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SUMMARY OF FINDINGS: MINING PRODUCTION AND MINERAL SALES

Key findings regarding mining production as at the end of October 2008

Seasonally adjusted mining production increases

The total mining production for the three months ended October 2008, after seasonal adjustment, increased by 4,9% compared with the previous three months. The main contributors to the 4,9% increase were PGMs (8,0 percentage points), iron ore (0,3 of a percentage point) and nickel (0,2 of a percentage point) (see Table 4).

The total mining production for the three months ended October 2008 decreased by 2,4% compared with the three months ended October 2007. The actual total mining production for October 2008 increased by 3,5% compared with October 2007, largely attributable to an increase of 6,5% in non-gold mineral production (see Table A).

Key figures regarding mining production as at the end of October 2008

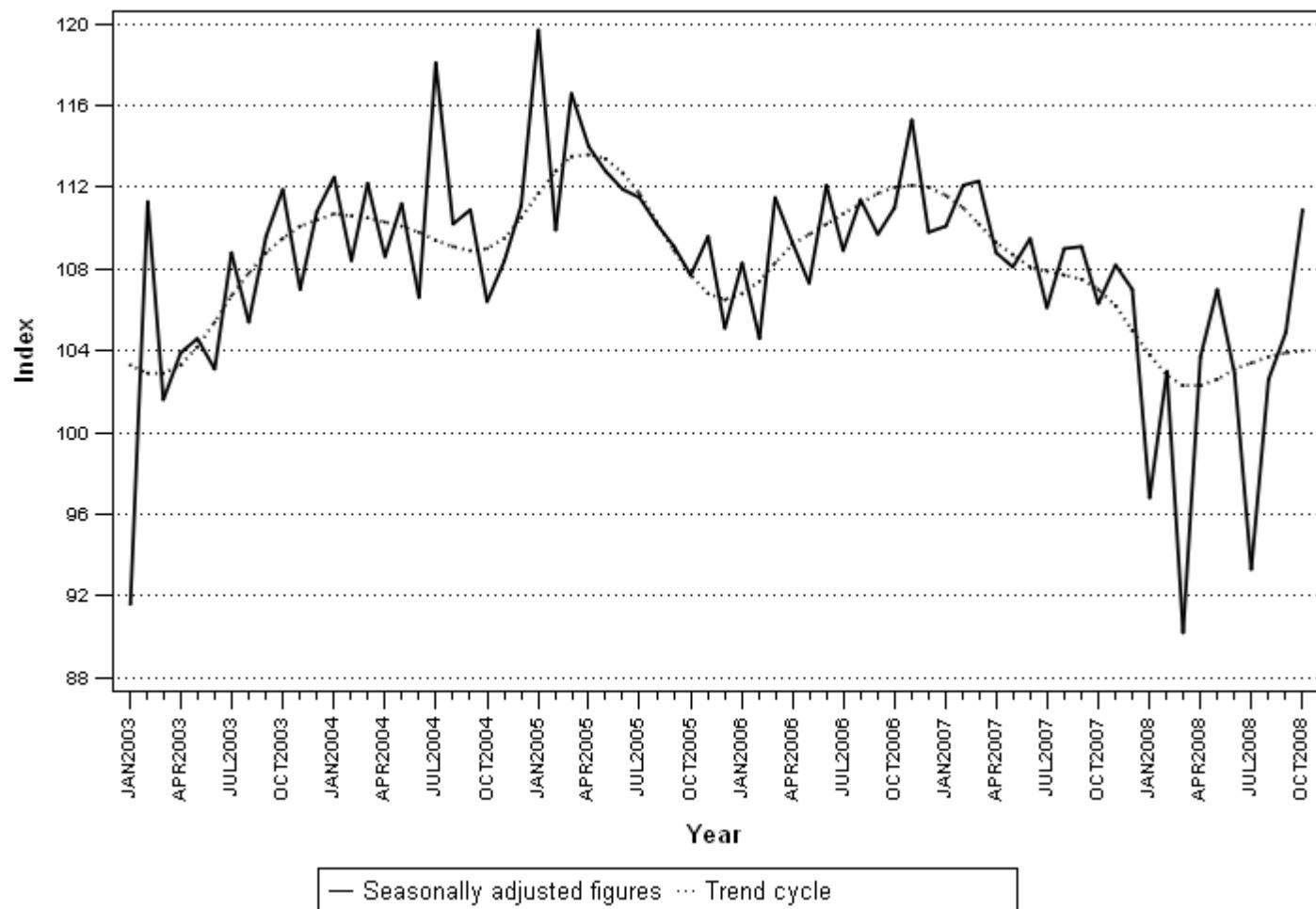
Table A – Selected key figures regarding mining production for October 2008

Actual estimates	Base : 2000=100		
	October 2008	% change between October 2007 and October 2008	% change between August to October 2007 and August to October 2008
Index of the physical volume of mining production			
Gold	50,0	-14,4	-17,8
Non-gold	130,2	6,5	0,2
Total	109,6	3,5	-2,4

Shorter term seasonally adjusted estimates	Base : 2000=100		
	October 2008	% change between September and October 2008	% change between May to July and August to October 2008
Index of the physical volume of mining production			
Gold	48,9	0,0	-6,6
Non-gold	132,4	6,5	6,8
Total	110,9	5,7	4,9

Figure 1 shows the seasonally adjusted figures and trend series for the index of total mining production between January 2003 and October 2008.

Figure 1 – Monthly indices of physical volume of total mining production (Base: 2000=100)



Key findings regarding mineral sales as at the end of September 2008

Seasonally adjusted mineral sales decrease

The total seasonally adjusted value of mineral sales at current prices for the third quarter of 2008 reflected a decrease of 1,1% compared with the second quarter of 2008. This decrease of 1,1% (R862,4 million) can be attributed to a decrease of 9,7% (R1 132,1 million) in gold sales (see Table B and Table 16).

However, the actual estimated total value of mineral sales at current prices for the third quarter of 2008 increased by 47,6% compared with the third quarter of 2007. The major contributors to this increase of 47,6%, year-on-year, were coal (15,0 percentage points or R8 242,9 million), PGMs (11,5 percentage points or R6 335,6 million) and manganese ore (9,9 percentage points or R5 435,3 million) (see Table 8).

Key figures regarding mineral sales as at the end of September 2008

Table B – Selected key figures regarding mineral sales for September 2008

Actual estimates	September 2008	% change between September 2007 and September 2008	% change between July to September 2007 and July to September 2008
	R million		
Mineral sales			
Gold	3 846,6	24,6	15,1
Non-gold	23 526,9	42,3	54,5
Total	27 373,5	39,5	47,6

Shorter term seasonally adjusted estimates	September 2008	% change between August and September 2008	% change between April to June and July to September 2008
	R million		
Mineral sales			
Gold	3 444,8	5,0	-9,7
Non-gold	22 270,3	-7,3	0,4
Total	25 715,1	-5,8	-1,1

Figure 2 shows the seasonally adjusted figures and trend series of the total value of mineral sales between January 2003 and September 2008.

Figure 2 – Total value of mineral sales

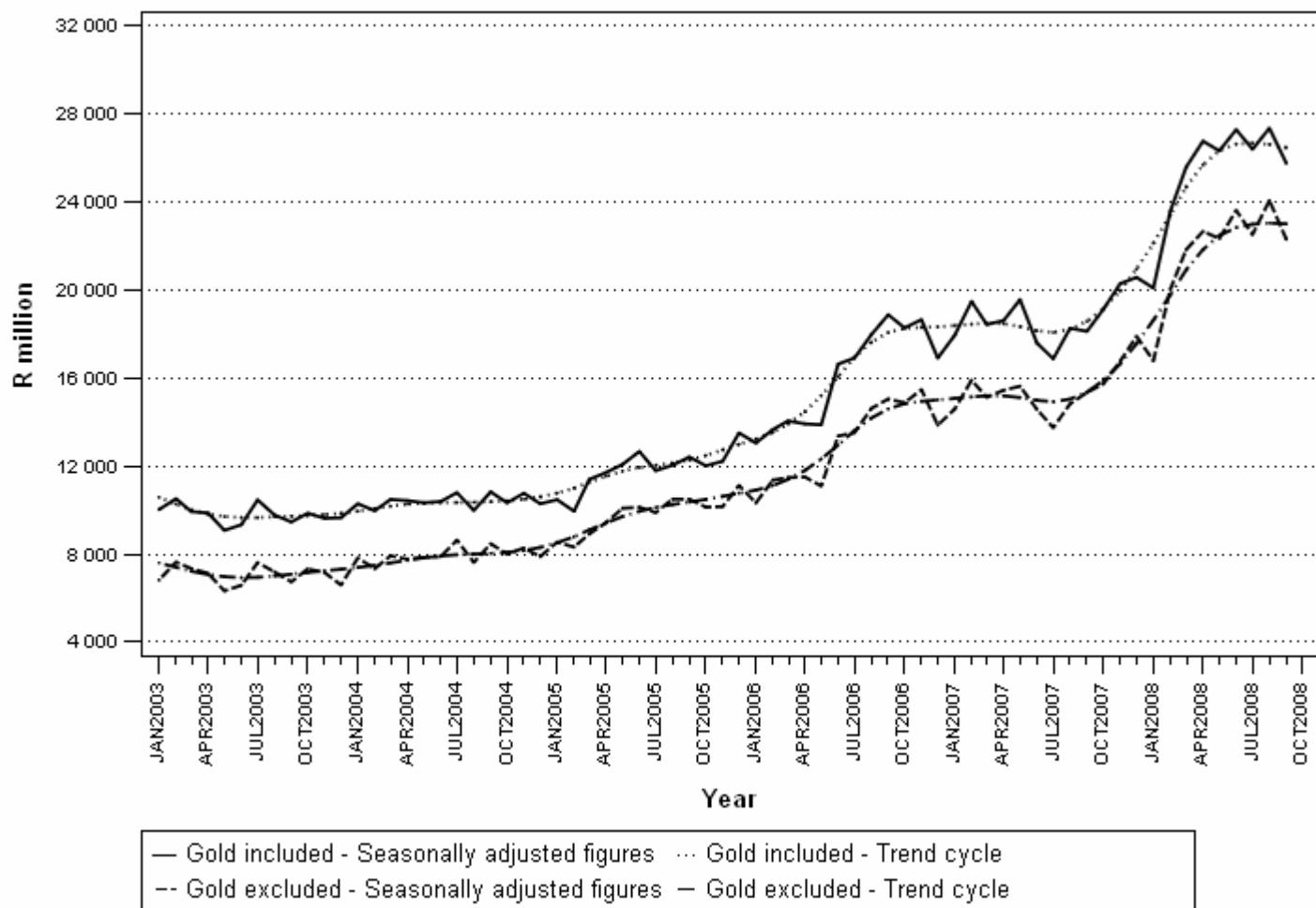
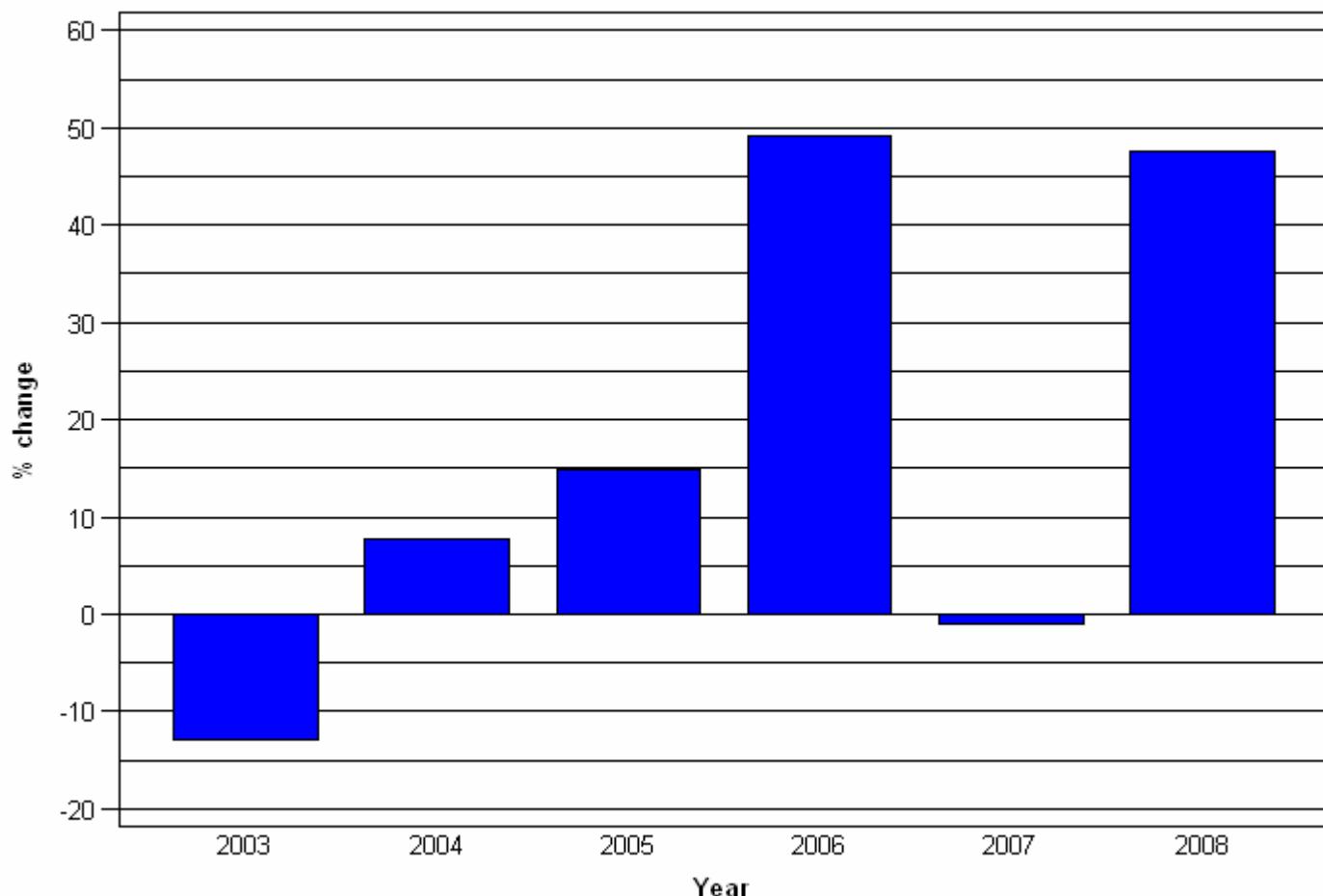


Figure 3 shows the 47,6% annual growth rate in the value of mineral sales for the three months ended September 2008. The increase for 2008 represents the second highest growth rate compared to the other years for the same period since 2003. The annual growth rate in the value of mineral sales for the three months ended September 2006 was 49,2%.

Figure 3 – Comparison of the last six years for the total value of mineral sales for the three months ended September compared with the three months ended September of the previous year



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Detailed results: Tables

Table 1 – Index of the physical volume of mining production including gold

		Base : 2000=100						
		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	1/ 2008
Actual indices	January	89,0	85,1	100,7	107,9	96,9	97,8	85,6
	February	94,2	101,7	97,8	98,6	93,6	99,1	90,6
	March	99,1	101,8	112,9	119,9	114,3	115,0	92,0
	April	102,0	101,0	105,0	110,2	105,2	104,7	99,3
	May	102,9	107,1	113,0	115,2	109,0	109,8	108,3
	June	104,1	108,6	111,1	116,8	117,6	115,5	108,6
	July	99,0	110,7	119,5	113,1	110,2	107,1	94,4
	August	107,2	109,1	114,3	114,8	116,3	113,9	106,8
	September	108,1	114,6	117,4	116,7	115,2	118,3	113,5
	October	106,7	114,5	108,2	108,2	110,9	105,9	109,6
	November	107,5	108,6	110,1	111,4	117,3	110,5	
	December	107,0	113,5	113,3	107,4	113,1	109,8	
	Year	102,2	106,4	110,3	111,7	110,0	109,0	
Seasonally adjusted indices	January	97,5	91,6	112,5	119,7	108,3	110,1	96,8
	February	100,7	111,3	108,4	109,9	104,6	112,1	103,0
	March	99,3	101,6	112,2	116,6	111,5	112,3	90,2
	April	103,1	103,9	108,6	114,0	109,3	108,8	103,7
	May	102,1	104,6	111,2	112,8	107,3	108,1	107,0
	June	99,8	103,1	106,6	111,9	112,1	109,5	102,9
	July	98,5	108,8	118,1	111,5	108,9	106,1	93,3
	August	104,1	105,4	110,2	110,2	111,4	109,0	102,6
	September	104,6	109,6	110,9	109,1	109,7	109,1	104,9
	October	103,4	111,9	106,4	107,7	111,0	106,3	110,9
	November	105,3	107,0	108,4	109,6	115,3	108,2	
	December	104,4	110,8	111,1	105,1	109,8	107,0	

Table 2 – Index of the physical volume of mining production excluding gold

		Base : 2000=100						
		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	1/ 2008
Actual indices	January	89,6	85,7	110,0	121,6	110,1	112,4	99,3
	February	95,8	107,3	104,0	108,7	104,1	111,7	106,5
	March	101,0	106,2	123,6	136,2	130,9	134,4	105,8
	April	105,3	106,3	115,0	127,0	119,7	121,6	116,7
	May	107,0	114,7	124,9	131,3	126,1	127,4	128,0
	June	107,3	116,4	121,1	132,3	135,7	134,2	127,5
	July	102,4	118,8	133,1	129,2	127,1	124,0	110,2
	August	111,2	116,3	125,5	132,2	134,0	131,8	127,4
	September	111,4	122,9	130,0	132,4	131,7	137,3	134,4
	October	111,9	124,2	119,7	122,3	127,7	122,3	130,2
	November	113,3	116,2	121,3	126,2	136,2	129,7	
	December	111,2	123,3	127,0	120,0	131,9	128,2	
	Year	105,6	113,2	121,3	126,6	126,3	126,3	
Seasonally adjusted indices	January	98,0	91,5	123,4	135,0	123,3	126,7	112,4
	February	103,5	119,2	117,3	123,0	117,9	128,3	122,6
	March	101,9	106,4	123,0	132,0	127,3	130,9	103,3
	April	105,7	109,1	118,7	131,1	123,8	126,1	121,5
	May	105,0	110,5	121,8	127,7	123,5	124,8	126,1
	June	102,6	110,0	116,0	126,6	129,2	126,9	120,5
	July	101,0	115,7	131,0	126,9	125,0	122,3	108,3
	August	108,0	112,4	121,0	126,9	128,4	126,2	122,3
	September	108,5	118,0	123,1	123,9	125,9	126,7	124,3
	October	107,6	120,8	117,4	122,0	128,2	123,3	132,4
	November	110,9	114,6	119,7	124,4	133,9	126,9	
	December	108,8	120,5	124,6	117,5	127,9	124,9	

1/ Preliminary.

Table 3 – Indices of physical volume of mining production according to mining divisions, mineral groups and minerals

	Weights	Base : 2000=100						
		Actual indices			Seasonally adjusted indices			
		2007	2007	1/ 2008	2007	Sep	Oct	2008
Total, gold included	100,0	109,0	105,9	113,5	109,6	106,3	104,9	110,9
Total, gold excluded	74,3	126,3	122,3	134,4	130,2	123,3	124,3	132,4
Gold	25,7	58,9	58,4	53,2	50,0	57,2	48,9	48,9
Iron ore	3,1	124,4	133,6	160,0	163,2	128,6	158,8	157,3
Chromium	1,1	145,1	147,2	156,8	155,6	141,9	153,0	149,9
Copper	1,6	86,6	89,2	64,4	63,6	86,2	63,6	61,7
Manganese ore	1,3	162,9	162,8	204,0	181,2	168,8	208,0	187,8
PGMs	27,6	147,0	130,0	167,6	161,2	141,1	147,0	175,2
Nickel	2,0	102,4	103,6	109,2	79,2	103,9	107,9	78,6
Other metallic minerals	2,9	83,1	96,8	82,8	84,0	94,8	82,1	82,1
Diamonds	8,3	137,4	140,0	123,6	113,2	134,7	109,9	109,3
Coal	20,0	110,3	113,2	111,6	110,8	106,7	110,1	104,5
Building materials	2,6	* 135,4	* 141,2	137,2	142,8	133,8	128,8	135,0
Other non-metallic minerals	3,8	74,9	75,6	67,6	75,6	71,7	65,2	71,5

1/ Preliminary.

* Revised.

Table 4 – Contribution of the mining divisions to the total mining production (seasonally adjusted)

		Base : 2000=100			
		Percentage contribution to the total mining production using the weights according to the value of production in the base year	Average seasonally adjusted production index for August to October 2008	Quarterly percentage change August to October 2008 compared with the preceding three months	Contribution (percentage points) to the percentage change in the total mining production 1/
Gold		25,7	47,8	-6,6	-0,9
Non-gold minerals	Iron ore	3,1	159,7	7,5	0,3
	Chromium	1,1	150,8	2,4	0,0
	Copper	1,6	63,5	-12,0	-0,1
	Manganese ore	1,3	199,3	2,9	0,1
	PGMs	27,6	153,6	23,5	8,0
	Nickel	2,0	92,2	11,1	0,2
	Other metallic minerals	2,9	83,6	-5,6	-0,1
	Diamonds	8,3	113,3	-14,1	-1,6
	Coal	20,0	108,3	-3,2	-0,7
	Building materials	2,6	130,0	-1,1	0,0
Total non-gold minerals		74,3	126,3	6,8	5,9
Total minerals		100,0	106,1	4,9	4,9

1/ The quarterly contribution of a commodity or commodity group to the total seasonally adjusted mining production is calculated by multiplying the weight of the commodity or commodity group with the change in the index for the commodity or commodity group and dividing by the previous period index total. Figures have been rounded off.

Table 5 – Total value of mineral sales including gold (R million)

		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	* 2007	1/ 2008
Actual values	January	11 387,0	9 868,8	9 820,5	9 587,4	11 755,1	15 692,9	17 450,1
	February	10 634,4	10 236,5	9 576,1	9 383,8	12 680,8	17 928,6	21 728,5
	March	11 639,2	9 829,3	10 396,0	11 477,1	14 179,9	18 555,2	25 855,7
	April	11 194,9	9 294,1	9 789,3	11 034,0	13 042,6	17 447,8	25 473,0
	May	12 145,3	9 104,1	10 373,3	12 239,8	14 046,8	19 841,6	26 609,7
	June	11 637,2	9 745,9	10 856,0	13 360,1	17 809,8	19 033,2	29 740,8
	July	10 779,9	10 403,7	10 844,2	12 001,8	17 614,8	17 449,4	26 824,3
	August	11 633,5	9 612,0	9 841,7	11 687,6	17 339,2	17 890,4	26 937,6
	September	12 115,1	10 008,1	11 693,2	13 524,1	20 586,6	19 619,7	27 373,5
	October	12 514,2	9 989,4	10 466,3	12 074,8	18 031,0	18 713,7	
	November	11 059,4	9 535,8	10 815,6	12 453,2	18 918,2	20 674,6	
	December	10 764,4	9 899,2	10 585,6	13 994,2	17 584,7	21 592,1	
Year		137 504,5	117 526,9	125 057,8	142 817,9	193 589,5	224 439,2	
Seasonally adjusted values	January	11 464,2	10 016,7	10 276,8	10 460,7	13 033,5	17 912,7	20 056,9
	February	10 853,7	10 504,5	9 961,4	9 938,6	13 640,4	19 449,6	23 539,0
	March	11 687,2	9 924,8	10 472,1	11 382,8	14 031,1	18 401,9	25 533,7
	April	11 884,2	9 856,5	10 418,9	11 694,8	13 900,0	18 585,1	26 715,5
	May	12 105,1	9 070,5	10 323,2	12 057,7	13 856,3	19 530,7	26 275,9
	June	11 184,4	9 325,6	10 375,1	12 648,3	16 607,9	17 565,9	27 236,7
	July	10 718,3	10 451,8	10 781,1	11 777,3	16 885,4	16 849,0	26 348,4
	August	11 731,7	9 764,1	9 974,7	12 025,7	17 941,2	18 236,5	27 302,2
	September	11 826,3	9 452,9	10 815,6	12 397,9	18 846,8	18 092,0	25 715,1
	October	12 278,3	9 848,1	10 320,3	11 998,8	18 249,6	19 089,9	
	November	11 226,9	9 617,0	10 755,6	12 204,8	18 622,7	20 258,3	
	December	10 375,2	9 642,1	10 276,4	13 486,4	16 881,2	20 539,6	

Table 6 – Total value of mineral sales excluding gold (R million)

		2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	* 2007	1/ 2008
Actual values	January	8 002,3	6 744,1	7 480,6	7 809,6	9 316,0	12 734,4	14 534,7
	February	7 368,2	7 452,6	7 039,8	7 813,9	10 469,6	14 498,1	18 332,8
	March	8 110,9	7 140,7	7 710,4	8 840,3	11 403,2	14 955,5	21 765,0
	April	7 481,9	6 815,2	7 366,5	8 963,2	10 850,3	14 595,8	21 811,5
	May	8 619,3	6 477,2	8 029,3	10 372,9	11 445,0	16 150,6	22 869,9
	June	8 035,5	6 759,5	8 107,4	10 562,0	14 217,3	15 745,9	25 759,6
	July	7 344,7	7 613,1	8 699,0	10 082,3	14 114,1	14 154,8	22 690,5
	August	8 065,2	7 052,7	7 546,9	10 210,5	14 152,3	14 647,2	23 839,9
	September	8 562,1	7 092,3	9 114,1	11 390,1	16 333,3	16 531,7	23 526,9
	October	8 711,8	7 345,5	8 089,0	10 186,0	14 646,2	15 351,6	
	November	7 981,8	7 154,9	8 406,4	10 436,1	15 781,8	17 189,0	
	December	7 834,8	6 825,9	8 138,7	11 549,8	14 455,8	18 848,0	
Year		96 118,5	84 473,7	95 728,1	118 216,7	157 184,9	185 402,6	
Seasonally adjusted values	January	8 063,3	6 820,5	7 819,9	8 539,4	10 316,5	14 567,5	16 764,2
	February	7 492,2	7 632,2	7 337,4	8 311,9	11 347,1	15 878,1	19 999,2
	March	8 269,6	7 339,4	7 916,2	8 908,9	11 463,1	15 103,7	21 792,7
	April	7 749,9	7 123,8	7 765,1	9 424,0	11 488,8	15 428,0	22 622,6
	May	8 448,2	6 324,7	7 849,4	10 073,3	11 085,0	15 604,6	22 302,1
	June	7 817,8	6 580,4	7 875,8	10 115,8	13 345,6	14 560,0	23 579,2
	July	7 218,7	7 610,8	8 625,7	9 878,8	13 499,5	13 725,7	22 480,8
	August	8 210,8	7 186,7	7 619,2	10 486,6	14 598,5	14 809,3	24 022,5
	September	8 425,3	6 737,1	8 464,9	10 480,1	15 026,8	15 324,7	22 270,3
	October	8 710,0	7 324,0	7 998,8	10 123,9	14 855,5	15 708,1	
	November	8 056,4	7 158,0	8 271,2	10 148,3	15 450,1	16 737,2	
	December	7 437,6	6 594,1	7 882,6	11 107,9	13 839,7	17 863,9	

1/ Preliminary.

* Revised.

Table 7 – Total value of mineral sales according to mining divisions, mineral groups and minerals (R million)

	Actual values				Seasonally adjusted values		
	2007	2007	1/ 2008		2007	2008	
		September	August	September	September	August	September
Total, gold included	* 224 439,2	19 619,7	26 937,6	27 373,5	18 092,0	27 302,2	25 715,1
Total, gold excluded	* 185 402,6	16 531,7	23 839,9	23 526,9	15 324,7	24 022,5	22 270,3
Gold	39 036,7	3 088,0	3 097,7	3 846,6	2 767,3	3 279,7	3 444,8
Iron ore	13 483,2	974,8	1 355,6	2 580,9	1 052,9	1 404,5	2 808,6
Chromium	3 006,6	274,4	529,4	515,4	271,2	524,1	511,4
Copper	5 853,6	565,4	455,1	359,1	528,5	394,5	339,0
Manganese ore	3 571,4	391,9	2 695,0	2 268,7	352,9	2 587,7	2 065,6
PGMs	78 414,4	6 933,0	8 672,8	8 046,6	6 222,9	8 427,1	7 294,5
Nickel	8 863,7	398,5	397,6	447,4	367,8	465,7	410,9
Other metallic minerals	5 272,1	450,5	538,5	434,7	445,5	640,3	421,5
Coal	43 811,9	4 068,9	7 289,4	6 587,6	3 985,3	7 226,7	6 441,6
Building materials	* 5 988,0	513,6	572,1	587,0	489,5	526,1	560,9
- Granite or norite	494,8	45,5	62,2	57,8	40,2	51,7	50,5
- Lime and limestone	1 708,4	141,8	162,9	169,0	141,5	156,6	169,1
- Other building materials	* 3 784,8	326,3	347,0	360,2	307,8	317,8	341,3
Other non-metallic minerals	* 17 137,7	1 960,4	1 334,4	1 699,4	1 608,2	1 825,8	1 416,3

1/ Preliminary.

* Revised.

Table 8 – Contribution of the mining divisions to the total value of mineral sales

		Percentage contribution to total mineral sales during July to September 2007	Percentage change between July to September 2007 and July to September 2008	Contribution (percentage points) to the percentage change in the total value of mineral sales 1/	Difference in sales of mining divisions between July to September 2007 and July to September 2008
					R million
Gold		17,5	15,1	2,6	1 452,3
Non-gold minerals	Iron ore	5,4	87,7	4,7	2 608,0
	Chromium	1,4	98,3	1,4	782,4
	Copper	3,0	-9,2	-0,3	-152,3
	Manganese ore	1,7	583,0	9,9	5 435,3
	PGMs	35,1	32,8	11,5	6 335,6
	Nickel	2,7	-15,0	-0,4	-225,9
	Other metallic minerals	2,3	9,7	0,2	122,4
	Coal	20,5	73,0	15,0	8 242,9
	Building materials	2,9	9,1	0,3	146,7
	Other non-metallic minerals	7,3	35,6	2,6	1 428,7
Total non-gold minerals		82,5	54,5	45,0	24 723,6
Total minerals		100,0	47,6	47,6	26 175,9

1/ The contribution to the percentage change in sales is calculated by multiplying the quarterly percentage change of each mineral with the percentage contribution to total mineral sales during July to September 2007, divided by 100.

Table 9 – Percentage change in the indices of mining production between the current month and the corresponding month of the previous year

	Base : 2000=100			
	Actual estimates October 2007	Actual estimates October 2008	% change between October 2007 and October 2008	Difference between October 2007 and October 2008
				Percentage points
Gold	58,4	50,0	-14,4	-8,4
Non-gold minerals	122,3	130,2	6,5	7,9
Total	105,9	109,6	3,5	3,7

Table 10 – Percentage change in the indices of mining production between the current quarter and the corresponding quarter of the previous year

	Base : 2000=100			
	Actual estimates August to October 2007	Actual estimates August to October 2008	% change between August to October 2007 and August to October 2008	Difference between August to October 2007 and August to October 2008
				Percentage points
Gold	61,2	50,3	-17,8	-10,9
Non-gold minerals	130,5	130,7	0,2	0,2
Total	112,7	110,0	-2,4	-2,7

Table 11 – Percentage change in the seasonally adjusted indices of mining production between the current month and the previous month

	Base : 2000=100			
	Actual estimates September 2008	Actual estimates October 2008	% change between September and October 2008	Difference between September and October 2008
				Percentage points
Gold	48,9	48,9	0,0	0,0
Non-gold minerals	124,3	132,4	6,5	8,1
Total	104,9	110,9	5,7	6,0

Table 12 – Percentage change in the seasonally adjusted indices of mining production between the current quarter and the previous quarter

	Base : 2000=100			
	Actual estimates May to July 2008	Actual estimates August to October 2008	% change between May to July and August to October 2008	Difference between May to July and August to October 2008
				Percentage points
Gold	51,2	47,8	-6,6	-3,4
Non-gold minerals	118,3	126,3	6,8	8,0
Total	101,1	106,1	4,9	5,0

Table 13 – Percentage change in the actual value of mineral sales between the current month and the corresponding month of the previous year

	Actual estimates September 2007	Actual estimates September 2008	% change between September 2007 and September 2008	Difference between September 2007 and September 2008
	R million	R million		R million
Gold	3 088,0	3 846,6	24,6	758,6
Non-gold minerals	16 531,7	23 526,9	42,3	6 995,2
Total	19 619,7	27 373,5	39,5	7 753,8

Table 14 – Percentage change in the actual value of mineral sales between the current quarter and the corresponding quarter of the previous year

	Actual estimates July to September 2007	Actual estimates July to September 2008	% change between July to September 2007 and July to September 2008	Difference between July to September 2007 and July to September 2008
	R million	R million		R million
Gold	9 625,8	11 078,1	15,1	1 452,3
Non-gold minerals	45 333,7	70 057,3	54,5	24 723,6
Total	54 959,5	81 135,4	47,6	26 175,9

Table 15 – Percentage change in the seasonally adjusted value of mineral sales between the current month and the previous month

	Actual seasonal adjusted estimates August 2008	Actual seasonal adjusted estimates September 2008	% change between August and September 2008	Difference between August and September 2008
	R million	R million		R million
Gold	3 279,7	3 444,8	5,0	165,1
Non-gold minerals	24 022,5	22 270,3	-7,3	-1 752,2
Total	27 302,2	25 715,1	-5,8	-1 587,1

Table 16 – Percentage change in the seasonally adjusted value of mineral sales between the current quarter and the previous quarter

	Actual estimates April to June 2008	Actual estimates July to September 2008	% change between April to June and July to September 2008	Difference between April to June and July to September 2008
	R million	R million		R million
Gold	11 724,2	10 592,1	-9,7	-1 132,1
Non-gold minerals	68 503,9	68 773,6	0,4	269,7
Total	80 228,1	79 365,7	-1,1	-862,4

Explanatory notes

Introduction	1	Statistics South Africa (Stats SA) publishes monthly information regarding the mining industry on the basis of mining production figures and mineral sales furnished by the Minerals Bureau, Department of Minerals and Energy. This statistical release contains detailed information regarding indices of the physical volume of mining production and the total value of mineral sales according to mining divisions and mineral groups on a monthly basis.
	2	In accordance with international practice, the indices have to be re-based every five years to a new base year. The base year of the index of the physical volume of mining production is currently 2000=100. Both actual and seasonally adjusted figures are presented.
	3	Due to mining production figures being available earlier than mineral sales figures, mining production indices are published one month earlier than mineral sales.
	4	The value of mineral sales is calculated, in general, on a free-on-rail/free-on-board basis.
	5	In order to improve timeliness, some information for the current month may have been estimated due to late response. These estimates will be revised in future statistical release(s) as soon as more up-to-date information is available.
Purpose of the survey	6	The monthly mining production and sales survey is conducted by the Minerals Bureau, covering all mining establishments operating in the South African economy. The results of this survey are used to calculate physical volume of mining production indices in order to estimate the gross domestic product (GDP) and its components, which in turn are used to develop and monitor government policy.
Scope of the survey	7	This survey covers mining establishments conducting activities regarding <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The extracting, dressing and beneficiating of minerals occurring naturally, for example solids such as coal and ores.
Classification	8	The 1993 edition of the <i>Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (SIC)</i> , Fifth Edition, Report No. 09-90-02, was used to classify the statistical units in the survey. The SIC is based on the 1990 <i>International Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (ISIC)</i> with suitable adaptations for local conditions. Statistics in this publication are presented at SIC division, major group and subgroup level. Each statistical unit is classified to an industry which reflects the predominant activity of the establishment.
Statistical unit	9	The basic statistical unit for the collection of information is the mining establishment. An establishment is the smallest economic unit that functions as a separate entity. Each statistical unit is classified to an industry (see paragraph 8).
Weighting	10	The weights which are used to aggregate minerals to mineral groups and mineral groups to total mining are based on the value of production derived from detailed information for 2000 supplied by the Minerals Bureau, Department of Minerals and Energy.

Seasonal adjustment	11	Seasonally adjusted estimates of all items are generated each month, using the X-11 Seasonal Adjustment Program developed by US Bureau of the Census Economic Research and Analyses Division, 1968. Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series can be more clearly recognised. Seasonal adjustment does not aim to remove irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month.
		Influences that are volatile or unsystematic can still make it difficult to interpret the movement of the series even after adjustment for seasonal variations. This means the month-to-month movements of seasonally adjusted estimates may not be reliable indicators of trend behaviour.
Reliability of estimates	12	Estimates are subject to sampling and non-sampling errors. Figures for the latest month are preliminary.
Historical data	13	More comprehensive detail on the method of calculation and historical data in respect of the production indices according to mining mineral groups for the period February 1990 to November 2002 is available in statistical release P2041.1, entitled <i>Mining statistics: Indices of the physical volume of mining production, Base: 2000=100, February 1990 to November 2002</i> , published on 11 February 2003 on the Stats SA website: www.statssa.gov.za
Related publications	14	<p>Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which are available from Stats SA -</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Bulletin of Statistics</i>. • <i>SA Statistics</i>.
Unpublished statistics	15	In some cases Stats SA can also make available statistics not included in standard publications. The statistics can be made available via computer printouts or diskette or CD. Generally, a charge is made for providing unpublished statistics.
Rounding-off of figures	16	The figures in the tables have, where necessary, been rounded off to the nearest digit shown. There may, therefore, be slight discrepancies between the sums of the constituent items and the totals shown.

Glossary

Free-on-rail	Free-on-rail relates to goods sold on the local market where no railage or road transport costs are involved.
Free-on-board basis	Free-on-board relates to goods destined for the export market. Railage, road transport and docking charges are involved but no charges are made for the transport by sea.
Index of physical volume of mining production	The index of physical volume of mining production or a production index is a statistical measure of the change in the volume of production. The production index of a mineral group is the ratio between the volume of production of a mineral group in a given period and the volume of production of the same mineral group in the base period. The current base period is 2000. The production in the base period is set at 100.
Industry	An industry consists of a group of establishments engaged in the same or similar kinds of economic activity. Industries are defined in the <i>System of National Accounts (SNA)</i> in the same way as in the <i>Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) of all Economic Activities</i> , Fifth Edition of January 1993.
PGMs - Platinum Group Metals	Platinum Group Metals include platinum; iridium; osmiridium; palladium; rhodium; ruthenium and osmium.
Sales	Sales are the total value of sales and transfers-out of goods mined by the mining establishments and the amounts received for installation, erection or assembly or other services rendered.
Weight	The weight of a mineral group is the ratio of the sales of a mineral group to the total sales of the mining industry. The weight of a mineral group reflects the importance of the mineral group in the total mining industry. The weights change over time due to quality changes and changes in relative prices. New weights need to be calculated from time to time.

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