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Freight transportation: results for April 2023

Table A – Year-on-year percentage change in freight transportation (income at current prices)

	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23
Freight payload	17,7	12,9	17,2	7,3	4,8	11,8
Freight income	20,2	15,1	19,9	11,6	7,3	11,7

The volume of goods transported (payload) increased by 11,8% in April 2023 compared with April 2022. The corresponding income increased by 11,7% over the same period.

Table B – Freight transportation income at current prices for the latest three months by type of commodity

					-
Type of commodity	Feb – Apr 2022 (R million)	Weight (%)	Feb – Apr 2023 (R million)	% change between Feb – Apr 2022 and Feb – Apr 2023	Contribution (% points) to the total % change
Agriculture and forestry primary products	3 712	8,2	3 660	-1,4	-0,1
Primary mining and quarrying products	14 695	32,3	16 769	14,1	4,6
Manufactured food, beverages and tobacco products	5 543	12,2	6 031	8,8	1,1
Textiles, clothing and leather goods	1 099	2,4	1 126	2,5	0,1
Chemicals, coke, petroleum, rubber, plastic and other mineral products	3 512	7,7	3 628	3,3	0,3
Basic metals and fabricated metal products	662	1,5	670	1,2	0,0
Non-metallic products	436	1,0	441	1,1	0,0
Electrical machinery, transport machinery and equipment	527	1,2	625	18,6	0,2
Motor vehicles, parts and accessories	1 194	2,6	1 279	7,1	0,2
Paper and paper products	246	0,5	238	-3,3	0,0
Commercial products	521	1,1	600	15,2	0,2
Used household and office products	1 337	2,9	1 232	-7,9	-0,2
Containers	1 799	4,0	1 935	7,6	0,3
Parcels	1 171	2,6	1 160	-0,9	0,0
Other freight	8 984	19,8	10 655	18,6	3,7
Total income	45 437	100,0	50 049	10,2	10,2

Income from freight transportation increased by 10,2% in the three months ended April 2023 compared with the three months ended April 2022. The main contributors to this increase were:

- primary mining and quarrying products (14,1% and contributing 4,6 percentage points);
- 'other' freight (18,6% and contributing 3,7 percentage points); and
- manufactured food, beverages and tobacco products (8,8% and contributing 1,1 percentage points) see Table B.

Figure 1 - Freight transportation: year-on-year percentage change in payload

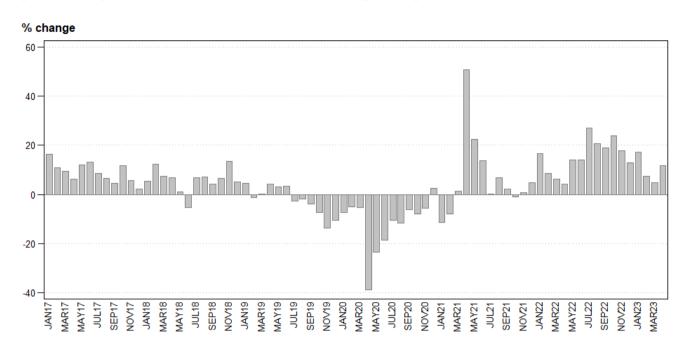


Table C - Seasonally adjusted payload for the latest three months by type of transport

Payload	Nov 2022 – Jan 2023 (000 tons)	Weight (%)	Feb – Apr 2023 (000 tons)	% change between Nov 2022 – Jan 2023 and Feb – Apr 2023	Contribution (% points) to the total % change
Rail	34 529	13,2	37 669	9,1	1,2
Road	226 569	86,8	214 362	-5,4	-4,7
Total	261 098	100,0	252 031	-3,5	-3,5

Seasonally adjusted payload decreased by 3,5% in the three months ended April 2023 compared with the previous three months. Road freight decreased by 5,4% (contributing -4,7 percentage points) while rail freight increased by 9,1% (contributing 1,2 percentage points) – see Table C.

Passenger transportation: results for April 2023

Table D – Year-on-year percentage change in passenger transportation (income at current prices)

	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23
Passenger journeys	14,5	13,5	18,8	12,9	13,5	2,5
Passenger income	20,3	45,3	30,5	19,1	15,5	5,4

The number of passenger journeys increased by 2,5% in April 2023 compared with April 2022. The corresponding income increased by 5,4% over the same period.

Figure 2 - Passenger transportation: year-on-year percentage change in passenger journeys

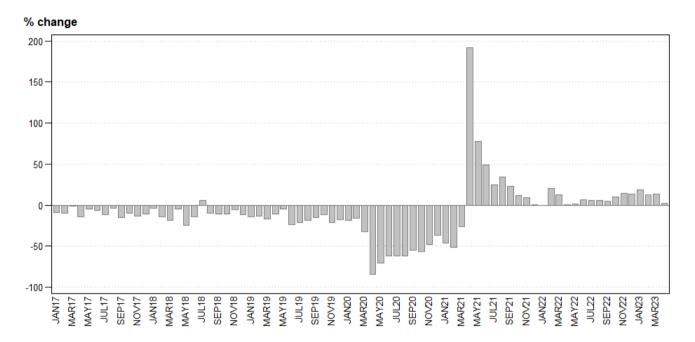


Table E - Seasonally adjusted passenger journeys for the latest three months by type of transport

Passenger journeys	Nov 2022 – Jan 2023 (000)	Weight (%)	Feb – Apr 2023 (000)	% change between Nov 2022 – Jan 2023 and Feb – Apr 2023	Contribution (% points) to the total % change
Rail	7 787	10,6	8 986	15,4	1,6
Road	65 420	89,4	61 920	-5,4	-4,8
Total	73 207	100,0	70 905	-3,1	-3,1

Seasonally adjusted passenger journeys decreased by 3,1% in the three months ended April 2023 compared with the previous three months. Road passenger journeys decreased by 5,4% (contributing -4,8 percentage points) while rail passenger journeys increased by 15,4% (contributing 1,6 percentage points) – see Table E.

Tables

Table 1 – Freight transportation (income at current prices)

		R	ail	Ro	oad	Total		
Year and month 1/		Payload (000 tons)	Income (R million)	Payload (000 tons)	Income (R million)	Payload (000 tons)	Income (R million)	
2022	Jan	13 861	2 868	57 819	11 329	71 680	14 197	
	Feb	14 638	3 028	57 303	11 419	71 941	14 447	
	Mar	13 101	2 741	64 602	12 920	77 703	15 661	
	Apr	14 292	3 100	60 374	12 229	74 665	15 329	
	May	13 619	2 950	71 273	14 196	84 892	17 146	
	Jun	13 134	3 034	70 961	14 247	84 094	17 282	
	Jul	12 154	2 825	76 165	15 326	88 319	18 150	
	Aug	14 370	3 274	79 548	15 894	93 918	19 168	
	Sep	14 659	3 467	74 754	14 934	89 413	18 401	
	Oct	9 901	2 058	79 188	15 316	89 088	17 374	
	Nov	9 047	2 276	78 998	15 849	88 045	18 125	
	Dec	11 903	2 761	68 233	13 661	80 136	16 422	
	Total	154 679	34 382	839 218	167 320	993 894	201 702	
2023	Jan	13 113	2 960	70 880	14 063	83 993	17 023	
	Feb	12 831	2 950	64 382	13 167	77 213	16 117	
	Mar	11 849	2 828	69 558	13 984	81 407	16 812	
	Apr	13 426	3 255	70 036	13 865	83 462	17 120	

^{1/} Figures for the latest month are preliminary.

Table 2 – Year-on-year percentage change in freight transportation (income at current prices)

V		R	ail	Ro	ad	Total		
rear a	and month	Payload	Income	Payload	Income	Payload	Income	
2022	Jan	7,1	4,0	19,1	21,0	16,6	17,1	
	Feb	-1,5	-3,1	11,3	12,6	8,5	8,9	
	Mar	-13,4	-16,5	11,2	14,8	6,1	7,7	
	Apr	-7,6	-6,9	7,4	12,4	4,1	7,9	
	May	-6,9	-5,1	19,3	22,8	14,1	16,9	
	Jun	-18,4	-10,6	23,2	28,6	14,1	19,4	
	Jul	-0,2	9,4	32,9	39,5	27,1	33,7	
	Aug	-11,5	-4,6	29,0	32,5	20,6	24,2	
	Sep	-8,4	1,8	26,4	28,1	19,0	22,1	
	Oct	-23,0	-27,4	34,2	31,1	23,9	19,7	
	Nov	-37,0	-24,2	30,7	31,2	17,7	20,2	
	Dec	-20,6	-10,5	21,8	22,2	12,9	15,1	
	Total	-12,0	-7,9	22,5	25,0	15,4	17,8	
2023	Jan	-5,4	3,2	22,6	24,1	17,2	19,9	
	Feb	-12,3	-2,6	12,4	15,3	7,3	11,6	
	Mar	-9,6	3,2	7,7	8,2	4,8	7,3	
	Apr	-6,1	5,0	16,0	13,4	11,8	11,7	

Table 3 – Seasonally adjusted freight transportation (income at current prices)

		R	ail	Ro	oad	Total		
Year a	and month	Payload (000 tons)	Income (R million)	Payload (000 tons)	Income (R million)	Payload (000 tons)	Income (R million)	
2022	Jan	14 102	2 989	65 217	12 734	79 319	15 723	
	Feb	14 447	3 062	63 015	12 412	77 462	15 473	
	Mar	13 520	2 957	64 366	12 963	77 887	15 920	
	Apr	13 693	2 992	62 797	12 695	76 489	15 687	
	May	13 553	2 998	68 386	13 682	81 938	16 681	
	Jun	12 935	2 907	70 221	14 154	83 157	17 061	
	Jul	13 629	3 090	74 383	14 926	88 012	18 016	
	Aug	13 111	3 031	73 239	14 728	86 349	17 759	
	Sep	13 240	3 151	72 116	14 415	85 356	17 566	
	Oct	11 206	2 165	75 827	14 807	87 033	16 972	
	Nov	8 809	2 221	74 564	14 838	83 373	17 059	
	Dec	12 406	2 783	73 772	14 643	86 178	17 426	
2023	Jan	13 314	3 088	78 233	15 499	91 547	18 587	
	Feb	12 607	2 980	70 888	14 336	83 495	17 315	
	Mar	12 267	3 052	69 536	14 040	81 802	17 092	
	Apr	12 795	3 143	73 938	14 691	86 734	17 834	

Table 4 – Month-on-month percentage change in seasonally adjusted freight transportation (income at current prices)

V		R	ail	Ro	ad	То	tal	
rear a	and month	Payload	Income	Payload	Income	Payload	Income	
2022	Jan	-9,7	-4,6	9,2	7,0	5,3	4,6	
	Feb	2,4	2,4	-3,4	-2,5	-2,3	-1,6	
	Mar	-6,4	-3,4	2,1	4,4	0,5	2,9	
	Apr	1,3	1,2	-2,4	-2,1	-1,8	-1,5	
	May	-1,0	0,2	8,9	7,8	7,1	6,3	
	Jun	-4,6	-3,0	2,7	3,4	1,5	2,3	
	Jul	5,4	6,3	5,9	5,5	5,8	5,6	
	Aug	-3,8	-1,9	-1,5	-1,3	-1,9	-1,4	
	Sep	1,0	4,0	-1,5	-2,1	-1,1	-1,1	
	Oct	-15,4	-31,3	5,1	2,7	2,0	-3,4	
	Nov	-21,4	2,6	-1,7	0,2	-4,2	0,5	
	Dec	40,8	25,3	-1,1	-1,3	3,4	2,2	
2023	Jan	7,3	11,0	6,0	5,8	6,2	6,7	
	Feb	-5,3	-3,5	-9,4	-7,5	-8,8	-6,8	
	Mar	-2,7	2,4	-1,9	-2,1	-2,0	-1,3	
	Apr	4,3	3,0	6,3	4,6	6,0	4,3	

Table 5 – Freight transportation income at current prices by type of commodity (R million)

Type of commodity	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23 1/
Agriculture and forestry primary products	1 521	1 435	1 322	1 255	1 168	1 237
Primary mining and quarrying products	5 300	5 227	5 609	5 159	5 528	6 082
Manufactured food, beverages and tobacco products	2 248	2 190	2 121	1 959	2 070	2 002
Textiles, clothing and leather products	513	360	323	343	392	391
Chemicals, coke, petroleum, rubber, plastic and other mineral products	1 406	1 226	1 349	1 288	1 220	1 120
Basic metals and fabricated metal products	263	226	190	220	208	242
Non-metallic products	189	134	127	145	147	149
Electrical machinery, transport machinery and equipment	258	176	208	204	219	202
Motor vehicles, parts and accessories	497	482	439	419	435	425
Paper and paper products	105	78	71	81	75	82
Commercial products	288	213	203	200	204	196
Used household and office products	618	566	498	502	401	329
Containers	718	600	604	598	664	673
Parcels	574	359	364	377	422	361
Other freight	3 629	3 148	3 596	3 367	3 658	3 630
Total	18 125	16 422	17 023	16 117	16 812	17 120

^{1/} Figures are preliminary.

Table 6 – Year-on-year percentage change in freight transportation income at current prices by type of commodity

Type of commodity	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23
Agriculture and forestry primary products	38,7	35,5	26,5	11,0	-5,0	-8,5
Primary mining and quarrying products	11,0	9,7	20,5	9,0	9,9	23,3
Manufactured food, beverages and tobacco products	25,8	21,9	22,8	13,2	7,1	6,5
Textiles, clothing and leather products	14,0	0,0	1,3	0,0	-4,6	13,3
Chemicals, coke, petroleum, rubber, plastic and other mineral products	14,2	6,6	18,3	15,0	-0,7	-3,8
Basic metals and fabricated metal products	11,4	29,1	-13,2	14,6	-1,9	-6,2
Non-metallic products	28,6	19,6	1,6	-0,7	2,1	2,1
Electrical machinery, transport machinery and equipment	14,7	5,4	38,7	12,7	17,1	27,0
Motor vehicles, parts and accessories	34,7	43,9	26,9	5,8	3,3	12,7
Paper and paper products	43,8	18,2	2,9	8,0	-6,3	-9,9
Commercial products	47,7	35,7	28,5	20,5	15,9	9,5
Used household and office products	54,5	38,4	19,7	9,8	-12,1	-22,4
Containers	17,3	8,1	-3,5	-3,4	10,3	16,4
Parcels	13,9	-3,5	-3,7	-0,3	0,0	-2,7
Other freight	21,8	12,9	27,4	21,2	16,8	18,1
Total	20,2	15,1	19,9	11,6	7,3	11,7

Table 7 – Contribution of each type of commodity to the year-on-year percentage change in freight transportation income at current prices (percentage points)

Type of commodity	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23
Agriculture and forestry primary products	2,8	2,6	2,0	0,9	-0,4	-0,8
Primary mining and quarrying products	3,5	3,2	6,7	2,9	3,2	7,5
Manufactured food, beverages and tobacco products	3,1	2,8	2,8	1,6	0,9	0,8
Textiles, clothing and leather products	0,4	0,0	0,0	0,0	-0,1	0,3
Chemicals, coke, petroleum, rubber, plastic and other mineral products	1,2	0,5	1,5	1,2	-0,1	-0,3
Basic metals and fabricated metal products	0,2	0,4	-0,2	0,2	0,0	-0,1
Non-metallic products	0,3	0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Electrical machinery, transport machinery and equipment	0,2	0,1	0,4	0,2	0,2	0,3
Motor vehicles, parts and accessories	0,8	1,0	0,7	0,2	0,1	0,3
Paper and paper products	0,2	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	-0,1
Commercial products	0,6	0,4	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,1
Used household and office products	1,4	1,1	0,6	0,3	-0,4	-0,6
Containers	0,7	0,3	-0,2	-0,1	0,4	0,6
Parcels	0,5	-0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,0	-0,1
Other freight	4,3	2,5	5,5	4,1	3,4	3,6
Total	20,2	15,1	19,9	11,6	7,3	11,7

Table 8 – Passenger transportation (income at current prices)

Year and month 1/		R	ail	Ro	ad	Total		
		Passenger journeys (000)	Income (R million)	Passenger journeys (000)	Income (R million)	Passenger journeys (000)	Income (R million)	
2022	Jan	1 367	35	16 634	663	18 001	698	
	Feb	1 974	59	19 389	690	21 363	749	
	Mar	2 218	68	22 372	831	24 590	899	
	Apr	1 441	76	18 401	721	19 842	797	
	May	1 285	77	19 814	716	21 099	793	
	Jun	1 021	64	20 538	790	21 559	854	
	Jul	1 056	91	19 528	780	20 584	871	
	Aug	1 335	96	21 145	757	22 480	853	
	Sep	1 400	104	23 049	859	24 449	963	
	Oct	1 824	110	21 080	738	22 904	848	
	Nov	2 311	104	22 689	786	25 000	890	
	Dec	1 886	61	19 848	907	21 734	968	
	Total	19 118	945	244 487	9 238	263 605	10 183	
2023	Jan	2 483	125	18 905	786	21 388	911	
	Feb	3 124	122	20 994	770	24 118	892	
	Mar	3 567	136	24 332	902	27 899	1 038	
	Apr	2 635	110	17 697	730	20 332	840	

^{1/} Figures for the latest month are preliminary.

Table 9 – Year-on-year percentage change in passenger transportation (income at current prices)

Year and month		Ra	iil	Roa	ad	Tot	tal
		Passenger journeys	Income	Passenger journeys	Income	Passenger journeys	Income
2022	Jan	21,2	45,8	-1,5	4,9	0,0	6,4
	Feb	36,1	103,4	18,6	11,8	20,1	15,9
	Mar	25,2	65,9	12,0	7,1	13,1	10,0
	Apr	-11,7	85,4	2,2	15,7	1,0	20,0
	May	-26,7	79,1	4,2	4,1	1,6	8,5
	Jun	-30,1	113,3	9,9	17,9	7,0	22,0
	Jul	-26,2	378,9	8,5	18,9	6,0	29,0
	Aug	-42,4	182,4	11,9	9,7	6,0	17,8
	Sep	-45,1	121,3	11,2	16,1	5,0	22,4
	Oct	-30,5	107,5	16,5	13,0	10,5	20,1
	Nov	1,0	108,0	16,0	13,9	14,5	20,3
	Dec	38,9	84,8	11,6	43,3	13,5	45,3
	Total	-12,1	112,8	10,1	14,5	8,2	19,6
2023	Jan	81,6	257,1	13,7	18,6	18,8	30,5
	Feb	58,3	106,8	8,3	11,6	12,9	19,1
	Mar	60,8	100,0	8,8	8,5	13,5	15,5
	Apr	82,9	44,7	-3,8	1,2	2,5	5,4

Table 10 - Seasonally adjusted passenger transportation (income at current prices)

		R	ail	Ro	Road		Total	
Year and month		Passenger journeys (000) Income (R million)		Passenger journeys (000) Income (R million)		Passenger journeys (000)	Income (R million)	
2022	Jan	1 590	34	17 633	673	19 222	706	
	Feb	1 877	57	19 591	731	21 468	789	
	Mar	1 970	62	19 712	782	21 682	844	
	Apr	1 553	82	20 041	830	21 594	912	
	May	1 316	78	19 741	734	21 056	812	
	Jun	1 018	70	20 306	812	21 324	882	
	Jul	1 056	91	19 482	780	20 538	872	
	Aug	1 229	90	20 607	775	21 837	866	
	Sep	1 308	98	21 721	770	23 029	868	
	Oct	1 599	98	20 422	692	22 021	790	
	Nov	2 151	103	22 445	787	24 596	890	
	Dec	2 741	81	22 923	873	25 664	953	
2023	Jan	2 895	120	20 052	799	22 947	918	
	Feb	2 972	119	21 208	816	24 180	935	
	Mar	3 201	124	21 418	848	24 619	972	
	Apr	2 813	119	19 294	843	22 106	963	

Table 11 – Month-on-month percentage change in seasonally adjusted passenger transportation (income at current prices)

Year and month		Ra	il	Roa	Road		al
		Passenger journeys	Income	Passenger journeys	Income	Passenger journeys	Income
2022	Jan	-19,5	-20,9	-14,1	10,1	-14,6	8,0
	Feb	18,1	67,6	11,1	8,6	11,7	11,8
	Mar	5,0	8,8	0,6	7,0	1,0	7,0
	Apr	-21,2	32,3	1,7	6,1	-0,4	8,1
	May	-15,3	-4,9	-1,5	-11,6	-2,5	-11,0
	Jun	-22,6	-10,3	2,9	10,6	1,3	8,6
	Jul	3,7	30,0	-4,1	-3,9	-3,7	-1,1
	Aug	16,4	-1,1	5,8	-0,6	6,3	-0,7
	Sep	6,4	8,9	5,4	-0,6	5,5	0,2
	Oct	22,2	0,0	-6,0	-10,1	-4,4	-9,0
	Nov	34,5	5,1	9,9	13,7	11,7	12,7
	Dec	27,4	-21,4	2,1	10,9	4,3	7,1
2023	Jan	5,6	48,1	-12,5	-8,5	-10,6	-3,7
	Feb	2,7	-0,8	5,8	2,1	5,4	1,9
	Mar	7,7	4,2	1,0	3,9	1,8	4,0
	Apr	-12,1	-4,0	-9,9	-0,6	-10,2	-0,9

Survey information

Introduction

- Statistics South Africa (Stats SA) conducts a monthly survey of the land transportation industry, covering passenger and freight transportation by rail and road (see point 4 below). This survey is based on a sample drawn from the 2022 business sampling frame (BSF) that contains businesses registered for value-added tax (VAT) and income tax.
- 2 In order to improve timeliness, some information for the latest month had to be estimated due to late response. These estimates will be revised in future statistical releases as soon as information becomes available. Published land transportation income estimates exclude VAT.

Purpose of the survey

3 The results of the monthly land transport survey are used to compile estimates of the gross domestic product (GDP) and its components, which are used in monitoring the state of the economy and formulation of economic policy. These statistics are also used in the analysis of comparative business and industry performance.

Scope of the survey

- 4 This survey covers enterprises involved in land transportation according to the following type of transportation:
 - railway transport (including passenger and freight transportation);
 - 'other' scheduled passenger land transport urban, suburban and inter-urban bus and coach passenger lines and school buses;
 - 'other' non-scheduled passenger land transport safaris and sightseeing bus tours, metered taxis and 'other' passenger transport including renting of motor cars with drivers; and
 - freight transport by road.

Exclusions

- 5 Passenger transportation excludes:
 - minibus taxis:
 - metropolitan buses (including the Bus Rapid Transport system BRT); and
 - rental of private cars/buses without drivers.

Freight transportation excludes:

- · renting of trucks without drivers; and
- in-house transportation.

Classification

The 1993 edition of the Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (SIC), Fifth Edition, Report No. 09-90-02, was used to classify the statistical units in the survey. The SIC is based on the 1990 International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC) with suitable adaptations for local conditions. Statistics in this publication are presented at SIC division (two-digit) level. Each enterprise is classified to the industry which reflects its predominant activity.

Collection rate

7 The preliminary collection rate for the survey on land transportation for April 2023 was 76,2%. The improved collection rate for March 2023 was 79,5%.

Statistical unit

The statistical unit for which information is compiled and published is an enterprise, defined as a legal unit or a combination of legal units that includes and directly controls all functions necessary to carry out its income activities. The statistical units are derived from and linked to the South African Revenue Service (SARS) administrative data.

Revised figures

9 Revised figures are mainly due to late submission of data to Stats SA, or respondents reporting revisions or corrections to their figures. Preliminary figures, as indicated in the relevant tables, are subject to change and when revised will not be indicated as such.

Related publications

- 10 Users may also wish to refer to the following publication available from Stats SA
 - Stats in Brief issued annually.

Rounding-off of figures

11 Where figures have been rounded off, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and the totals.

Historical data

Historical land transport data are available on the Stats SA website. To access the data electronically, use the following link:
Click to download historical data

Past publications 13

Past land transport releases are available on the Stats SA website. To access the releases electronically, use the following link:

Click to download past releases

Technical notes

Survey methodology and design

- The survey is conducted on a monthly basis. Questionnaires are sent to a sample of 769 enterprises from a population of 4 695 enterprises. Completed questionnaires are required to be returned to Stats SA within ten days after the end of the reference month. Email and telephone reminders are used to follow up on non-respondents.
- A stratified random sample was drawn at the SIC four-digit level in April 2022 from Stats SA's business sampling frame (BSF). Strata were formed using a combination of Standard Industrial Classification and the measure of size classes for enterprises (see paragraph 3 below).

The Neyman optimal allocation formula given below was used to allocate samples to each stratum:

$$nh = n * (Nh * Sh) / [\Sigma (Ni * Si)].$$

Neyman allocation formula not only allocates sample sizes to each stratum but also calculates the relative precision for each stratum as well as the relative precision for all strata. The relative precision for these strata was 0,8%.

Sample design and class limits

3 The land transportation industry is divided into four size groups. All large enterprises (size group one) are completely enumerated. Simple random sampling is applied to medium sized (size group two) and to small (size group three and four) enterprises. The total value of income of the large enterprises (size group one) is added to the weighted totals of size groups two, three and four to reflect the total value of income.

Measure of size classes (Rand)

Enterprise size	Size group	Lower limit	Upper limit	
Very small	4	1 192 270	9 000 000	
Small	3	9 000 001	39 000 000	
Medium	2	39 000 001	78 000 000	
Large	1	78 000 001		

Sample weighting

For those strata not completely enumerated, the weights to produce estimates are the inverse ratio of the sampling fraction, modified to take account of non-response in the survey. Stratum estimates are calculated and then aggregated with the completely enumerated stratum to form division estimates. These procedures are in line with international best practice.

Reliability of estimates

- Data presented in this publication are based on information obtained from a sample and are, therefore, subject to sampling variability; that is, they may differ from the figures that would have been produced if the data had been obtained from all enterprises in the land transport industry in South Africa. Estimates are subject to sampling and non-sampling errors.
- 6 Inaccuracies may occur because of imperfections in reporting by enterprises and errors made in the collection and processing of the data. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as non-sampling errors. Every effort is made to minimise non-sampling errors by careful design of questionnaires, testing them in pilot studies, editing reported data and

implementing efficient operating procedures. Fluctuations may occur in consecutive months as a result of seasonal and economic factors.

Relative standard error

7

One measure is the standard error (SE), which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of enterprises was used. The relative standard error (RSE) provides an immediate indication of the percentage errors likely to have occurred due to sampling, and thus avoids the need to refer to the size of the estimate.

Estimates of land transport within 95% confidence limits - April 2023

	Lower limit (R million)	Estimate (R million)	Upper limit (R million)	Relative standard error (RSE) %
Freight income	16 210	17 120	18 029	2,7
Passenger income	756	840	922	5,0

Year-on-year percentage change

8 The year-on-year percentage change in a variable for any given period is the change between that period and the corresponding period of the previous year, expressed as a percentage of the latter.

Contribution (percentage points)

The contribution (percentage points) to the annual percentage change for any given period is calculated by multiplying the percentage change of each type of commodity/service by its corresponding weight, divided by 100. The weight is the percentage contribution of each type of commodity/service to total income in the corresponding period of the previous year.

Seasonal adjustment

Seasonally adjusted estimates are generated each month using the X-12-ARIMA Seasonal Adjustment Program developed by the United States Census Bureau. Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series can be recognised more clearly. Seasonal adjustment does not aim to remove irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month. Influences that are volatile or unsystematic can still make it difficult to interpret the movement of the series even after adjustment for seasonal variations. Therefore, the month-to-month movements of seasonally adjusted estimates may not be reliable indicators of trend behaviour. The X-12-ARIMA procedure for land transportation is described in more detail on the Stats SA website at:

Click to download seasonal adjustment land transport February 2022

Trend cycle

11 The trend is the long-term pattern or movement of a time series. The X-12-ARIMA Seasonal Adjustment Program is used for smoothing seasonally adjusted estimates to estimates of the underlying trend cycle.

Glossary

Enterprise

An enterprise is a legal entity or a combination of legal units that includes and directly controls all functions necessary to carry out its activities.

Industry

An industry is made up of enterprises engaged in the same or similar kinds of economic activity. Industries are defined in the *System of National Accounts* (SNA) in the same way as in the *Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities* (SIC), Fifth Edition, Report No. 09-90-02 of January 1993.

Symbols and abbreviations

BSF Business sampling frame GDP Gross domestic product

ISIC International Standard Industrial Classification

SIC Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities

SARS South African Revenue Service

Stats SA Statistics South Africa VAT Value-added tax

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General information

Stats SA publishes approximately 300 different statistical releases each year. It is not economically viable to produce them in more than one of South Africa's 11 official languages. Since the releases are used extensively, not only locally but also by international economic and social-scientific communities, Stats SA releases are published in English only.

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Advance release calendar

A release calendar is disseminated on www.statssa.gov.za.

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Central Regional Library, Polokwane
Central Reference Library, Mbombela
Central Reference Collection, Kimberley
Central Reference Library, Mmabatho

Stats SA also provides a subscription service.

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A large range of data is available via online services. For more detail about our electronic services, contact Stats SA's user information service at (012) 310 8600.

You can visit us on the internet at: www.statssa.gov.za.

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