



Generation and consumption of electricity

June 2002

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This data in this statistical release adheres to the Special Data Dissemination Standard (SDDS) of the International Monetary Fund (IMF), which sets out standards on coverage, periodicity and timeliness of data; access by the public; integrity; and quality of the disseminated data.

Key figures as at the end of June 2002**Actual estimates**

	June 2002	% change between June 2001 and June 2002	% change between April 2001 to June 2001 and April 2002 to June 2002	% change between January 2001 to June 2001 and January 2002 to June 2002
Electricity consumed (Gigawatt-hours)	17 763	+5,8%	+4,8%	+2,5%
Electricity imported (Gigawatt-hours)	704	-11,7%	-4,8%	+6,9%
Electricity exported (Gigawatt-hours)	601	+21,2%	+16,2%	+7,1%
Index of the physical volume of electricity production (2000=100)	108,6	+7,4%	+5,6%	+2,7%

**Seasonally adjusted
estimates**

	June 2002	% change between May 2002 and June 2002	% change between January 2002 to March 2002 and April 2002 to June 2002
Electricity consumed (Gigawatt-hours)	17 071	+0,9%	+3,9%
Electricity imported (Gigawatt-hours)	733	-2,5%	-0,6%
Electricity exported (Gigawatt-hours)	666	-1,5%	+10,5%
Index of the physical volume of electricity production (2000=100)	104,4	+0,7%	+4,8%

Key findings as at the end of June 2002

Consumption of electricity increases

The consumption of electricity for the second quarter of 2002, after seasonal adjustment, increased by 3,9% (+1 928 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the first quarter of 2002. Furthermore, the consumption of electricity for June 2002 increased by 5,8% (+975 Gigawatt-hours) compared with June 2001. The consumption of electricity in South Africa for the first six months of 2002 increased by 2,5% (+2 416 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the first six months of 2001.

Production of electricity increases

The production of electricity for the second quarter of 2002, after seasonal adjustment, increased by 4,8% (+2 460 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the first quarter of 2002. Furthermore, the production of electricity for June 2002 increased by 7,4% (+1 316 Gigawatt-hours) compared with June 2001. The production of electricity in South Africa for the first six months of 2002 increased by 2,7% (+2 748 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the first six months of 2001.

Import of electricity decreases

The seasonally adjusted import of electricity from neighbouring countries for the second quarter of 2002 decreased by 0,6% (-14 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the first quarter of 2002. Furthermore, the import of electricity for June 2002 decreased by 11,7% (-93 Gigawatt-hours) compared with June 2001. However, the import of electricity in South Africa for the first six months of 2002 increased by 6,9% (+269 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the first six months of 2001.

Export of electricity increases

The seasonally adjusted export of electricity for the second quarter of 2002 increased by 10,5% (+194 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the first quarter of 2002. Furthermore, the export of electricity for June 2002 increased by 21,2% (+105 Gigawatt-hours) compared with June 2001. The export of electricity in South Africa for the first six months of 2002 increased by 7,1% (+218 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the first six months of 2001.

Figure 1 – Electricity consumed and produced in South Africa

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Notes

Forthcoming issues	Issue	Expected release date
	July 2002	5 September 2002
	August 2002	3 October 2002
	September 2002	7 November 2002
	October 2002	5 December 2002
	November 2002	2 January 2003
	December 2002	6 February 2003
Purpose of the survey	<p>The Generation and Consumption of Electricity Survey is a countrywide survey covering a sample of electricity undertakings and establishments conducting activities concerned with the generation or transmission and distribution of electricity in the South African economy. The information received is used to estimate key economic statistics and calculate production indices in order to compile estimates of the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) and its components, which are used to formulate and monitor government policy.</p>	

Table 1 - Electricity consumed in South Africa: 1997 to 2002 (Gigawatt-hours) 1/

Month	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Actual figures						
J	15 009	15 403	15 153	15 512	16 064	15 968
F	14 088	14 459	14 360	15 224	14 871	15 005
M	15 155	15 714	15 791	16 225	16 320	16 353
A	15 247	14 923	15 063	15 399	15 515	*16 172
M	16 423	16 261	16 327	17 064	16 929	*17 642
J	16 474	16 280	16 393	16 818	16 788	17 763
J	17 187	16 867	17 051	17 759	18 021	
A	16 303	16 417	16 708	17 214	17 300	
S	15 503	15 536	15 937	16 180	16 277	
O	16 005	15 957	16 322	16 709	16 794	
N	15 235	15 136	15 831	16 161	15 960	
D	14 878	14 563	15 184	15 395	15 224	
YEAR	187 507	187 516	190 120	195 660	196 063	
Seasonally adjusted figures						
J	15 307	15 726	15 465	15 828	16 376	16 272
F	15 406	15 796	15 697	16 651	16 234	16 379
M	15 110	15 696	15 775	16 209	16 228	16 239
A	16 023	15 647	15 769	16 153	16 131	16 821
M	15 799	15 622	15 718	16 410	16 252	16 926
J	15 693	15 575	15 762	16 164	16 142	17 071
J	15 780	15 541	15 766	16 453	16 698	
A	15 385	15 561	15 849	16 343	16 419	
S	15 703	15 667	16 061	16 299	16 418	
O	15 787	15 669	16 009	16 393	16 490	
N	15 620	15 484	16 150	16 483	16 278	
D	15 895	15 538	16 164	16 434	16 261	

1/ As indicated by electricity available for distribution

Table 2 - Indices of the physical volume of electricity production: 1997 to 2002 Base: 2000=100

Month	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Actual indices						
J	95,9	97,1	94,7	92,5	98,6	97,1
F	89,9	91,1	89,0	91,2	90,1	90,5
M	97,0	98,0	97,0	100,9	98,5	98,5
A	97,1	93,5	90,1	95,9	93,6	97,8
M	104,4	102,2	98,0	106,3	103,0	*108,1
J	104,8	102,2	98,9	104,9	101,1	108,6
J	109,9	106,2	104,0	107,8	111,1	
A	104,5	99,1	101,8	105,5	108,0	
S	100,0	96,6	96,9	99,1	100,5	
O	102,6	99,8	99,1	103,1	102,7	
N	97,4	94,1	96,0	99,1	97,4	
D	94,6	89,8	90,8	93,8	92,1	
YEAR	99,8	97,5	96,4	100,0	99,7	
Seasonally adjusted indices						
J	98,0	99,2	96,7	94,4	100,6	99,0
F	98,1	99,3	97,2	99,7	98,7	99,3
M	97,2	98,1	97,1	100,9	98,5	98,5
A	102,4	98,6	95,0	101,1	98,5	103,0
M	100,7	98,4	94,2	102,1	98,8	103,7
J	100,0	97,8	94,9	100,7	97,1	104,4
J	100,7	97,4	95,5	99,1	102,1	
A	98,6	93,7	96,3	99,9	102,2	
S	100,7	97,1	97,2	99,4	100,8	
O	100,7	97,6	96,7	100,5	100,1	
N	99,6	96,1	98,0	101,1	99,2	
D	101,0	96,1	97,4	100,8	99,1	

Table 3 - Electricity produced and consumed in power stations, purchased and sold outside South Africa and consumed in South Africa

Gigawatt-hours

Description	Year 2001	June	May	June	January -	June
		2002		2001	2002	2001
Total - All Producers						
Electricity produced						
Actual figures	210 100	19 071	*18 974	17 755	105 449	102 701
Seasonally adjusted figures		18 358	18 189	17 078	-	-
Purchased outside South Africa (import)	7 247	704	658	797	4 191	3 922
Consumed in power stations and auxiliary systems	14 767	1 411	1 412	1 268	7 470	7 087
Sold outside South Africa (export)	6 519	601	578	496	3 269	3 051
Electricity consumed in South Africa 1/						
Actual figures	196 063	17 763	*17 642	16 788	98 903	96 487
Seasonally adjusted figures		17 071	16 926	16 142	-	-
ESKOM						
Electricity produced						
Actual figures	200 758	18 259	18 283	16 911	101 507	97 691
Seasonally adjusted figures		17 588	17 527	16 278	-	-
Purchased outside South Africa (import)	7 247	704	658	797	4 191	3 922
Consumed in power stations and auxiliary systems	13 622	1 310	1 320	1 162	6 951	6 503
Sold outside South Africa (export)	6 519	601	578	496	3 269	3 051
Electricity consumed in South Africa 1/						
Actual figures	187 863	17 052	17 044	16 050	95 481	92 058
Seasonally adjusted figures		16 394	16 352	15 440	-	-

1/ As indicated by electricity available for distribution

* Revised

Additional information

Explanatory Notes

- | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------|--|
| Introduction | 1 | Statistics South Africa (Stats SA) conducts a monthly sample survey of the electricity industry covering electricity undertakings and establishments (branches). This statistical release contains information regarding the number of electricity units produced and consumed in South Africa and the number of units purchased and sold outside South Africa on a monthly basis. Both actual and seasonally adjusted figures are published. |
| | 2 | This statistical release reflects indices of the physical volume of electricity production. In accordance with international practice, the indices have to be rebased every five years to a new base year. The indices in this statistical release have been calculated on the basis of 2000=100. Rebased indices were published in the October 1997 Statistical release P4141 - Generation and Consumption of Electricity on 4 December 1997. |
| | 3 | In order to improve timeliness of the publication, some information for the current month may have been estimated due to late submission by respondents. These estimates will be revised in the next statistical release(s) as soon as actual information is available. |
| Scope of the survey | 4 | This survey covers electricity undertakings and establishments conducting activities concerned with the generation or transmission and distribution of electricity, including electrical power installations which, as subsidiary divisions of undertakings, produce electricity for regular use by these undertakings. |
| Classification | 5 | The 1993 edition of the Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (SIC), Fifth Edition, Report No. 09-90-02, was used to classify the statistical units in the survey. The SIC is based on the 1990 International Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (ISIC) with suitable adaptations for local conditions. Each statistical unit is classified to an industry, which reflects the predominant activity of the electricity undertaking or establishment. |
| Statistical unit | 6 | The basic statistical unit for the collection of information is the electricity undertaking or establishment. The electricity undertaking or establishment is the smallest economic unit that functions as a separate entity. Each statistical unit is classified to an industry (cf. paragraph 6). |
| Survey methodology and design | 7 | All statistical units are stratified by type of economic activity according to the Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (SIC) and measure of size, where measure of size is the volume of electricity generated by the electricity undertaking or establishment. All large undertakings or establishments (size category one cases) are completely enumerated. A sample is drawn from medium and small size undertakings and establishments by systematically selecting undertakings or establishments within each size category. An electricity undertaking or establishment with a total generating capacity of less than 500 kilowatt is excluded from the sample. |
| | 8 | The survey is conducted by mail each month collecting information from a sample of 22 electricity undertakings or establishments. |

Monthly production indices	9	The calculation of the monthly production indices is based on the number of electricity units produced.
Benchmarking	10	The index of physical volume of electricity production should provide an accurate reflection of the trend of activities of the relevant industry. The level of activities as measured by the monthly Generation and Consumption of Electricity sample survey is based on information received from a sample of electricity undertakings and establishments which is weighted according to the original sample design in order to represent the population of electricity undertakings and establishments. It is necessary to adjust the level of activities as measured by the monthly sample survey to the level of activities as measured periodically by the Census of Electricity, Gas and Steam. This procedure, whereby the latest results of an economic census are used to compile more accurate level estimates for a certain year, is known as benchmarking.
	11	The results of the 1995 Census of Electricity, Gas and Steam served as benchmarks to verify or adjust the level of the monthly physical volume of electricity production indices collected through the monthly sample survey. The level adjustments were done on the volume indices for July of the relevant census year (the 1995 census year covered the period 1 January 1995 to 31 December 1995 and, therefore, the benchmarking was done using the index of July 1995 as reference point). The results, due to benchmarking, were published in the October 1997 statistical release P4141 - Generation and Consumption of Electricity on 4 December 1997.
Seasonal adjustment	12	Seasonally adjusted estimates of all items are generated each month, using the X-11 Seasonal Adjustment Program developed by US Bureau of the Census Economic Research and Analyses Division, 1968. Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series can be more clearly recognised. Seasonal adjustment does not aim to remove irregular or non-seasonal influences, which may be present in any particular month. Influences that are volatile or unsystematic can still make it difficult to interpret the movement of the series even after adjustment for seasonal variations. This means the month-to-month movements of seasonally adjusted estimates may not be reliable indicators of trend behaviour.
Trend cycle	13	The trend is the long-term pattern or movement of a time series. The X-11 Seasonal Adjustment Program is used for smoothing seasonally adjusted estimates.
Related publications	14	Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which are available from Stats SA - <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Bulletin of Statistics. • SA Statistics.
Unpublished statistics	15	In some cases Stats SA can also make available statistics which are not published. The statistics can be made available as computer printouts, on diskette or CD. Generally a charge is made for providing unpublished statistics.
Rounding-off of figures	16	The figures in the tables have, where necessary, been rounded off to the nearest digit shown. There may, therefore, be slight discrepancies between the sums of the constituent items and the totals shown.

- Pre-release policy**
- 17** Stats SA has adopted the confidential pre-release policy in respect of selected economic indicators and specific government departments. The policy accords with practice among leading statistical agencies. The statistical integrity of the indices and strict observance of the release time has been assured by the following procedure:
- 18** In respect of this statistical release, an official representative from the Office of the President, the Department of Trade and Industry, the Department of Finance and the South African Reserve Bank will receive a copy of the release on a strictly confidential basis two hours in advance of the public issue.
- 19** Stats SA pre-release policy may be inspected at its Website, www.statssa.gov.za

Technical notes

- Response rates** The response rate for the survey on the generation and consumption of electricity for June 2002 is 100%.

Glossary

Electricity undertaking	An electricity undertaking is an undertaking concerned with the generation or transmission and distribution of electricity, including electrical power installations, which as subsidiary divisions of undertakings, produce electricity for regular use by these undertakings.
Establishment (branch)	An establishment (branch) is defined as the smallest economic unit, which operates as a separate entity for which comprehensive financial records are kept.
Index of physical volume of electricity production	The index of physical volume of electricity production or a production index is a statistical measure of the change in the volume of production. The production index of electricity is the ratio between the volume of production of electricity in a given period and the volume of production of electricity in the base period. The base period is 2000. The production in the base period is set at 100.
Industry	An industry consists of a group of undertakings or establishments engaged in the same or similar kinds of economic activity. Industries are defined in the 1993 System of National Accounts (1993 SNA) in the same way as in the Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (SIC), Fifth Edition, Report No. 09-90-02.
Unit of electricity	One unit of electricity is equal to 1 kilowatt-hour (kWh). One gigawatt-hours (gWh) of electricity is equal to one million kilowatt-hours.

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