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# Generation and consumption of electricity

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# Key figures as at the end of April 2002

Actual estimates	April 2002	% change between April 2001 and April 2002	% change between February 2001 to April 2001 and February 2002 to April 2002	% change between January 2001 to April 2001 and January 2002 to April 2002
Electricity consumed (Gigawatt-hours)	16 164	+4,2%	+1,7%	+1,1%
Electricity imported (Gigawatt-hours)	733	-5,3%	+12,0%	+13,3%
Electricity exported (Gigawatt-hours)	525	+13,4%	+7,1%	+2,1%
Index of the physical volume of electricity production (2000=100)	97,7	+4,4%	+1,6%	+0,8%

Seasonally adjusted estimates	April 2002	% change between March 2002 and April 2002	% change between November 2001 to January 2002 and February 2002 to April 2002
Electricity consumed (Gigawatt-hours)	16 908	+3,9%	+1,5%
Electricity imported (Gigawatt-hours)	724	-11,5%	+28,3%
Electricity exported (Gigawatt-hours)	716	+8,2%	+28,4%
Index of the physical volume of electricity production (2000=100)	103,1	+4,5%	+1,2%

#### Key findings as at the end of April 2002

#### **Consumption of electricity increases**

The consumption of electricity for the three months ended April 2002, after seasonal adjustment, increased by 1,5% (+723 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the previous three months. Furthermore, the consumption of electricity for April 2002 increased by 4,2% (+649 Gigawatt-hours) compared with April 2001. The consumption of electricity in South Africa for the first four months of 2002 increased by 1,1% (+720 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the first four months of 2001.

#### Production of electricity increases

The production of electricity for the three months ended April 2002, after seasonal adjustment, increased by 1,2% (+649 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the previous three months. Furthermore, the production of electricity for April 2002 increased by 4,4% (+719 Gigawatt-hours) compared with April 2001. The production of electricity in South Africa for the first four months of 2002 increased by 0,8% (+531 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the first four months of 2001.

#### Import of electricity increases

The seasonally adjusted import of electricity from neighbouring countries for the three months ended April 2002 increased by 28,3% (+506 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the previous three months. However, the import of electricity for April 2002 decreased by 5,3% (-41 Gigawatt-hours) compared with April 2001. The import of electricity in South Africa for the first four months of 2002 increased by 13,3% (+333 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the first four months of 2001.

#### **Export of electricity increases**

The seasonally adjusted export of electricity for the three months ended April 2002 increased by 28,4% (+444 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the previous three months. Furthermore, the export of electricity for April 2002 increased by 13,4% (+62 Gigawatt-hours) compared with April 2001. The export of electricity in South Africa for the first four months of 2002 increased by 2,1% (+43 Gigawatt-hours) compared with the first four months of 2001.

### P4141

Figure 1 – Electricity consumed and produced in South Africa

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# Notes

Forthcoming issues	Issue	Expected release date			
	May 2002 June 2002 July 2002 August 2002 September 2002	4 July 2002 1 August 2002 5 September 2002 3 October 2002 7 November 2002			
	October 2002 November 2002 December 2002	5 December 2002 2 January 2003 6 February 2003			
Purpose of the survey	The Generation and Consumption of Electricity Survey is a countrywide sur sample of electricity undertakings and establishments conducting activities the generation or transmission and distribution of electricity in the South Af The information received is used to estimate key economic statistics and calcu- indices in order to compile estimates of the Gross Domestic Product components, which are used to formulate and monitor government policy.				

Table 1 - Electricity consumed in South Africa: 1997 to 2001 Gigawatt-hours 1/

Month	1997	19	98	199	99	2	000		200	)1		200	2
				Actual	L figu	res							
J	15 009		403	15	153	1	5 512		16	064		15	968
Fİ	14 088	14	459	14	360	1	5 224		14	871		15	005
мі	15 155	15	714	15	791	1	5 225		16	320		16	353
a İ	15 247	14	923	15	063	1	5 399		15	515		16	164
м ј	16 423	16	261	16	327	1	7 064		16	929			
Jİ	16 474	16	280	16	393	1	5 818		16	788			
Jİ	17 187	16	867	17	051	1	7 759		18	021			
A	16 303	16	417	16	708	1	7 214		17	300			
s j	15 503	15	536	15	937	1	5 180		16	277			
0	16 005	15	957	16	322	1	5 709		16	794			
N	15 235	15	136	15	831	1	5 161		15	960			
D	14 878	14	563	15	184	1	5 395		15	224			
YEAR	187 507	187	516	190	120	19	5 660		196	063			
			Sea	sonally a	adjust	ed figur	es						
J	15 334	15	745	15	484	1	5 826		16	386		16	276
F	15 426	15	811	15	698	1	5 631		16	195		16	337
м	15 108	15	700	15	791	1	5 230		16	251		16	271
A	16 027	15	663	15	814	1	5 218		16	211		16	908
м	15 793	15	618	15	708	1	5 434		16	282			
J	15 684	15	563	15	726	1	5 143		16	122			
J	15 774	15	535	15	765	1	5 448		16	691			
A	15 382	15	553	15	834	1	5 313		16	382			
s j	15 694	15	664	16	060	1	5 296		16	413			
o j	15 779	15	660	16	005	1	5 386		16	483			
N	15 611	15	473	16	138	1	5 466		16	264			
DÍ	15 895	15	536	16	157	1	5 423		16	253			

1/ As indicated by electricity available for distribution

Table 2 - Indices of the physical volume of electricity production: 1997 to 2001 Base : 2000=100

Month	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
			Actual indi	ces		
J	95,9	97,1	94,7	92,5	98,6	97,1
F	89,9	91,1	89,0	91,2	90,1	90,5
м	97,0	98,0	97,0	100,9	98,5	98,5
A	97,1	93,5	90,1	95,9	93,6	97,7
м	104,4	102,2	98,0	106,3	103,0	
J	104,8	102,2	98,9	104,9	101,1	
J	109,9	106,2	104,0	107,8	111,1	
A	104,5	99,1	101,8	105,5	108,0	
s	100,0	96,6	96,9	99,1	100,5	
0	102,6	99,8	99,1	103,1	102,7	
N	97,4	94,1	96,0	99,1	97,4	
D	94,6	89,8	90,8	93,8	92,1	
YEAR	99,8	97,5	96,4	100,0	99,7	
		Sea	sonally adjust	ed indices		
J	98,0	99,2	96,7	94,3	100,4	98,9
F	98,1	99,3	97,1	99,6	98,5	99,0
мі	97,3	98,2	97,3	101,0	98,7	98,7
A	102,4	98,6	95,1	101,2	98,7	103,1
м	100,7	98,4	94,2	102,3	99,2	-
Jİ	100,0	97,9	94,9	100,9	97,3	
J	100,6	97,3	95,3	98,8	101,8	
A	98,6	93,7	96,3	99,8	102,1	
s İ	100,7	97,1	97,3	99,4	100,8	
oi	100,7	97,6	96,7	100,5	100,1	
N	99,5	96,1	98,0	101,0	99,2	
D	101,0	96,1	97,3	100,7	99,0	

# Table 3 - Electricity produced and consumed in power stations, purchased and sold outside South Africa and consumed in South Africa

		Gigav	watt-hours			
Description	Year	April	March	April	January -	April
	2001	200	)2	2001	2002	2001
Total - All Producers						
Electricity produced						
Actual figures Seasonally adjusted figures	210 100	17 156 18 118	17 287 17 329	16 437 17 333	67 387 -	66 850
Purchased outside South Africa (import)	7 247	733	783	774	2 829	2 490
Consumed in power stations and auxiliary systems	14 767	1 200	1 188	1 233	4 637	4 530
Sold outside South Africa (export)	6 519	525	529	463	2 090	2 04
Electricity consumed in South Africa 1/ Actual figures	196 063	16 164	16 353	15 515	63 490	62 77
Seasonally adjusted figures		16 908		16 211	-	
ESKOM						
Electricity produced Actual figures	   200 758	16 519	16 717	15 579	64 965	63 510
Seasonally adjusted figures		17 492	16 716	16 489	-	
Purchased outside South Africa (import)	7 247	733	783	774	2 829	2 490
Consumed in power stations and auxiliary systems	13 622	1 123	1 108	1 141	4 321	4 15
Sold outside South Africa (export)	6 519	525	529	463	2 090	2 04
Electricity consumed in South Africa 1/ Actual figures	187 863	15 605	15 863	14 749	61 385	59 80
Actual figures Seasonally adjusted figures	1 10/ 003	16 364	15 863	14 749	01 385 -	59 80

1/ As indicated by electricity available for distribution

\* Revised

# **Additional information**

### **Explanatory Notes**

Introduction	1	Statistics South Africa (Stats SA) conducts a monthly sample survey of the electricity industry covering electricity undertakings and establishments (branches). This statistical release contains information regarding the number of electricity units produced and consumed in South Africa and the number of units purchased and sold outside South Africa on a monthly basis. Both actual and seasonally adjusted figures are published.
	2	This statistical release reflects indices of the physical volume of electricity production. In accordance with international practice, the indices have to be rebased every five years to a new base year. The indices in this statistical release have been calculated on the basis of 2000=100. Rebased indices were published in the October 1997 Statistical release P4141 - Generation and Consumption of Electricity on 4 December 1997.
	3	In order to improve timeliness of the publication, some information for the current month may have been estimated due to late submission by respondents. These estimates will be revised in the next statistical release(s) as soon as actual information is available.
Scope of the survey	4	This survey covers electricity undertakings and establishments conducting activities concerned with the generation or transmission and distribution of electricity, including electrical power installations which, as subsidiary divisions of undertakings, produce electricity for regular use by these undertakings.
Classification	5	The 1993 edition of the Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (SIC), Fifth Edition, Report No. 09-90-02, was used to classify the statistical units in the survey. The SIC is based on the 1990 International Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (ISIC) with suitable adaptations for local conditions. Each statistical unit is classified to an industry, which reflects the predominant activity of the electricity undertaking or establishment.
Statistical unit	6	The basic statistical unit for the collection of information is the electricity undertaking or establishment. The electricity undertaking or establishment is the smallest economic unit that functions as a separate entity. Each statistical unit is classified to an industry (cf. paragraph 6).
Survey methodology and design	7	All statistical units are stratified by type of economic activity according to the Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (SIC) and measure of size, where measure of size is the volume of electricity generated by the electricity undertaking or establishment. All large undertakings or establishments (size category one cases) are completely enumerated. A sample is drawn from medium and small size undertakings and establishments by systematically selecting undertakings or establishment within each size category. An electricity undertaking or establishment with a total generating capacity of less than 500 kilowatt is excluded from the sample.
	8	The survey is conducted by mail each month collecting information from a sample of 21 electricity undertakings or establishments.

Monthly production indices	9	The calculation of the monthly production indices is based on the number of electricity units produced.
Benchmarking	10	The index of physical volume of electricity production should provide an accurate reflection of the trend of activities of the relevant industry. The level of activities as measured by the monthly Generation and Consumption of Electricity sample survey is based on information received from a sample of electricity undertakings and establishments which is weighted according to the original sample design in order to represent the population of electricity undertakings and establishments. It is necessary to adjust the level of activities as measured by the monthly sample survey to the level of activities as measured by the Census of Electricity, Gas and Steam. This procedure, whereby the latest results of an economic census are used to compile more accurate level estimates for a certain year, is known as benchmarking.
	11	The results of the 1995 Census of Electricity, Gas and Steam served as benchmarks to verify or adjust the level of the monthly physical volume of electricity production indices collected through the monthly sample survey. The level adjustments were done on the volume indices for July of the relevant census year (the 1995 census year covered the period 1 January 1995 to 31 December 1995 and, therefore, the benchmarking was done using the index of July 1995 as reference point). The results, due to benchmarking, were published in the October 1997 statistical release P4141 - Generation and Consumption of Electricity on 4 December 1997.
Seasonal adjustment	12	Seasonally adjusted estimates of all items are generated each month, using the X-11 Seasonal Adjustment Program developed by US Bureau of the Census Economic Research and Analyses Division, 1968. Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series can be more clearly recognised. Seasonal adjustment does not aim to remove irregular or non-seasonal influences, which may be present in any particular month. Influences that are volatile or unsystematic can still make it difficult to interpret the movement of the series even after adjustment for seasonal variations. This means the month-to-month movements of seasonally adjusted estimates may not be reliable indicators of trend behaviour.
Trend cycle	13	The trend is the long-term pattern or movement of a time series. The X-11 Seasonal Adjustment Program is used for smoothing seasonally adjusted estimates.
Related publications	14	Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which are available from Stats SA -
		<ul><li>Bulletin of Statistics.</li><li>SA Statistics.</li></ul>
Unpublished statistics	15	In some cases Stats SA can also make available statistics which are not published. The statistics can be made available as computer printouts, on diskette or CD. Generally a charge is made for providing unpublished statistics.
Rounding-off of figures	16	The figures in the tables have, where necessary, been rounded off to the nearest digit shown. There may, therefore, be slight discrepancies between the sums of the constituent items and the totals shown.

Pre-release policy	17	Stats SA has adopted the confidential pre-release policy in respect of selected economic indicators and specific government departments. The policy accords with practice among leading statistical agencies. The statistical integrity of the indices and strict observance of the release time has been assured by the following procedure:
	18	In respect of this statistical release, an official representative from the Office of the President, the Department of Trade and Industry, the Department of Finance and the South African Reserve Bank will receive a copy of the release on a strictly confidential basis two hours in advance of the public issue.
	19	Stats SA pre-release policy may be inspected at its Website, www.statssa.gov.za
Technical notes		
Response rates	The respo is 95,5%.	onse rate for the survey on the generation and consumption of electricity for April 2002

# Glossary

Electricity undertaking	An electricity undertaking is an undertaking concerned with the generation or transmission and distribution of electricity, including electrical power installations, which as subsidiary divisions of undertakings, produce electricity for regular use by these undertakings.
Establishment (branch)	An establishment (branch) is defined as the smallest economic unit, which operates as a separate entity for which comprehensive financial records are kept.
Index of physical volume of electricity production	The index of physical volume of electricity production or a production index is a statistical measure of the change in the volume of production. The production index of electricity is the ratio between the volume of production of electricity in a given period and the volume of production of electricity in the base period. The base period is 2000. The production in the base period is set at 100.
Industry	An industry consists of a group of undertakings or establishments engaged in the same or similar kinds of economic activity. Industries are defined in the 1993 System of National Accounts (1993 SNA) in the same way as in the Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (SIC), Fifth Edition, Report No. 09-90-02.
Unit of electricity	One unit of electricity is equal to 1 kilowatt-hour (kWh). One gigawatt-hours (gWh) of electricity is equal to one million kilowatt-hours.

# For more information

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