and general services (excluding the surplus), and the total expenditure of housing and trading services (excluding the surplus).
Current liabilities	Current liabilities consist of external short-term loans and deposits, unspent conditional grants, current provisions, short-term leases, value added tax, bank overdraft and creditors.
Current provision	Current provision is a liability or an obligation of uncertain timing or amount for an entity, payable within twelve months.

District municipality	District municipality refers to a municipality that has a municipal executive and legislative authority in an area that includes more than one municipality, and which is described in section 155(1) of the Constitution as a category C municipality. Refer to the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act (Act No.117 of 1998).
Donation and Public Contribution Reserve	When items of property, plant and equipment are financed from public contributions and donations, a transfer is made from the accumulated surplus/deficit to the Donations and Public Contributions Reserve equal to the donations and public contributions recorded as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance in accordance with a directive (budget circular) issued by National Treasury. When such items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated, a transfer is made from the Donations and Public Contributions Reserve to the accumulated surplus/deficit.
Employee-related costs	<p>Employee-related costs includes payment to full-time and part-time employees irrespective of whether the remuneration is paid out of revenue, capital or any other account.</p> <p>Employee-related costs also include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• basic compensation;• allowances;• contributions to other benefit funds of employees such as medical aid, pension fund contributions, group life, etc. (excluding unemployment insurance and workmen's compensation, etc., which may be regarded as a form of insurance and would appear under general expenditure) and other benefits such as housing subsidy, etc.; and• uniform clothing and allowances (clothing, boots, overalls, etc. supplied to uniformed employees).
General expenditure	The following are included in general expenditure: accommodation, travelling and subsistence; advertising; audit fees; bank charges; cleaning services; consultancy fees; fuel and oil; hiring of plant and equipment; insurance costs; membership fees; pharmaceutical expenses; postage and stamps; printing and stationery; security fees; rental of land, buildings and other structures; rental of office equipment; telecommunication services; training and education; and transport costs.
Government Grant Reserve	When items of property, plant and equipment are financed from government grants, a transfer is made from the accumulated surplus/ deficit to the Government Grants Reserve equal to the Government Grant recorded as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance in accordance with a directive (budget circular) issued by National Treasury. When such items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated, a transfer is made from the Government Grant Reserve to the accumulated surplus/deficit.
Housing and trading services	Housing includes all activities associated with the provision of housing. Trading services are services for which the tariffs are determined in such a way that the provision of the service should yield a trading profit (market-related goods and services). Trading services include waste management (refuse removal, solid waste disposal (landfill sites), street cleaning, recycling etc.), waste water management (sewerage, storm water management and public toilets), road transport (roads, public buses, parking garages, vehicle licensing and testing), water (water distribution, water storage), electricity (electricity distribution, electricity generation, street lighting) and other trading services which include environmental protection like pollution control, biodiversity & landscape and others like coastal protection etc., air transport, abattoirs, tourism, forestry, markets and licensing and regulation like licensing of food and liquor sales to the public and licensing of street traders (hawkers control) and business.

Housing Development Fund	The Housing Development Fund was established in terms of the Housing Act, (Act No. 107 of 1997). Loans from national and provincial government used to finance housing selling schemes undertaken by the municipality were extinguished on 1 April 1998 and transferred to a housing development fund. Housing selling schemes both complete and in progress as at 1 April 1998 were also transferred to the housing development fund. In terms of the Housing Act, all proceeds from housing developments, which include rental income and sales of houses, must be paid into the housing development fund. Monies outstanding to the credit of the housing development fund can be used only to finance housing developments within the municipal area subject to the approval of the Provincial MEC responsible for housing.
Local municipality	Local municipality refers to municipalities that share municipal executive and legislative authority in its area with a district municipality within whose area it falls, that is described in section 155(1) of the Constitution as a category B municipality. Refer to the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act (Act No.117 of 1998).
Long-term loans	Long-term loans are loans with an outstanding maturity of more than one year.
Marketable loan stock	Marketable loan stock refers to stocks, debentures and similar debt instruments that are freely negotiable, i.e. securities for which transfer registers are kept and which are usually listed on the stock exchange. Discounts originating with the issue of stocks below par are included in the stock liability.
Metropolitan municipality	Metropolitan municipality means an institution that has municipal executive and legislative authority in an area that includes more than one municipality, and which is described in section 155(1) of the Constitution as a category A municipality. Refer to the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act (Act No.117 of 1998).
Money market instruments	Money market instruments include bankers' acceptance, trade bills, and promissory notes, capital project bills, bridging debentures, negotiable certificates of deposit, Land Bank bills, Land Bank and the South African Reserve Bank's debentures.
Municipality	Municipality is a generic term describing the 'unit' of government in the local spheres responsible for local government in a geographically demarcated area and includes district, local and metropolitan municipalities. A municipality is an institution consisting of a municipal council (elected political representatives) and the municipal administration (appointed officials).
Net carrying value	Net carrying value (also known as the book value or carrying value) is the value of an asset according to its balance sheet, which is the original acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation, amortisation or impairment costs made against the asset and disposals if any.
Other expenditure	The following are included in other expenditure: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • departmental charges/fees; • books and magazines; • consumables; • licences and trade licences; • workshops; • refreshments; and • sundries.
Property, plant and equipment	Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets which are not easily convertible into cash, and held by entities for their own use and as income generators or for rental to others that the entities anticipate using during more than one period.

Provision	<p>Provision is any amount set aside for the purpose of meeting the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • specific requirements where the amounts thereof can be closely estimated; and • specific commitments and contingencies as at the date of the balance sheet, where the amounts involved cannot be determined with significant accuracy. <p>Provision includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • bad debts; and • leave payouts.
Rates and general services	<p>Rates and general services include executive and council (all costs for mayoral, council and committee expenses, municipal manager, town secretary and chief executive), finance and administration (finance, human resources, information technology, property services, other administration like security services, legal services, fleet management, asset management, procurement etc.), planning and development (economic planning and development, town planning, corporate-wide strategic planning [IDPs, LEDs etc.], building regulations and enforcement, city engineer), health (clinics, ambulance, other including health inspection), community and social services (libraries and archive, museums and art galleries etc., community halls and facilities, cemeteries and crematoriums, child care, aged care and other community), public safety (police forces and traffic, fire, civil defence and other like disaster management), sport and recreation (community parks [including nurseries], sports grounds and stadiums, swimming pools, beaches, lakes, dams and jetties for recreation, camping sites etc.). These services are not economically self-supporting and are financed by imposing property rates, the receipt of grants and subsidies and other contributions.</p>
Repairs and maintenance	<p>Repairs and maintenance include all expenditure on repairs and maintenance of the various assets of the municipality. Where considered necessary, the cost of repairs in respect of the various types of assets, e.g. buildings, plant, may be subdivided. Where repairs and maintenance have been charged to a 'provision for repairs account', the actual expenditure incurred during the current year has been reflected under this sub-division and the amount chargeable to the 'provision for repairs' is reflected as a deduction from the actual cost. Any balance of expenditure still remaining is treated as a charge against the current year.</p>
Reserve	<p>Reserve denotes amounts set aside out of surpluses that are not designed to meet any liability, contingency, commitment or diminution in the value of assets known to exist as at the date of the balance sheet.</p>
Revaluation Reserve	<p>The surplus arising from the revaluation of land and buildings is credited to a non-distributable reserve. The revaluation surplus is realised as revalued buildings are depreciated, through a transfer from the revaluation reserve to the accumulated surplus/deficit. On disposal, the net revaluation surplus is transferred to the accumulated surplus/deficit while gains or losses on disposal, based on devalued amounts, are credited or charged to the statement of financial performance.</p>
Self-insurance Reserve	<p>The municipality has a Self-insurance Reserve amount set aside to offset potential losses or claims that cannot be insured externally (adapted to specific circumstances). The balance of the self-insurance reserve is determined based on 5% of the insurance risk carried by the municipality.</p>
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Malibongwe Mhemhe	<p>Telephone number: (012) 310 6928 Email: Malibongwem@statssa.gov.za</p>

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Produced by Stats SA

Statistics South Africa (Stats SA)

Invitation to attend the

1st Isibalo User Groups Conference by Stats SA at the University of Stellenbosch, 15-17 July 2013

Background:

Local government as the cornerstone of change and delivery plays a major role in the National Development Plan with other development policy documents. In this regard, Stats SA established a Chair for the Centre for Regional and Urban Innovation and Statistical Exploration (CRUISE) at the University of Stellenbosch as its contribution to this policy position.

Host:

The Statistician-General, South Africa – Mr Pali Lehohla

Conference:

The conference will showcase the work done at CRUISE and by Stats SA data users. As a data user you will be given an opportunity to present how you used Stats SA data in your area of work. The conference will incorporate workshops, break-away and plenary sessions. During the workshops, the use of various statistical dissemination and statistical analysis tools will be demonstrated.

Some key topics to be presented:

- Spatial variation in school performance
- Transforming national statistics into official statistics: SAPS case study
- Supply-side municipal service delivery trends
- National Development Plan imperatives 2030
- Spatial economic performance in South Africa

RSVP deadline:

26 June by email SGsOffice@statssa.gov.za – state your preferred attendance option below:

Option 1: Conference attendance only

Option 2: Conference attendance and presentation (submit topic and abstract of your presentation).

NB: No registration costs for the Workshop and the Conference. It is the delegate's responsibility to make own accommodation and transport arrangements.

Please direct all further enquiries to SGsOffice@statssa.gov.za



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