P4141 Generation and consumption of electricity

August 2001

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Key figures as at the end of August 2001

| Actual estimates | August 2001 | % change between August 2000 and August 2001 | % change between June 2000 to August 2000 and June 2001 to August 2001 | % change between January 2000 to August 2000 and January 2001 to August 2001 | |
|---|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Electricity consumed (Gigawatt-hours) | 17 300 | +0,5% | +0,6% | +0,5% | |
| Electricity imported (Gigawatt-hours) | 282 | -40,8% | +44,7% | +100,2% | |
| Electricity exported (Gigawatt-hours) | 569 | +46,3% | +70,2% | +122,0% | |
| Index of the physical volume of electricity production (1995=100) | 121,9 | +2,4% | +0,7% | -0,1% | |

| Seasonally adjusted estimates | August 2001 | % change between July 2001 and August 2001 | % change between March 2001 to May 2001 and June 2001 to August 2001 |
|---|----------------|--|--|
| Electricity consumed (Gigawatt-hours) | 16 435 | -1,6% | +1,3% |
| Electricity imported (Gigawatt-hours) | 255 | -56,6% | -23,7% |
| Electricity exported (Gigawatt-hours) | 484 | +0,4% | -19,5% |
| Index of the physical volume of electricity production (1995=100) | 115,6 | +0,4% | +1,9% |

Key findings as at the end of August 2001

Consumption of electricity increases

The consumption of electricity for the three months ended August 2001, after seasonal adjustment, increased by 1,3% (+651 Gigawatt-hours), compared with the previous three months. The consumption of electricity for August 2001 increased by 0,5% (+86 Gigawatt-hours) compared with August 2000. Furthermore, the consumption of electricity in South Africa for the first eight months of 2001 increased by 0,5% (+593 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the first eight months of 2000.

Production of electricity increases

The production of electricity for the three months ended August 2001, after seasonal adjustment, increased by 1,9% (+1 000 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the previous three months. Furthermore, the production of electricity for August 2001 increased by 2,4% (+441 Gigawatt-hours) compared with August 2000. However, the production of electricity in South Africa for the first eight months of 2001 decreased by 0,1% (-138 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the first eight months of 2000.

Import of electricity decreases

The seasonally adjusted import of electricity from neighbouring countries for the three months ended August 2001 decreased by 23,7% (-500 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the previous three months. The import of electricity for August 2001 decreased by 40,8% (-194 Gigawatt-hours) compared with August 2000. This decrease of 40,8% in imports was mainly due to a technical problem which was experienced in the power station at Cahora Bassa during July 2001. However, the import of electricity in South Africa for the first eight months of 2001 increased by 100,2% (+2 344 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the first eight months of 2000. This increase of 100,2% in imports was mainly due to low imports from neighbouring counties in the first eight months of 2000 due to severe flooding in neighbouring countries during the period March 2000 to June 2000.

Export of electricity decreases

The seasonally adjusted export of electricity for the three months ended August 2001 decreased by 19,5% (-358 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the previous three months. However, the export of electricity for August 2001 increased by 46,3% (+180 Gigawatt-hours) compared to August 2000. Furthermore, export of electricity in South Africa for the first eight months of 2001 increased by 122,0% (+2 288 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the first eight months of 2000. The increase of 122,0% in export to neighbouring countries was mainly due to the aluminium smelter commissioned in Mozambique towards the end of 2000.

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Notes

| Forthcoming issues | Issue | Expected release date |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | September 2001 | 1 November 2001 |
| | October 2001 | 6 December 2001 |
| | November 2001 December 2001 | 3 January 2002 7 February 2002 |

Purpose of the survey

The Generation and Consumption of Electricity Survey is a countrywide survey covering a sample of electricity undertakings and establishments conducting activities concerned with the generation or transmission and distribution of electricity in the South African economy. The information received is used to estimate key economic statistics and calculate production indices in order to compile estimates of the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) and its components, which are used to formulate and monitor government policy.

Additional information

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Explanatory Notes

Introduction

- Statistics South Africa (Stats SA) conducts a monthly sample survey of the electricity industry covering electricity undertakings and establishments (branches). This statistical release contains information regarding the number of electricity units produced and consumed in South Africa and the number of units purchased and sold outside South Africa on a monthly basis. Both actual and seasonally adjusted figures are published.
- This statistical release reflects indices of the physical volume of electricity production. In accordance with international practice, the indices have to be rebased every five years to a new base year. The indices in this statistical release have been calculated on the basis of 1995=100. Rebased indices were published in the October 1997 Statistical release P4141 Generation and Consumption of Electricity on 4 December 1997.
- In order to improve timeliness of the publication, some information for the current month may have been estimated due to late submission by respondents. These estimates will be revised in the next statistical release(s) as soon as actual information is available.

Scope of the survey

This survey covers electricity undertakings and establishments conducting activities concerned with the generation or transmission and distribution of electricity, including electrical power installations which, as subsidiary divisions of undertakings, produce electricity for regular use by these undertakings.

Classification

The 1993 edition of the Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (SIC), Fifth Edition, Report No. 09-90-02, was used to classify the statistical units in the survey. The SIC is based on the 1990 International Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (ISIC) with suitable adaptations for local conditions. Each statistical unit is classified to an industry which reflects the predominant activity of the electricity undertaking or establishment.

Statistical unit

The basic statistical unit for the collection of information is the electricity undertaking or establishment. The electricity undertaking or establishment is the smallest economic unit that functions as a separate entity. Each statistical unit is classified to an industry (cf. paragraph 6).

Survey methodology and design

All statistical units are stratified by type of economic activity according to the Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (SIC) and measure of size, where measure of size is the volume of electricity generated by the electricity undertaking or establishment. All large undertakings or establishments (size category one cases) are completely enumerated. A sample is drawn from medium and small size undertakings and establishments by systematically selecting undertakings or establishments within each size category. An electricity undertaking or establishment with a total generating capacity of less than 500 kilowatt is excluded from the sample.

8 The survey is conducted by mail each month collecting information from a sample of 23 electricity undertakings or establishments.

Monthly production indices

9 The calculation of the monthly production indices is based on the number of electricity units produced.

Benchmarking

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The index of physical volume of electricity production should provide an accurate reflection of the trend of activities of the relevant industry. The level of activities as measured by the monthly Generation and Consumption of Electricity sample survey is based on information received from a sample of electricity undertakings and establishments which is weighted according to the original sample design in order to represent the population of electricity undertakings and establishments. It is necessary to adjust the level of activities as measured by the monthly sample survey to the level of activities as measured periodically by the Census of Electricity, Gas and Steam. This procedure, whereby the latest results of an economic census are used to compile more accurate level estimates for a certain year, is known as benchmarking.

The results of the 1995 Census of Electricity, Gas and Steam served as benchmarks to verify or adjust the level of the monthly physical volume of electricity production indices collected through the monthly sample survey. The level adjustments were done on the volume indices for July of the relevant census year (the 1995 census year covered the period 1 January 1995 to 31 December 1995 and, therefore, the benchmarking was done using the index of July 1995 as reference point). The results, due to benchmarking, were published in the October 1997 statistical release P4141 - Generation and Consumption of Electricity on 4 December 1997.

Seasonal adjustment

Seasonally adjusted estimates of all items are generated each month, using the X-11 Seasonal Adjustment Program developed by US Bureau of the Census Economic Research and Analyses Division, 1968. Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series can be more clearly recognised. Seasonal adjustment does not aim to remove irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month. Influences that are volatile or unsystematic can still make it difficult to interpret the movement of the series even after adjustment for seasonal variations. This means the month-to-month movements of seasonally adjusted estimates may not be reliable indicators of trend behaviour.

Trend cycle

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The trend is the long-term pattern or movement of a time series. The X-11 Seasonal Adjustment Program is used for smoothing seasonally adjusted estimates.

Related publications

Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which are available from Stats SA -

- Bulletin of Statistics.
- SA Statistics.

Unpublished statistics 15

In some cases Stats SA can also make available statistics which are not published. The statistics can be made available as computer printouts, on diskette or CD. Generally a charge is made for providing unpublished statistics.

Rounding-off of figures 16

The figures in the tables have, where necessary, been rounded off to the nearest digit shown. There may, therefore, be slight discrepancies between the sums of the constituent items and the totals shown.

Pre-release policy

- Stats SA has adopted the confidential pre-release policy in respect of selected economic indicators and specific government departments. The policy accords with practice among leading statistical agencies. The statistical integrity of the indices and strict observance of the release time has been assured by the following procedure:
- In respect of this statistical release, an official representative from the Office of the President, the Department of Trade and Industry, the Department of Finance and the South African Reserve Bank will receive a copy of the release on a strictly confidential basis two hours in advance of the public issue.
- 19 Stats SA pre-release policy may be inspected at its Website, www.statssa.gov.za.

Technical notes

Response rates

The response rate for the survey on the generation and consumption of electricity for August 2001 is 100%.

Glossary

Electricity undertaking An electricity undertaking is an undertaking concerned with the generation or

transmission and distribution of electricity, including electrical power installations which as subsidiary divisions of undertakings, produce electricity for regular use by

these undertakings.

Establishment (branch) An establishment (branch) is defined as the smallest economic unit which operates as a

separate entity for which comprehensive financial records are kept.

Index of physical volume of The index of physical volume of electricity production or a production index is a **electricity production**The index of physical volume of electricity production or a production index of statistical measure of the change in the volume of production. The production index of

electricity is the ratio between the volume of production of electricity in a given period and the volume of production of electricity in the base period. The base period is 1995.

The production in the base period is set at 100.

Industry An industry consists of a group of undertakings or establishments engaged in the same

or similar kinds of economic activity. Industries are defined in the 1993 System of National Accounts (1993 SNA) in the same way as in the Standard Industrial

Classification of all Economic Activities (SIC), Fifth Edition, Report No. 09-90-02.

Unit of electricity One unit of electricity is equal to 1 kilowatt-hour (kWh). One gigawatt-hour (gWh) of

electricity is equal to one million kilowatt-hours.

For more information

Stats SA publishes approximately 300 different statistical releases each year. It is not economically viable to produce them in more than one of South Africa's eleven official languages. Since the releases are used extensively, not only locally but also by international economic and social-scientific communities, Stats SA releases are published in English only.

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Advanced release calendar

An advanced release calendar is disseminated on http://www.statssa.gov.za

Stats SA products

A complete set of Stats SA publications is available at the Stats SA Library and the following libraries:

National Library of South Africa, Pretoria Division
National Library of South Africa, Cape Town Division
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Eastern Cape Library Services, King William's Town
Central Regional Library, Pietersburg
Central Reference Library, Nelspruit
Central Reference Collection, Kimberley
Central Reference Library, Mmabatho

Stats SA also provides a subscription service.

Electronic services

A large range of data are available via on-line services, diskette, CD and computer printouts. For more details about our electronic data services, contact (012) 310 8600/8095/8390/8351.

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Enquiries

Telephone number: (012) 310 8600/8095/8390/8351 (user enquiries)

(012) 310 8228/8984 (technical enquiries)

(012) 310 8161 (publications) (012) 310 8490 (library)

Fax number: (012) 310 8332

e-mail: Corrieb@statssa.pwv.gov.za

Mosesmn@statssa.pwv.gov.za

Postal address: Private Bag X44, Pretoria, 0001

Table 1 - Electricity consumed in South Africa: 1996 to 2001 (Gigawatt-hours) 1/

Month | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 Actual figures 15 009 15 403
14 088 14 459
15 155 15 714
15 247 14 923
16 423 16 261
16 474 16 280
17 187 16 867
16 303 16 417
15 503 15 536
16 005 15 957
15 235 15 136
14 878 14 563 J | 14 155 F | 13 710 F 13 710 M 14 361 14 871 14 088 15 155 15 247 16 423 16 474 16 320 14 006 15 515 15 315 15 325 16 929 J 16 788 18 021 16 862 J A 16 151 17 300 s 14 698 15 356 0 N | 14 792 D | 14 207 -----YEAR | 178 938 187 507 187 516 190 120 195 660 Seasonally adjusted figures J | 14 459 15 281 15 707 16 186 15 050 15 423 15 082 16 015 15 809 15 683 15 776 15 402 15 423 15 805 15 805 15 662 15 637 15 643 15 571 15 544 15 585 15 738 15 758 14 309 16 184 Α 14 758 16 143 M 14 794 15 643 15 733 16 302 15 733 15 737 15 769 15 870 14 524 J 16 143 15 544 16 702 16 435 J 15 427 А 15 217 15 715 15 791 15 617 15 915 15 668 15 666 15 474 15 550 16 083 16 030 16 150 16 182 16 309 16 415 16 487 14 900 S 0 15 188 15 178 15 160 N D 16 451

1/ As indicated by electricity available for distribution

Table 2 - Indices of the physical volume of electricity production: 1996 to 2001 (Base: 1995=100)

| Month | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 |
|----------------|-------|-------|----------------|-------------|-------|-------|
| Actual indices | | | | | | |
| J | 100,6 | 108,3 | 109,6 | 106,9 | 104,4 | 111,3 |
| F | 98,5 | 101,5 | 102,8 | 100,5 | 102,9 | 101,6 |
| M | 103,6 | 109,5 | 110,6 | 109,4 | 113,9 | 111,2 |
| A | 100,5 | 109,6 | 105,5 | 101,7 | 108,2 | 105,7 |
| M | 109,9 | 117,8 | 115,4 | 110,6 | 119,9 | 116,3 |
| J | 110,1 | 118,3 | 115,4 | 111,6 | 118,4 | 114,1 |
| J | 121,1 | 124,1 | 119,9 | 117,4 | 121,6 | 125,4 |
| A | 115,8 | 118,0 | 111,9 | 114,9 | 119,0 | 121,9 |
| s | 105,7 | 112,9 | 109,1 | 109,4 | 111,8 | |
| 0 | 110,7 | 115,8 | 112,6 | 111,9 | 116,4 | |
| N | 107,3 | 110,0 | 106,2 | 108,4 | 111,9 | |
| D | 102,7 | 106,7 | 101,3 | 102,4 | 105,8 | |
| YEAR | 107,2 | 112,7 | 110,0 | 108,8 | 112,9 | |
| | | Seas | sonally adjust | ted indices | | |
| J | 102,9 | 110,7 | 111,9 | 109,1 | 106,4 | 113,4 |
| F | 107,8 | 110,8 | 112,1 | 109,5 | 112,1 | 110,7 |
| м | 103,7 | 109,6 | 110,6 | 109,2 | 113,6 | 110,8 |
| A i | 106,1 | 115,6 | 111,3 | 107,2 | 114,1 | 111,5 |
| м | 106,4 | 113,6 | 111,1 | 106,3 | 115,3 | 111,9 |
| J | 104,6 | 112,9 | 110,6 | 107,2 | 113,9 | 109,9 |
| J | 110,7 | 113,6 | 109,9 | 107,6 | 111,5 | 115,1 |
| A | 109,1 | 111,5 | 106,1 | 108,9 | 112,8 | 115,6 |
| s | 106,6 | 113,7 | 109,7 | 110,1 | 112,5 | |
| o j | 109,1 | 113,7 | 110,2 | 109,3 | 113,6 | |
| N | 109,7 | 112,4 | 108,5 | 110,7 | 114,2 | |
| D İ | 109,3 | 114,0 | 108,4 | 109,8 | 113,5 | |

Table 3 - Electricity produced and consumed in power stations, purchased and sold outside South Africa and consumed in South Africa

Gigawatt-hours

| Description | Year 2000 | August | July | August | January - | August |
|--|----------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|-----------|---------|
| | 2000 | | 2001 | 2000 | 2001 | 2000 |
| Total - All Producers | | | | | | |
| Electricity produced | | | | | | |
| Actual figures | 210 670 | 18 958 | 19 506 | 18 517 | 141 165 | 141 303 |
| Seasonally adjusted figures | Ì | 17 978 | 17 910 | 17 566 | - | - |
| Purchased outside South Africa (import) | 4 719 | 282 | 479 | 476 | 4 683 | 2 339 |
| | 15 719 | 1 371 | 1 421 | 1 389 | 9 879 | 10 548 |
| | 4 007 | 569 | 543 | 389 | 4 163 | 1 875 |
| Electricity consumed in South Africa 1/ | ļ | | | | | |
| Actual figures | 195 660 | | | 17 214 | | 131 215 |
| Seasonally adjusted figures | | 16 435 | 16 702 | 16 350 | - | _ |
| ESKOM | | | | | | |
| ESKOM | | | | | | |
| Electricity produced | 1 | | | | | |
| Actual figures | 200 357 | 18 186 | 18 605 | 17 600 | 134 482 | 134 402 |
| Seasonally adjusted figures | | 17 227 | 17 069 | 16 681 | - | - |
| Purchased outside South Africa (import) | 4 719 | 282 | 479 | 476 | 4 683 | 2 339 |
| | 14 581 | 1 269 | 1 311 | 1 292 | 9 083 | 9 803 |
| | 4 007 | 569 | 543 | 389 | 4 163 | 1 875 |
| Electricity consumed in South Africa 1/ | | | | | | |
| Actual figures | 186 485 | | | 16 394 | 125 918 | 125 060 |
| Seasonally adjusted figures | | 15 787 | 15 965 | 15 561 | - | - |

^{1/} As indicated by electricity available for distribution

^{*} Revised