

Dipalopalo tsa Aforika Borwa • Statistieke Suid-Afrika • Tistatistiki ta Afrika-Dzonga • Ukuqokelelwa kwamanani eNingizimu Afrika

Electricity generated and available for distribution July 2004

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Key figures as at the end of July 2004

Actual estimates	July 2004	% change between July 2003 and July 2004	% change between May to July 2003 and May to July 2004	% change between January to July 2003 and January to July 2004
Electricity available for distribution				
(Gigawatt-hours)	19 901	+5,1	+4,9	+5,0
Electricty imported				
(Gigawatt-hours)	607	-23,4	-8,8	+8,6
Electricty exported				
(Gigawatt-hours)	1 140	+20,8	+23,3	+46,8
Index of the physical				
volume of electricity				
production (2000=100)	125,8	+6,9	+6,3	+6,6

Seasonally adjusted estimates	July 2004	% change between June and July 2004	% change between February to April 2004 and May to July 2004
Electricity available for distribution (Gigawatt-hours)	18 167	-0,3	-0,9
Index of the physical volume of electricity production (2000=100)	114,8	-0,5	-0,5

Key findings as at the end of July 2004

Electricity available for distribution decreases

The volume of electricity available for distribution for the three months ended July 2004, after seasonal adjustment, decreased by 0,9% (-494 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the preceding three months. A decrease of 1,1% was reported by Eskom while 'other producers' reported an increase of 4,2% during the above-mentioned period. However, the electricity available for distribution for July 2004 increased by 5,1% (+962 Gigawatt-hours) compared with July 2003. Electricity available for distribution in South Africa for the first seven months of 2004 increased by 5,0% (+6 064 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the first seven months of 2003.

Production of electricity decreases

The production of electricity for the three months ended July 2004, after seasonal adjustment, decreased by 0,5% (-439 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the preceding three months. However, the production of electricity for July 2004 increased by 6,9% (+1 416 Gigawatt-hours) compared with July 2003. Furthermore, the volume of production of electricity in the three months ended July 2004 was 6,3% (+3 793 Gigawatt-hours) higher than for the corresponding three months of 2003. The production of electricity in South Africa for the first seven months of 2004 increased by 6,6% (+8 692 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the first seven months of 2003.

Import of electricity decreases

The import of electricity for July 2004 decreased by 23,4% (-185 Gigawatt-hours) compared with July 2003. However, the import of electricity in South Africa for the first seven months of 2004 increased by 8,6% (+383 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the first seven months of 2003.

Export of electricity increases

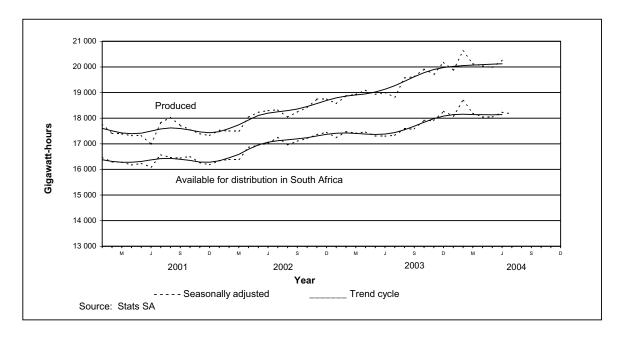
The export of electricity for July 2004 increased by 20,8% (+196 Gigawatt-hours) compared with July 2003. Furthermore, the export of electricity for the first seven months of 2004 increased by 46,8% (+2 274 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the first seven months of 2003.

Export compared to import

The export of electricity for the first seven months of 2004 exceeded the import of electricity by 46,9% (+2 276 Gigawatt-hours). In comparison, during the first seven months of 2003, only 8,6% (+385 Gigawatt-hours) more electricity was exported than imported.

Figure 1 below shows the seasonally adjusted and trend patterns for electricity produced and available for distribution in South Africa between January 2001 and July 2004. There was a gradual upward movement in the trend cycle until the end of 2003 and since January 2004 the trend leveled out.

Figure 1 – Electricity produced and available for distribution in South Africa from 2001 to 2004



pp P J Lehohla Statistician-General

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Notes

Forthcoming issues	Issue	Expected release date				
	August 2004	7 October 2004				
Purpose of the survey	used to compile estimates of the	tricity generated and available for distribution survey are Gross Domestic Product (GDP) and its components, which of the economy and formulation of economic policy.				
Response rate	The response rate for the survey on electricity generated and available for distribution for July 2004 was 100%.					
Name change of statistical release	, i	tion the name of the monthly Statistical Release P4141: electricity, changes to Electricity generated and available				

Table 1 - Total volume of electricity available for distribution in South Africa: 1999 to 2004 Gigawatt-hours

Month 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 January 15 153 15 512 16 064 15 968 16 837 17 640 February 14 360 15 224 14 871 15 005 15 940 17 080 March 15 791 16 225 16 320 16 353 17 424 18 237 April 15 063 15 399 15 515 16 172 16 728 17 327 May 16 327 17 642 17 974 17 064 16 929 18 726 June 16 393 16 818 16 788 17 763 18 116 19 111 17 051 17 759 18 743 18 939 19 901 1/ July 18 021 August 16 708 17 214 17 300 17 842 18 462 September 15 937 16 180 16 277 16 892 17 279

16 794

15 960

15 224

196 063

Table 2 - Seasonally adjusted total volume of electricity available for distribution in South Africa: 1999 to 2004

16 709

16 161

15 395

195 660

16 322

15 831

15 184

190 120

Gigawatt-hours

17 523

17 005

16 440

203 348

18 213

17 515

17 211

210 638

			Gigawa	itt-nours		
Month	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
January	15 486	15 856	16 422	16 329	17 237	18 078
February	15 691	16 652	16 254	16 422	17 480	18 687
March	15 808	16 266	16 309	16 329	17 409	18 196
April	15 776	16 167	16 183	16 868	17 459	18 045
May	15 689	16 389	16 273	16 978	17 303	18 038
June	15 738	16 133	16 112	17 001	17 294	18 229
July	15 744	16 380	16 579	17 186	17 327	18 167
August	15 841	16 333	16 419	16 988	17 587	
September	16 065	16 315	16 457	17 121	17 578	
October	16 029	16 415	16 503	17 206	17 919	
November	16 159	16 492	16 276	17 350	17 899	
December	16 166	16 395	16 168	17 433	18 270	

1/ Preliminary

October

November

December

Year

Table 3 - Indices of the physical volume of electricity production: 1999 to 2004

Base: 2000=100

Month	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
January	94,7	92,5	98,6	97,1	102,7	109,8	
February	89,0	91,2	90,1	90,5	97,1	106,0	
March	97,0	100,9	98,5	98,5	106,6	113,3	
April	90,1	95,9	93,6	97,8	103,6	108,9	
May	98,0	106,3	103,0	108,1	111,9	117,9	
June	98,9	104,9	101,1	108,6	113,2	120,7	
July	104,0	107,8	111,1	114,2	117,7	125,8	1/
August	101,8	105,5	108,0	108,5	117,5		
September	96,9	99,1	100,5	103,5	111,3		
October	99,1	103,1	102,7	108,3	117,2		
November	96,0	99,1	97,4	104,9	110,4		
December	90,8	93,8	92,1	100,0	107,8		
Year	96,4	100,0	99,7	103,3	109,8		

Table 4 - Seasonally adjusted indices of the physical volume of electricity production: 1999 to 2004

Base: 2000=100

	Dasc. 2000 100					
Month	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
January	96,8	94,7	101,2	99,9	106,0	113,4
February	97,3	100,0	99,1	99,9	107,4	117,3
March	97,4	101,3	99,1	99,2	107,5	114,4
April	95,0	101,1	98,5	102,8	108,7	114,2
May	94,2	102,2	99,1	104,1	107,8	113,8
June	94,9	100,7	97,0	104,0	108,3	115,4
July	95,3	98,7	101,7	104,3	107,4	114,8
August	96,3	99,8	102,2	102,7	111,2	
September	97,3	99,4	100,8	103,9	111,8	
October	96,6	100,3	99,6	104,9	113,5	
November	98,0	100,9	99,0	106,7	112,3	
December	97,4	100,6	98,6	106,8	115,0	

^{1/} Preliminary

Table 5 - Total volume of electricity imported: 1999 to 2004

Gigawatt-hours

Month	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
January	185	683	569	670	705	828
February	201	529	488	643	637	811
March	302	6	665	783	706	863
April	682	24	774	733	547	641
May	719	20	629	658	569	547
June	654	2	797	704	518	560
July	515	599	479	702	792	607 1/
August	613	476	282	721	424	
September	679	495	507	637	266	
October	688	506	713	454	272	
November	644	601	636	477	583	
December	791	778	708	691	720	
Year	6 673	4 719	7 247	7 873	6 739	

Table 6 - Total volume of electricity exported: 1999 to 2004

Gigawatt-hours

	Gigawatt-nours					
Month	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
January	346	197	616	558	578	1 037
February	267	169	470	478	508	977
March	248	196	498	529	607	1 027
April	217	155	463	525	619	951
May	318	213	508	578	805	944
June	347	193	496	601	798	1 057
July	381	363	543	614	944	1 140 1/
August	465	389	569	605	1 030	
September	480	458	581	628	1 051	
October	440	540	630	626	1 116	
November	432	525	598	600	1 025	
December	325	609	547	608	1 055	
Year	4 266	4 007	6 519	6 950	10 136	

^{1/} Preliminary

Table 7 - Electricity produced and consumed in power stations, purchased and sold outside South Africa and available for distribution in South Africa

Gigawatt-hours

Gigawati-nours						
Description	July 2003	June 2004	July 2004	January to July 2003	January to July 2004	% change between January to July 2004 and January to July 2003
Total - All producers						
Electricity produced	20 665	21 186	22 081	132 166	140 858	+ 6,6
Purchased outside South Africa (import)	792	560	607	4 474	4 857	+ 8,6
Consumed in power stations and	1 574	1 578	1 647	9 822	10 561	+ 7,5
auxilliary systems						
Sold outside South Africa (export)	944	1 057	1 140	4 859	7 133	+ 46,8
Electricity available for distribution in South Africa	18 939	19 111	19 901	121 958	128 022	+ 5,0
Eskom						
Electricity produced	19 828	20 376	21 276	127 310	135 966	+ 6,8
Purchased outside South Africa (import)	792	560	607	4 474	4 857	+ 8,6
Consumed in power stations and	1 478	1 500	1 566	9 294	10 072	+ 8,4
auxilliary systems						
Sold outside South Africa (export)	944	1 057	1 140	4 859	7 133	+ 46,8
Electricity available for distribution in South Africa	18 198	18 379	19 178	117 631	123 621	+ 5,1

Table 8 - Electricity distributed by Eskom according to province for 2004 $^{1/}$

Gigawatt-hours

Month	Western Cape	Eastern Cape	Northern Cape	Free State	North West
January	1 782	516	384	839	2 389
February	1 741	599	369	772	2 230
March	1 826	643	385	791	2 443
April	1 693	567	317	740	2 218
May	1 792	656	354	822	2 418
June	1 734	648	353	837	2 303
July ^{2/}	1 905	693	383	892	2 504
August					
September					
October					
November					
December					
Year to date	12 473	4 322	2 545	5 693	16 505

Month	KwaZulu-Natal	Mpumalanga	Gauteng	Limpopo	Total South Africa
January	3 416	2 087	4 335	788	16 537
February	3 373	2 097	4 144	727	16 052
March	3 496	2 161	4 454	798	16 997
April	3 293	2 065	4 296	761	15 950
May	3 570	2 308	4 749	839	17 508
June	3 971	2 104	4 940	816	17 706
July ^{2/}	3 642	2 206	5 488	859	18 572
August					
September					
October					
November					
December					
Year to date	24 761	15 028	32 406	5 588	119 322

^{1/} Wholesale energy as delivered by Eskom to the various provinces

^{2/} Preliminary

Explanatory notes

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Introduction

- Statistics South Africa (Stats SA) conducts a monthly sample survey of the electricity industry covering electricity undertakings and establishments (branches). This statistical release contains information regarding the number of electricity units generated and consumed in South Africa, the number of units purchased and sold outside South Africa and the number of units distributed by Eskom according to province on a monthly basis. Both actual and seasonally adjusted figures are published.
- This statistical release reflects indices of the physical volume of electricity production on the basis of 2000=100. In accordance with international practice, the indices have to be rebased every five years to a new base year.
- 3 In order to improve timeliness of the publication, some information for the current month may have been estimated due to late submission by respondents. These estimates will be revised in the next statistical release(s) as soon as actual information is available.

Scope of the survey

This survey covers electricity undertakings and establishments conducting activities concerned with the generation or transmission and distribution of electricity, including electrical power installations, which, as subsidiary divisions of undertakings, produce electricity for regular use by these undertakings.

Classification

The 1993 edition of the Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (SIC), Fifth Edition, Report No. 09-90-02, was used to classify the statistical units in the survey. The SIC is based on the 1990 International Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (ISIC) with suitable adaptations for local conditions. Each statistical unit is classified to an industry, which reflects the predominant activity of the electricity undertaking or establishment.

Statistical unit

The basic statistical unit for the collection of information is the electricity undertaking or establishment. The electricity undertaking or establishment is the smallest economic unit that functions as a separate entity. Each statistical unit is classified to an industry (see paragraph 5).

Survey methodology and design

- All statistical units are stratified by type of economic activity according to the *Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (SIC)* and measure of size, where measure of size is the volume of electricity generated by the electricity undertaking or establishment. All large undertakings or establishments (size category one cases) are completely enumerated. A sample is drawn from medium and small size undertakings and establishments by systematically selecting undertakings or establishments within each size category. An electricity undertaking or establishment with a total generating capacity of less than 500 kilowatt is excluded from the sample.
- 8 The survey is conducted by mail each month collecting information from a sample of 22 electricity undertakings or establishments.

Monthly production indices

The calculation of the monthly production indices is based on the number of electricity units produced.

Benchmarking

The index of physical volume of electricity production should provide an accurate reflection of the trend of activities of the relevant industry. The level of activities as measured by the monthly electricity generated and available for distribution survey is based on information received from a sample of electricity undertakings and establishments, which are weighted according to the original sample, designed in order to represent the population of electricity undertakings and establishments. It is necessary to adjust the level of activities as measured by the monthly sample survey to the level of activities as measured periodically by the Census of electricity, gas and steam. This procedure, whereby the latest results of an economic census are used to compile more accurate level estimates for a certain year, is known as benchmarking.

The results of the 1995 Census of Electricity, Gas and Steam served as benchmarks to verify or adjust the level of the monthly physical volume of electricity production indices collected through the monthly sample survey. The level adjustments were done on the volume indices for July of the relevant census year (the 1995 census year covered the period 1 January 1995 to 31 December 1995 and, therefore, the benchmarking was done using the index of July 1995 as reference point).

Seasonal adjustment

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Seasonally adjusted estimates of all items are generated each month, using the X-11 Seasonal Adjustment Program developed by US Bureau of the Census Economic Research and Analyses Division, 1968. Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series can be more clearly recognised. Seasonal adjustment does not aim to remove irregular or non-seasonal influences, which may be present in any particular month. Influences that are volatile or unsystematic can still make it difficult to interpret the movement of the series even after adjustment for seasonal variations. This means the month-to-month movements of seasonally adjusted estimates may not be reliable indicators of trend behavior.

Trend cycle

13 The trend is the long-term pattern or movement of a time series. The X-11 Seasonal Adjustment Program is used for smoothing seasonally adjusted estimates.

Related publications

14 Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which are available from Stats SA -

- Bulletin of Statistics.
- SA Statistics.

Unpublished statistics

In some cases Stats SA can also make available statistics, which are not published. The statistics can be made available as computer printouts, on diskette or CD. Generally a charge is made for providing unpublished statistics.

Rounding-off figures

The figures in the tables have, where necessary, been rounded off to the nearest digit shown. There may, therefore, be slight discrepancies between the sums of the constituent items and the totals shown.

Pre-release policy

17 Stats SA pre-release policy may be inspected at its Website, www.statssa.gov.za.

Symbols and abbreviations

GDP Gross Domestic Product

ISIC International Standard Industrial Classification

SIC Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities

Stats SA Statistics South Africa
* Revised figures

Glossary

Electricity undertaking An electricity undertaking is an undertaking concerned with the generation or

transmission and distribution of electricity, including electrical power installations, which as subsidiary divisions of undertakings produce electricity for regular use by

these undertakings.

Establishment (branch) An establishment (branch) is defined as the smallest economic unit, which operates as

a separate entity for which comprehensive financial records are kept.

Index of physical volume of electricity production

The index of physical volume of electricity production or a production index is a statistical measure of the change in the volume of production. The production index of electricity is the ratio between the volume of production of electricity in a given period and the volume of production of electricity in the base period. The base period is

2000. The production in the base period is set at 100.

Industry An industry consists of a group of undertakings or establishments engaged in the same

or similar kinds of economic activity. Industries are defined in the 1993 System of National Accounts (1993 SNA) in the same way as in the *Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (SIC)*, Fifth Edition, Report No. 09-90-02.

Unit of electricity One unit of electricity is equal to 1 kilowatt-hour (kWh). One gigawatt-hour (gWh) of

electricity is equal to one million kilowatt-hours.

General information

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