# P3041.2 Manufacturing: production and sales

July 2002

**Embargo: 13:00** 

Date: 10 September 2002

# $\ \, \text{Key figures as at the end of July 2002} \\$

	Actual estimates	July 2002	% change between July 2001 and July 2002	% change between May 2001 to July 2001 and May 2002 to July2002	% change between January 2001 to July 2001 and January 2002 to July 2002
volume of	Physical				
manufacturing index	production (1995=100)	116,8	+7,8	+5,6	+5,1
of sales manufactured	Total value of products (R million)	51 738,6	+25,4	+22,7	+21,7

	Seasonally adjusted estimates	July 2002	% change between June 2002 and July 2002	% change between February 2002 to April 2002 and May 2002 to July 2002
volume of	Physical			
manufacturing index	production (1995=100)	116,1	+5,0	+0,4
of sales manufactured	Total value  of  products (R million)	52 448,6	+6,9	+3,1

# Key findings as at the end of July 2002

#### MANUFACTURING PRODUCTION INCREASES

Manufacturing production for the three months ended July 2002 reflected an increase of 0,4% after seasonal adjustment compared with the previous three months. Higher production was reported by 14 of the 27 manufacturing divisions.

The major contributor to the increase of 0.4% after seasonal adjustment in the total manufacturing production was the food division (contributing +0.3 of a percentage point to the increase in total manufacturing production), followed by the plastic products (+0.2 of a percentage point), basic iron and steel products (+0.2 of a percentage point), machinery and equipment (+0.2 of a percentage point), electrical machinery (+0.2 of a percentage point) and motor vehicles, trailers, parts and accessories (+0.2 of a percentage point) divisions (cf. table A).

### SALES OF MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS INCREASE

The total value of sales of manufactured products at current prices for the three months ended July 2002 reflected an increase of 3,1% (+R4 550 million) after seasonal adjustment compared with the previous three months. Higher manufacturing sales were reported by 16 of the 27 manufacturing divisions during this period. Furthermore, the actual total value of sales of manufactured products at current prices for the three months ended July 2002 reflected an increase of 22,7% (+R28 413 million) compared with the three months ended July 2001. Higher manufacturing sales were reported by all 27 manufacturing divisions during this period.

The increase of 3,1% after seasonal adjustment in the total value of sales of manufactured products at current prices for the three months ended July 2002 compared with the previous three months was mainly due to large increases reported by the food and food products (+8,4% or +R1 618 million), coke and refined petroleum products (+7,6% or +R867 million), machinery and equipment (+7,1% or +R464 million), fabricated metal products (+5,7% or +R457 million) and basic iron and steel products (+4,4% or +R487 million) divisions (cf. table B).

The major contributors to the increase of 22,7% in the actual value of sales of manufactured products at current prices for the three months ended July 2002 compared with the three months ended July 2001 were the food and food products (+3,6 percentage points or +R4 554 million), motor vehicles, trailers, parts and accessories (+2,9 percentage points or +R3 639 million), basic iron and steel products (+2,5 percentage points or +R3 172 million), coke and refined petroleum products (+2,1 percentage points or +R2 599 million), 'other' chemical products (+1,3 percentage points or +R1 603 million), machinery and equipment (+1,3 percentage points or +R1 579 million) and fabricated metal products (+1,2 percentage points or +R1 575 million) divisions (cf. table C).

# **Contents**

content		Page
Notes		7
	······································	
Tables		
Table 1	Indices of the physical volume of manufacturing production: Total	8
Table 2	Indices of the physical volume of manufacturing production according to manufacturing divisions and major groups	9
Table 3	Value of sales of the manufacturing industry: Total (R'000)	10
Table 4	Value of sales of manufactured products according to manufacturing divisions and major groups (R'000)	11
Table 5	Value of unfilled orders according to selected manufacturing subgroups (R'000)	12
Addition	nal information	
	Explanatory notes	13
	Technical notes	17
	Glossary	18
	re information	20

# Notes

Forthcoming issues	Issue	Expected release date
	August 2002 September 2002 October 2002 November 2002 December 2002	8 October 2002 12 November 2002 10 December 2002 7 January 2003 11 February 2003
Purpose of the survey	sample survey cover corporations and gover industry in the South A calculate physical volu	uring Production and Sales Survey is a country-wide ing a sample of private establishments, public ment establishments operating in the manufacturing frican economy. The results of this survey are used to time of manufacturing production indices in order to Domestic Product (GDP) to monitor and develop

# **Additional information**

# **Explanatory notes**

### Introduction

- 1 Statistics South Africa (Stats SA) conducts a monthly sample survey of the manufacturing industry covering private manufacturing establishments (branches), public corporations and government establishments. This statistical release contains detailed information regarding indices of the physical volume of manufacturing production, the total value of sales of manufactured products and unfilled orders, according to manufacturing divisions and major groups on a monthly basis.
- In accordance to international practice, the indices have to be rebased every five years to a new base year. The indices in this statistical release have been calculated on the basis of 1995=100 since November 1997. Both actual and seasonally adjusted figures are presented.
- 3 In order to improve timeliness, some information for the current month (July) have been estimated due to late response. These estimates will be revised in the future statistical release(s) as soon as more up-to-date information is available.

# Scope of the survey

- 4 This survey covers manufacturing establishments conducting activities regarding -
  - the manufacturing, processing, making or packing of products;
  - the slaughtering of animals, including poultry; and
  - installation, assembly, completion, repair and related work.

#### Classification

The 1993 edition of the Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (SIC), Fifth Edition, Report No. 09-90-02, was used to classify the statistical units in the survey. The SIC is based on the 1990 International Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (ISIC) with suitable adaptations for local conditions. Statistics in this publication are presented at SIC division, major group and subgroup level. Each statistical unit is classified to an industry which reflects the predominant activity of the establishment (branch).

### Statistical unit

6 The basic statistical unit for the collection of information is the manufacturing establishment. An establishment is the smallest economic unit that functions as a separate entity. Each statistical unit is classified to an industry (cf. paragraph 6).

# Survey methodology 7 and design

The calculation of the monthly production indices is based on the value of products and articles manufactured, after the effect of price changes has been eliminated through deflation by using appropriate sub-indices of the Production Price Index (PPI). The value of the manufactured products is obtained from a monthly sample survey of manufacturing

establishments in the private and public sectors.

- **8** The survey is collected by mail each month from a sample of approximately 2 330 manufacturing establishments.
- 9 The above-mentioned measurement method in paragraph 7 was followed in 38 of the various major groups. On account of certain considerations more appropriate indicators were used for the seven remaining major groups namely grain mill products, tobacco products, coke and refined petroleum products, basic iron and steel products, basic precious and non-ferrous metal products, bodies for motor vehicles and 'other transport equipment". The volume indices for the major groups grain mill products, tobacco products, coke and refined petroleum products, basic iron and steel products, basic precious and non-ferrous metal products and bodies for motor vehicles are calculated on the basis of physical quantities. The major group tobacco products is included under 'Other' manufacturing industries. This method is also applied by other international statistical agencies for petroleum products due to the results being more satisfactory (mainly due to these commodities being relatively homogeneous and the nature of the industry). In the case of "other transport equipment" units such as ships and aircraft are completed over a relatively long period and establishments can often not report charges for work done continuously. The sales and charges for work done are only shown after completion of the product, which is not a true reflection of the real production for the month under consideration. Therefore the index for "other transport equipment" is calculated monthly according to man-hours worked.

Sample design

The 1988 Census of Manufacturing provided the sampling frame for the selection of the monthly sample regarding manufacturing production and sales which was implemented as from January 1995. A stratified systematic sample design based on gross output was used. All statistical units were stratified by type of economic activity according to the Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (SIC) and measure of size, where measure of size was the total manufacturing gross output of the establishment. All large establishments (size category one cases) are completely enumerated. A sample was drawn from medium and small size establishments by systematically selecting establishments with equal probability.

Benchmarking

11 The index of physical volume of manufacturing production as well as the total value of sales of manufactured products should provide an accurate reflection of the trend of activities of the relevant industry. The level of activities as measured by the monthly Manufacturing Production and Sales sample survey is based on information received from a sample of manufacturing establishments which is weighted according to the original sample design in order to represent the population of manufacturing establishments. It is necessary to adjust the level of activities as measured by the monthly sample survey to the level of

activities as measured periodically by the Census of Manufacturing. This procedure, whereby the latest results of an economic census are used to compile more accurate level estimates for a certain year, is known as benchmarking. The results, due to benchmarking, were published in statistical releases P3041.3 (entitled Manufacturing statistics: Indices of the physical volume of manufacturing production, Base: 1995=100, January 1990 to September 1999) on 21 December 1999 and P3041.4 (entitled Manufacturing statistics: Value of sales, January 1990 to September 1999) on 8 December 1999.

The results of the 1991, 1993 and 1996 Censuses of Manufacturing and 12 information obtained from the former TBVC states were used to adjust the level of the manufacturing production indices and the value of sales of manufactured products. The total value of output of the manufacturing major groups (which represents the total value of work done by the establishments in these major groups) as obtained from the manufacturing censuses, was deflated with appropriate sub-indices of the Production Price Index in order to calculate the real output. The latter served as benchmarks to verify or adjust the level of the monthly physical volume of manufacturing production indices. The level adjustments were done on the volume indices for January of the relevant census year (e.g. the 1996 census year covers the period 1 July 1995 to 30 June 1996 and therefore the benchmarking was done using the index of January 1996 as reference point). The motor vehicle major group is the only exception where the financial year for most of the establishments covered the period 1 January 1995 to 31 December 1995. The benchmarking was done using the physical volume of manufacturing production index for July 1995 as reference point.

Production index for 13 the total manufacturing industry In order to calculate a production index for the total manufacturing industry, the production indices for the major groups are combined as follows:

A weight is calculated for every major group according to the value added of the relevant major group compared with the value added to the total manufacturing industry based on the 1991, 1993 and 1996 Censuses of Manufacturing. Weights between census years are fixed and are based on the results of the most recent Census of Manufacturing. The production indices of all the major groups are multiplied by the applicable weights and aggregated to reflect the total physical volume of manufacturing production index.

Seasonal adjustment

14

Seasonally adjusted estimates of all items are generated each month, using the X-11 Seasonal Adjustment Program developed by US Bureau of the Census Economic Research and Analyses Division, 1968. Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series can be more clearly recognised. Seasonal adjustment does not aim to remove irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month. Influences that are volatile or unsystematic can still make it difficult to interpret the

movement of the series even after adjustment for seasonal variations. This means the month-to-month movements of seasonally adjusted estimates may not be reliable indicators of trend behaviour.

# Trend cycle

15 The trend is the long-term pattern or movement of a time series. The X-11 Seasonal Adjustment Program is used for smoothing seasonally adjusted estimates.

# Reliability estimates

of 16

17

Estimates are subject to sampling and non-sampling errors. Figures for the latest month are preliminary.

#### Historical data

More comprehensive detail on the method of calculation and historical data in respect of the production indices according to manufacturing major groups and the value of sales for the period January 1990 to September 1999 were published in statistical releases P3041.3 (entitled Manufacturing statistics: Indices of the physical volume of manufacturing production, Base: 1995=100, January 1990 to September 1999) on 21 December 1999 and P3041.4 (entitled Manufacturing statistics: Value of sales, January 1990 to September 1999) on 8 December 1999.

# **Related publications**

- 18 Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which are available from Stats SA -
  - P3041.3 Manufacturing statistics: Indices of the physical volume of manufacturing production, Base: 1995=100, January 1990 to September 1999.
  - P3041.4 Manufacturing statistics: Value of sales (divisions, major groups and subgroups), January 1990 to September 1999.
  - Bulletin of Statistics.
  - SA Statistics.
  - P0441 Gross Domestic Product.

# **Unpublished statistics**

In some cases Stats SA can also make available statistics which are not published. The statistics can be made available as: computer printouts, diskette and CD. Generally a charge is made for providing unpublished statistics.

# Rounding-off figures

of 20

19

The figures in the tables have, where necessary, been rounded off to the nearest final digit shown. There may, therefore, be slight discrepancies between the sums of the constituent items and the totals shown.

# **Pre-release policy**

21

Stats SA has adopted the confidential pre-release policy in respect of selected economic indicators and specific government departments. The policy accords with practice among leading statistical agencies. The statistical integrity of the indices and strict observance of the release time has been assured by the following procedure: in respect of this statistical release, an official representative from the

Office of the President, the Office of the Deputy President, the Department of Trade and Industry, the Department of Finance and the South African Reserve Bank receive a copy of the release on a strictly confidential basis two hours in advance of the public issue.

22 Stats SA's pre-release policy may be inspected at its Website, www.statssa.gov.za.

# Symbols and abbreviations

GDP Gross Domestic Product

ISIC International Standard Classification of all Economic

Activities

PPI Production Price Index

SIC Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic

Activities

SNA System of National Accounts

Stats SA Statistics South Africa

TBVC states Relates to the former Transkei, Bophuthatswana, Venda

and Ciskei states

1/ Preliminary figures\* Revised figures

# **Technical notes**

# **Response rates**

The response rate for the survey on manufacturing production and sales for July 2002 is 77,9%. The response rates by manufacturing major division are tabulated in table D.

Table D - Response rates for July 2002

Manufacturing major divisions	Sample No. of establishments	% response
Food and food products	306	75,8
Beverages	65	87,7
Textile	111	89,2
Total wearing apparel	130	86,9
Tanning and dressing of leather	26	88,5
Footwear	20 21	85,7
Wood and products of wood	123	73,2
Paper and paper products	93	75,2 75,3
Total publishing and printing	89	71,9
Coke and refined petroleum products	30	76,7
Basic chemicals	78	79,5
Other chemical products	108	75,9
Rubber products	19	100,0
Plastic products	88	75,0
Glass and glass products	14	85,7
Other non-metallic mineral products	133	73,7
Basic iron and steel products	42	81,0
Basic precious and non-ferrous metal products	23	78,3
Fabricated metal products	230	73,0
Total machinery and equipment	181	84,0
Electrical machinery, apparatus	76	71,1
Radio, television and communication apparatus	23	73,9
Professional equipment	29	75,9
Motor vehicles; trailers; parts and accessories	115	80,9
Other transport equipment	35	71,4
Furniture	60	70,0
Other manufacturing industries	82	74,4
Total	2 330	77,9

# Glossary

# **Enterprise**

An enterprise (firm) is a legal entity consisting of one or more establishments. The establishments need not necessarily all be manufacturing establishments, but some may be classifiable as other industries of the economy, such as wholesale trade, retail trade, motor trade and construction.

# **Establishment**

An establishment is defined as an enterprise (firm), or part of an enterprise, that is situated at a single location and in which only a single (non-ancillary) productive activity is carried out or in which the principal productive activity accounts for most of the value added.

# Index of physical volume of manufacturing production

The index of physical volume of manufacturing production or a production index is a statistical measure of the change in the volume of production. The production index of a major group is the ratio between the volume of production of a major group in a given period and the volume of production of the same major group in the base period. The base period is 1995. The production in the base period is set at 100.

# **Industry**

An industry consists of a group of establishments engaged in the same or similar kinds of economic activity. Industries are defined in the System of National Accounts (SNA) in the same way as in the Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities, Fifth Edition, Report No. 09-90-02 of January 1993 (SIC).

# **Intercensal period**

Intercensal period is the period between January of the one census year and January of the next census year.

# **Intermediate consumption**

Intermediate consumption includes -

- purchases and transfers-in of materials;
- payments to other establishments for work done;
- other direct factory costs;
- rent and leasing paid;
- head office charges;
- royalties, copyright, trade names and patent rights paid;
- advertising;
- insurance premiums;
- services; and
- secretarial and administrative fees.

### Output

Output is the aggregate value of goods manufactured and work done.

Output includes -

 sales and transfers-out of own manufactures, factory waste and stocks of factored

- goods;
- repairs;
- installation, erection and assembly;
- sundry trading revenue;
- sales of factored goods minus purchases of factored goods;
- rent and leasing received;
- royalties received;
- difference between opening value and closing value of work in progress, stocks of own manufactures and stocks of factored goods;
- head office charges; and
- other revenue.

# Output excludes -

• excise and customs duty paid.

#### Value added

Value added is the value of output less intermediate consumption. It represents the value added to the cost of the materials used in the process of production.

#### Sales

Sales are the total value of sales and transfers-out of all own manufactured products/articles and the amounts received for installation, erection or assembly or other services rendered.

# Weight

The weight of a major group is the ratio of the value added of a major group (i.e. output of a major group minus intermediate consumption) to the total value added of the manufacturing industry. The weight of a major group reflects the importance of the major group in the total manufacturing industry. The weights change over time due to quality changes, changes in relative prices, and changes in preference, etc. New weights need to be calculated from time to time.

### FOR MORE INFORMATION

Stats SA publishes approximately 300 different statistical releases each year. It is not economically viable to produce them in more than one of South Africa's eleven official languages. Since the releases are used extensively, not only locally but also by international economic and social-scientific communities, Stats SA releases are published in English only.

Stats SA has copyright on this publication. Users may apply the information as they wish, provided that they acknowledge Stats SA as the source of the basic data wherever they process, apply, utilise, publish or distribute the data; and also that they specify that the relevant application and analysis (where applicable) result from their own processing of the data.

### Advance release calendar

An advance release calendar is disseminated on http://www/statssa.gov.za

# Stats SA products

A complete set of Stats SA publications is available at the Stats SA Library and the following libraries:

National Library of South Africa, Pretoria Division
National Library of South Africa, Cape Town Division
Natal Society Library, Pietermaritzburg
Library of Parliament, Cape Town
Bloemfontein Public Library
Johannesburg Public Library
Eastern Cape Library Services, King William's Town
Central Regional Library, Pietersburg
Central Reference Library, Nelspruit
Central Reference Collection, Kimberley
Central Reference Library, Mmabatho

Stats SA also provides a subscription service.

### **Electronic services**

A large range of data are available via on-line services, diskette and computer printouts. For more details about our electronic data services, contact (012) 310 8600/8095/8390/8351.

You can visit us on the Internet at: http://www.statssa.gov.za

# **Enquiries**

Telephone number: (012) 310 8600/8095/8390/8351 (user enquiries)

(012) 310 8233/310 8669 (technical enquiries)

(012) 310 8161 (publications) (012) 310 8490 (library)

Fax number: (012) 310 8332

E-mail address: Dawnvd@statssa.gov.za

Teresam@statssa.gov.za

Postal address: Private Bag X44, Pretoria, 0001

Table A - Contribution of the production by the different manufacturing divisions to the total manufacturing production (Base 1995=100)

Percentage Quarterly | Contribution Average |contribu-|tion to the |total manuseasonally adjusted (percentage points) to Manufacturing percentage change (May 2002 production the seasoto July 2002 facturing index for nally adjusted quarterly production the three in the base months compared with the percentage May 2002 to July 2002 year 1995 change in preceding three total manu-facturing (Weights) months) |production 1/ Food and food products +3,0 10,7 +0,3 102,7 -0,9 -2,5 +2,7 +10,7 +0,4 Beverages Total textiles 4,6 103,6 -0,0 -0,1 Total wearing apparel 3.6 86.1 +0.1 Tanning and dressing of leather 0,4 124,1 Footwear +0,0 Wood and products of wood Paper and paper products 1,9 130,1 107,8 -0,6 -4,6 -0,0 -0,2 Total publishing and printing Coke and refined petroleum 4,1 82,6 -2,6 -0,1 +2,7 -2,7 -1,5 products Basic chemicals Other chemical products 4.2 109.0 +0.1 4,5 153,1 114,1 -0,1 -0,1 6,2 Rubber products Plastic products 1 4 108.1 -3.6 -0 1 115,3 +0,2 Glass and glass products Other non-metallic mineral 1,0 109,6 +4,8 +0,1 products 3,5 94,7 -3,7 -0,1 Basic iron and steel products 7,6 119,6 +2,7 +0,2 Basic precious and non-ferrous 179,4 121,6 3,2 7,0 +1,2 -1,5 metal products Fabricated metal products +0 0 Total machinery and equipment
Electrical machinery, apparatus
Radio, television and
communication apparatus
Professional equipment 5.8 121.2 +3.1 +0.2 109,5 +4,9 +0,2 0,5 +2,2 +0,0 Motor vehicles; trailers; parts and accessories 8,0 130,9 +2,5 +0,2 Other transport equipment 1,0 132,8 -5,3 -0,1 +1,6 +0,0 Furniture 1,6 102,7 Other manufacturing divisions 2,6 116,4 100,0 114,4

<sup>1/</sup> The contribution is calculated by multiplying the quarterly percentage change of each manufacturing division with its corresponding weight in the base year, divided by 100.

Table 1 - Indices of the physical volume of manufacturing production: Total

Base 1995 = 100

				Dase 1993 -	100		
Month	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000*	2001*	2002
				Actual indic	es		
 J I	83.6	89.8	89.6	88.0	90.8	95.6	99,5*
F	96.7	103,1	101.1	98,3	104,2	108,4	110,7*
M	102,6	102,5	102,7	102,2	111,1	113,3	116,1*
A I	96.4	105,5	96.3	95.2	94,5	99,9	110,9*
M	104,1	106,2	101,1	100,7	106,1	107,4	116,8*
J	102,9	104,9	104,5	100,0	108,5	111,5	111,8
J	104.7	108.2	104,4	103,6	106.6	108,3	116.8 1/
A	107.8	105.8	99,9	102.7	108.6	107.6	
s	105,2	108,2	106,8	106,1	111,2	110,3	
o i	115,8	119,1	111,7	112,6	116,9	123,0	
n i	114.4	111.7	109.8	115.6	119.7	123.9	
D	83,7	86,9	85,3	91,3	95,0	97,0	
Year	101,5	104,3	101,1	101,4	106,1	108,9	
				Seasonally ad	justed indice	s	
J I	98,9	105,1	104,1	101,3	103,3	108,5	113,1
F	98.6	105,1	102.7	99.9	105,6	109,8	111.8
M	99,1	99.7	100,2	99,4	107,6	109,3	111,8
A	102.0	110,8	101,1	100,1	99,7	105,7	118,3
M	103,9	105,4	100,3	100,2	105,5	106,8	116,4
Jİ	101,6	103,5	103,1	98,8	107,0	110,1	110,6
J	102,7	106,0	102,5	102,1	105,3	107,4	116,1
A	104,8	103,4	98,2	101,4	107,6	106,6	
s	100,4	103,4	102,5	102,0	107,2	106,4	
o i	103,5	106,5	100,5	101,6	106,0	111,4	
1	103.1	100.9	99.2	104.4	108.0	111.4	
N							

<sup>\*</sup> Revised 1/ Preliminary

 $\mbox{Table 2 - Indices of the physical volume of manufacturing production according to manufacturing divisions and major groups$ 

Base 1995 = 100

Manufacturing	 				es 			
	Weights	į į	July		July 1/			
			0001		002	0001		
Food and food products Meat, fish, fruit etc. Dairy products Grain mill products Other food products Beverages Total textiles Textiles Other textile products Total wearing apparel Knitted, crocheted articles Wearing apparel Tanning and dressing of leather Footwear Wood and products of wood Sawmilling and planing of wood Products of wood Paper and paper products Total publishing Publishing Printing, recorded media Coke and refined petroleum	10,7	104,3*	100,7	105,2	96,5	104,1	103,3	100,
Meat, fish, fruit etc.	2,8	120,0*	109,3	126,3	120,6	119,2	130,0	131,
Dairy products	1,4	92,4*	83,3	81,8	84,8	88,8	89,0	90,
Grain mill products	2,1	99,8	97,4	101,0	103,1	95,1	99,8	101,
Other food products	4,4	100,1	102,2	100,8	81,4	103,4	92,1	83,
Beverages	4,6	98,5*	78,7	95,6	83,4	93,8	103,8	101
Toytilog	1 1 7	06 2	90,7	100,0	107,6	92,7	00 0	101,
Other textile products	1 1 2	1110 8 1	107.6	123 4	123 5	103,3	117 9	119
Total wearing apparel	3 6	78 9	75 7	75 7	85 2	75.8	84 5	85
Knitted, crocheted articles	0.6	76.5	75.5	79.9	87.7	74.0	79.5	86.
Wearing apparel	3.0	79.4	75.7	74.8	84.7	76.2	85.5	85.
Tanning and dressing of leather	0,4	114,8	115,3	114,6	127,4	115,4	117,8	126,
Footwear	0,9	53,9	53,5	45,2	57,0	53,0	44,8	56,
Wood and products of wood	1,9	120,8	122,8	128,2	127,2	119,6	124,5	124,
Sawmilling and planing of wood	0,8	101,5	106,3	117,9	108,7	100,5	115,4	103,
Products of wood	1,2	133,4	133,6	135,0	139,3	132,2	130,5	139,
Paper and paper products	5,3	103,5	100,2	111,7	108,6	100,9	109,6	109,
Total publishing and printing	4,1	83,8	82,3	82,3	76,6	84,5	84,1	79,
Publishing	1,5	96,2	91,0	87,9	80,9	98,1	89,4	88,
Printing, recorded media	2,6	76,8	77,4	79,2	74,2	76,9	81,1	74,
Coke and refined petroleum	1 1 2	11046	100 0	100 1	105 6	104.4	100.7	107
products Basic chemicals	4,2	1140 2	102,8	109,1	105,6 153,0 113,8 120,7 116,5 108,0	104,4	109,7	107,
	1 6 2	140,3    106 1*	104 3	143,9	113.0	103 6	110 6	113
Other chemical products Rubber products	1 1 4	993	111 0	99 7	120 7	107 1	100,5	115,
Plastic products	3.1	97.0	98.7	112.4	116.5	96.5	114.5	114.
Glass and glass products	1.0	98.9	97.4	110.4	108.0	98.6	109.4	108,
Other non-metallic mineral								
products	3,5	97,9*	102,3	92,0	100,5	99,4	85,2	98,
products Basic iron and steel products	7,6	115,3	115,3	122,5	137,1	110,0	116,8	130,
Basic precious and non-ferrous								
metal products	3,2	171,8*	181,9	176,1	187,1	172,1	175,0	177,
Fabricated metal products	7,0	110,8	113,6	116,8	125,3	110,9	117,4	122,
Structural metal products	2,4	1100,8	108,2	101,3	107,2	105,5	103,3	104,
Other labricated metal product	4,6	110,1	116,3	124,8	134,6	113,7	124,6	132,
Conoral nurnoso machinery	] 3,6   3,6	1112 2	102,6	120.7	130,0	99,4	100 7	126,
Special purpose machinery	2,3	1104 3	102 9	117 5	129.5	90,9	117 5	125,
Household appliances	0.4	118.8	121.9	133.2	133.9	114.5	120.3	126.
Basic precious and non-ferrous metal products Fabricated metal products Structural metal products Other fabricated metal product Total machinery and equipment General purpose machinery Household appliances Electrical machinery, apparatus Fadio television and	3,4	102.7	100,3	110.6	111.4	99.3	105.3	111.
Radio, television and								
communication apparatus	1,0	94,5*	84,1	86,5	74,6 104,9	87,1	86,5	78,
Professional equipment	0,5	83,4*	89,4	104,3	104,9	82,9	100,4	96,
Motor vehicles; trailers;								
parts and accessories	8,0	129,6*	134,7	119,9	148,8 131,2	129,4	114,0	143,
Motor vehicles	4,5	127,6	136,0	115,2	131,2	129,8	102,7	124,
Bodies for motor vehicles;								
trailers and semi-trailers	0,5	66,7	53,8	72,8	68,1	58,1	69,2	74,
Parts and accessories	3,0	144,2*	147,6	135,7	190,0	141,8	139,2	183,
Otner transport equipment	1,0	122,1*	130,6	146,0	118,0	125,1	142,7	113,
trailers and semi-trailers Parts and accessories Other transport equipment Furniture Other manufacturing divisions	1 1,6	98,3	96,⊥ 121.7	92,6	104,4 126.2	99,8	100 0	108,
Total	100,0	108.9*	108.3	111.8	116,8	107.4	110,6	116,

Table 3 - Value of sales of the manufacturing industry: Total (R'000)

										Actua	l vai	 lues									
			249		254	400		013	926		407	920			999		040	 668		406	432*
F			500			793			544			551			589			945			409*
M		188			866				538			131				42					364*
A	26				438				879			742		716				330			802*
M			052			091	30					846			010			304			017*
J	28	261	416		575				893			598		779	272			155		189	251
J	28	378	392	31	169	707	31	732	667	33	319	382	36	303	946			454			608
A	29	568	761	31	400	042	30	810	619	33	643	307	39	061	898	41	235	238			
S	29	549	724	31	344	644	32	896	327	35	776	740	39	988	077	42	414	976			
0	33	070	022	35	902		34					163				48					
N	33	084	713	33	709	581	34	300	610	38	913	647	43	959	297	49	560	508			
D	26	338	721	28	128	922	29	016	347	33	052	001	37	317	870	42	305	652			
Year	339	096	803	368	283	280	373	568	657	398	289	028	448	882	075	503	379	968			
										Season											
J			959							31						39					779
F	26	819	868	30	515	919	30	618	139	31	408	485	35	894	447	40	209	406	47	843	851
M	26	888	626		706		30									40				227	857
A	27				099		31					658		–		40					212
M			477		705				311			662			095			191	51		
J			384		222				510				37					134	49		
J	28				161				260			118			042			385	52	448	556
A	28				748				623			579			781	40					
S	28				165				760			873				41					
0	29					179	31									44					
N D				30			30	812	880	34											
	1 29	270	925	30	822	387	31	456	632	35	877	136	40	446	480	45	498	533			

P3041.2

Table 4 - Value of sales of manufactured products according to manufacturing divisions and major groups (R'000)

Manufacturing	l								valı									tea 1			
divisions and major groups		Year	r		uly			une				1/	:	July		3	June		Jι	ıly	
and major groups		2001		:	2001				20	002				2001				2002			
	   67											742	   5	539	300	7	093	609	6	927	982
	20				601			175				896			152			724		273	458
	7	941	251	İ	632	666		698	653		744	078	ĺ	672	976		750	438		794	156
	17					811						986			667			777			
	21				854				839			782		831						788	
	23			1	618				071			730	1		532			427			
	11			ļ		287				1		965	ļ			1				135	
	6					718 569			069 361			540		575 320				806 714		725	
	4			1		753				1		425 183			012			239	1	410	
	1 1			1		324			378	1		760			326			425		195	
Wearing apparel			462	ł		429			977			423		748				814		858	
Tanning and dressing of leather				l		264			749			589			811			593		282	
Footwear			373	i	179			151				377	i	170				829		181	
Wood and products of wood	10	174	337	İ	888	356		996	580	1	042	678	İ	851	722		973	932	1	000	470
Sawmilling and planing of wood				ĺ	239	535		292	890			301	İ	229	543		279	549		293	390
Products of wood			474			821			690			377		622				383		707	
Paper and paper products			997	2								366						656			
Total publishing and printing			990			717	1		307	1		607	1		099	1		570	1		
Publishing			601			260			522			020			520			454		444	
Printing, recorded media	7	181	389	ļ	584	457		680	785		683	587	ļ	602	579		719	116		710	565
Coke and refined petroleum	2.5		200	_	255	000	-	001	1.64		220	005	_	426		_				200	
products			329 064		375 179				164 523			887 686			722 901			508 737		398 558	
Basic chemicals Other chemical products	25				179							515		491				178			
Rubber products			083	4		625	2		720	2		279	4	491		2		945	2	608	
Plastic products			216	1 1	002		1		183	1						1		091	1	292	
Glass and glass products			584	-		629	_		235	-		891			628	_		432	-	279	
Other non-metallic mineral	i -			i									i								
products	12	216	261	1	018	326	1	075	782	1	222	490	İ	995	889		999	456	1	202	122
Basic iron and steel products	35	607	441	2	732	670	4	034	601	3	825	124	2	886	112	3	816	919	4	050	471
Basic precious and non-ferrous	ĺ			ĺ									ĺ								
metal products			477			212			693		871			270				727			
Fabricated metal products			470	2	290		2	710		2	860		2		252	2		315		831	
Structural metal products			860	_		948	_		323			790	_		101			834		885	
Other fabricated metal product Total machinery and equipment					549	439 572			516			809 454	-	810	151	_		481 290	_	946 368	
General purpose machinery	21					222						312	1 +	793		2		430		968	
Special purpose machinery			479	ł								996				1		516			
Household appliances			018	ŀ		182			435	_		146			271	_		345		230	
Electrical machinery, apparatus						321				1			1			1		970			
Radio, television and communication apparatus	>	621	854	1	225	918		410	203		222	847		240	831		270	262		351	400
Professional equipment			936	ł		500			587			233	-	136				618		169	
Motor vehicles; trailers;	+	057	230	1	130	500		100	307		109	233		130	233		103	010		109	001
parts and accessories	65	043	901	5	604	984	6	218	282	7	090	902	5	480	927	5	797	000	6	987	386
Motor vehicles			893		953			357				508			775			193		906	
Bodies for motor vehicles;	İ			İ									į								
trailers and semi-trailers			464			590			407			468			677			790		169	
Parts and accessories			544	1		756	1			1		926	1			1		017	1		
	3					126			576			767			814			902		330	
Furniture Other manufacturing divisions			972 541	,		650 353			431 842			269 654	1		976	1		665	1	598	
	İ			·									·								
Total	1503	379	968	141	258	454	50	189	251	51	738	608	41	744	385	49	079	424	52	448	556

12 P3041.2

Table 5 - Value of unfilled orders according to selected manufacturing subgroups (R'000)

Selected	 		AC		alues		·				ed values	
manufacturing subgroups	   July	.	June		July 1	/	   July		   Ju	ne	   Jul	У
	200			2	1002		200	1		200	)2	
Spinning, weaving and finishing of textiles	229		301	160	331	804	227	511	29:	508	328	566
Tents, tarpaulins, sails and other canvas goods and												
automotive textile goods		804		501		226	1	003	-	153		714
Other textile articles Knitted and crotcheted		128		858	-	286		109		573		738
fabrics and articles	105			956	144			697		3 293		065
Wearing apparel Sawmilling and preserving	649 	939	796	110	779	686	666	678	82	900	799	880
of timber Veneer sheets, plywood,	20 	527	24	934	18	115	20	190	20	226	17	779
laminboard, etc. Builders' carpentry	21 	972	27	133	24	817	21	113	2!	958	23	778
and joinery	40	628	45	543	46	516	39	674	4!	999	45	873
Pulp, paper and paperboard Corrugated paper and paper-	379	856	151	350	546	292	323	908	14:	674	463	707
board and containers	377	074	323	904	381	969	377	783	341	5 597	379	259
Paints, varnishes and coatings		523		624		477	1	571		3 033		602
Basic iron and steel products	3 416		4 874		4 677		3 434			5 534	4 694	
Steel pipe and tube mills	188			018	563			585		897		761
ferrous metal products	1 1 834	841	1 883	015	1 850	248	1 786	054	1 74	260	1 790	389
Metal structures, parts Cutlery, hand tools and	1 597		1 549		1 525		1 494			168	1 418	
general hardware Metal containers, e.g. cans	17	114	28	764	26	350	18	559	3	070	29	227
and tins	80	209	66	473	67	954	82	125	6	926	69	502
Cables, wire products, springs		521		452		765	1	599		8 838		319
Metal fasteners		356		860		708		442		781		574
All other metal products	504	865	855	966	844	692	511	279	846	091	869	312
Domestic appliances Electric motors, generators	31	006	33	822	28	781	29	646	3:	3 297	27	413
and transformers	414	859	441	731	425	320	393	226	40	7 790	401	853
Insulated wire and cables Accumulators, primary cells	425	345	387	156	366	939	410	749	358	844	352	155
and primary batteries Television, radio and	14	376	5	446	5	266	14	998	!	269	5	492
communication apparatus	2 049	522	2 416	800	2 262	994	1 969	013	2 25	925	2 160	223
Motor vehicles	2 186		2 620		2 479		2 296			883	2 600	
Parts and accessories for	50				,,				_ 50.			
motor vehicles	380	413	494	532	669	034	343	809	479	028	602	340
Furniture	236			683		689		662		618		876

Table C - Contribution of the manufacturing divisions to total value of sales of manufactured products  $\,$ 

Manufacturing	Percentage contribution to total value of sales of manufactured products May 2001 to July 2001	Percentage change between May 2001 to July 2001 and May 2002 to July 2002	Contribution   (percentage points) to the percentage change in the total value of sales of manufactured products 1/	in sales of manufacturing divisions between May 2001 to July 2001 and
	 			R'000
Food and food products Beverages Total textiles Total Wearing apparel Tanning and dressing of leather Footwear Wood and products of wood Paper and paper products Total publishing and printing Coke and refined petroleum products Basic chemical products Rubber products Plastic products Slass and glass products Other non-metallic mineral products Basic iron and steel products Basic precious and non-ferrous metal products Total machinery and equipment Electrical machinery, apparatus Radio, television and communication apparatus Professional equipment Motor vehicles; trailers;	0,4 2,1 5,1 2,4 7,7 5,0 5,7 1,1 2,4 0,5 2,5 6,9	27,6 14,4 22,5 13,2 14,3 0,7 20,6 17,2 14,6  27,1 19,6 22,6 20,2 25,4 17,9  11,7 36,9  21,9 22,7 28,7 23,5  33,7 31,7	3,6 0,6 0,5 0,3 0,1 0,0 0,4 0,9 0,4 2,1 1,0 1,3 0,2 0,6 0,1 0,3 2,5 0,8 1,2 1,3 0,7	4 554 245 732 595 653 961 347 093 104 855 3 711 537 326 1 097 286 429 588 2 598 834 1 232 721 1 603 232 286 572 776 071 120 200 368 768 3 171 555 971 591 1 574 518 1 579 077 838 156 266 015 127 164
parts and accessories Other transport equipment Furniture	13,5 0,7 1,3	21,5 23,0 12,4	2,9 0,2 0,2	3 638 859 200 873 200 134
Other manufacturing divisions	3,2	9,9 22,7	0,3	397 963 

<sup>| 1001 | 22,7 22,7 28 412 9

1/</sup> The contribution (percentage points) is calculated by multiplying the percentage change of each manufacturing division with the percentage contribution of the same division during corresponding period, divided by 100.

Table B - Contribution of the manufacturing divisions to the total value of seasonally adjusted sales of manufactured products  $\,$ 

Manufacturing Divisions	Seasonally adjusted sales May 2002 to July 2002	chamge between February 2002 to April 2002 and	Difference in seasonally adjusted sales of manufacturing divisions between February 2002 to April 2002 and May 2002 to July 2002 R:000
Food and food products	20 924 381	+8,4	1 618 242
Beverages	6 701 933	+4,6	292 676
Total textiles	3 355 875	+4,4	140 524
Total Wearing apparel	3 087 052	+5,2	151 403
Tanning and dressing of leather	797 500	-1,8	-14 228
Footwear	515 521	+1,1	5 588
Wood and products of wood	3 035 442	-1,6	-50 843
Paper and paper products	7 289 608	-3,3	-248 182
Total publishing and printing	3 501 695	+4,8	159 181
Coke and refined petroleum   products	12 251 568	+7,6	867 278
Basic chemicals	7 721 608	-0,8	-65 072
Other chemical products	8 938 443	+3,7	315 367
Rubber products	1 658 946	+0,9	14 366
Plastic products	3 815 915	+6.0	217 284
Glass and glass products	824 179	+4,5	35 755
Other non-metallic mineral		, .	
products	3 383 908	-1,8	-60 665
Basic iron and steel products	11 621 341	+4,4	486 653
Basic precious and non-ferrous			į
metal products	5 284 275	-2,0	-109 987
Fabricated metal products	8 464 439	+5,7	456 647
Total machinery and equipment	6 959 962	+7,1	463 723
Electrical machinery, apparatus	4 299 418	+5,5	224 752
Radio, television and	1 000 000	0.0	500
communication apparatus	1 077 823	-0,0	-527 25 251
Professional equipment   Motor vehicles; trailers;	508 393	+5,2	Z5 Z51
parts and accessories	19 789 821	-0.6	-123 446
Other transport equipment	1 051 267	-4,5	-49 418
Furniture	1 799 157	-1,8	-33 239
Other manufacturing industries	4 297 982	-3,8	-170 605
Total	152 957 450	+3,1	4 549 530