Tourism and Migration P0351

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KEY FINDINGS

THE NUMBER OF OVERSEAS FOREIGN TRAVELLERS VISITING SOUTH AFRICA DURING NOVEMBER 2000 WAS 150 410, A DECREASE OF 6,2% AS COMPARED TO THE NOVEMBER 1999 FIGURE OF 160 402.

Total foreign travellers: Summary

The total number of foreign travellers (from overseas and from the rest of Africa) visiting South Africa during November 2000 decreased by 6,5% from 537 876 in November 1999 to 503 070 November 2000.

The total number of foreign travellers who visited South Africa from mainland Africa, overseas and unspecified countries, arriving through all ports of entry during November 2000 was 503 070. The November 2000 figure represents a decrease of 6,5% as compared with November 1999 figure of 537 876.

During November 2000, the most common mode of travel used by foreign travellers in arriving in South Africa was road, involving 344 631 (68,5%) road travellers followed by 145 075 (28,8%) air travellers. Of the total number of foreign travellers arriving by air, 109 774 (75,7%) arrived through Johannesburg International Airport while 33 524 (23,1%) arrived through Cape Town International Airport and 605 (0,4%) arrived through Durban International Airport.

Similarly, in departing from South Africa, the most common mode of travel used by foreign travellers was road, involving 306 107 (66,4%) road travellers followed by 149 596 (32,4%) air travellers. Of the total number of foreign travellers departing by air, 112 521 (75,2%) departed from Johannesburg International Airport, 35 496 (23,7%) departed from Cape Town International Airport and 542 (0,4%) used Durban International Airport. Figure 1 shows the breakdown of air arrivals and departures according to the airport used.

Ports of entry and mode of travel used by overseas travellers and travellers from mainland Africa

Overseas travellers

Of the total overseas air arrivals during November 2000, 88 154 (72,5%) arrived through Johannesburg International Airport.

During November 2000, 150 410 overseas travellers visited South Africa. The November 2000 figure represents a decrease of 6,2% over the November 1999 figure of 160 402. The figures show that for November 2000, there were 121 581 air arrivals from overseas which accounts for 80,8% of all overseas arrivals. Of these overseas air arrivals, 88 154 (72,5%) arrived through Johannesburg International Airport; 32 394 (26,6%) arrived through Cape Town International Airport; 558 (0,5%) arrived through Durban International Airport and the rest, 475 (0,4%), arrived through other airports.

The number of overseas travellers arriving by road during November 2000 was 25 503 (17,0%). The number arriving by rail, sea and unspecified mode of travel was 3 326 (2,2%).

Travellers from mainland Africa

A total of 318 217 (93,0%) travellers arrived from mainland Africa by road and a further 22 912 (6,7%) arrived by air. Of these air arrivals, 21 104 (92,1%) arrived through Johannesburg International Airport.

The total number of travellers who arrived in South Africa from mainland Africa during November 2000 was 342 062. Compared to the November 1999 figure of 367 219, this represents a decrease of 6,9%. Of these travellers from mainland Africa, the number arriving by road was 318 217 (93,0%).

For the same month, there were 22 912 (6,7%) air arrivals from mainland Africa. Of these air arrivals, 21 104 (92,1%) arrived through Johannesburg International Airport, 1 107 (4,8%) arrived through Cape Town International Airport, 43 (0,2%) arrived through Durban International Airport while the rest, 658 (2,9%), arrived through other airports. The numbe of travellers from mainland Africa arriving by rail, sea and unspecified mode of travel was 933 (0,3%).

Purpose of visit as stated by overseas travellers and travellers from mainland Africa

Overseas travellers

In November 2000, 122 178 (81,2%) overseas travellers came to South Africa for holidays.

Of the 150 410 overseas travellers visiting South Africa during November 2000, 122 178 (81,2%) stated that they were in South Africa for holidays while 18 489 (12,3%) stated that they were on a business trip. Overseas travellers on transit in South Africa numbered 5 807 (3,9%), those visiting for the purpose of study numbered 289 (0,2%) and those visiting for the purpose of work (including contract work) numbered 3 598 (2,4%).

Travellers from mainland Africa

In November 2000, 298 291 (87,2%) travellers from mainland Africa came to South Africa for holidays.

Of the 342 062 travellers from mainland Africa visiting South Africa during November 2000, 298 291 (87,2%) stated that they were in South Africa for holidays while 30 408 (8,9%) stated that they were on a business trip. Transit visitors numbered 5 384 (1,6%), those visiting for the purpose of study numbered 1 848 (0,5%) and those visiting for the purpose of work (including contract work) numbered 6 038 (1,8%).

Leading source countries of overseas travellers and travellers from mainland Africa

Overseas travellers

In November 2000, the leading source country of overseas arrivals was the UK, $31\ 317\ (20.8\%)$ followed by Germany, $27\ 388\ (18.2\%)$ and the USA, $12\ 686\ (8.4\%)$.

During November 2000, the number of travellers from the UK visiting South Africa was 31 317 (20,8%), making it the leading country of origin of overseas travellers. This was followed by travellers from Germany, 27 388 (18,2%). The other

main countries of origin of overseas travellers were: the USA, 12 686 (8,4%); the Netherlands, 11 578 (7,7%); France, 10 252 (6,8%); Australia, 5 080 (3,4%); Belgium, 5 070 (3,4%) and Switzerland, 4 264 (2,8%). Upon comparing the figures for November 2000 with those of November 1999, the highest increase in the number of arrivals from these leading source countries was for Germany, (8,0% up from 25 358), as shown in Figure 2. The main stated purpose of visit for travellers coming from these leading source countries was holidays, followed by business.

Travellers from mainland Africa

The leading source country of travellers from mainland Africa in November 2000 was Lesotho, 118 026 (34,5%).

During November 2000, the top eight countries in mainland Africa from which travellers arriving in South Africa came, were: Lesotho, 118 026 (34,5%); Swaziland, 56 978 (16,7%); Mozambique, 44 486 (13,0%); Botswana, 42 964 (12,6%); Zimbabwe, 42 141 (12,3%); Namibia, 15 249 (4,5%); Zambia, 6 661 (1,9%) and Malawi, 6 015 (1,8%). When comparing arrival figures from mainland Africa, for 1999 and 2000, there were increases in the number of travellers arriving from Zambia, (16,7% up from 5 706) and Mozambique, (9,0% up from 40 799) as shown in Figure 3.

Departing South African residents

South African residents: Purpose of travel

During November 2000, South African residents travelled within mainland Africa more for business than for holidays (66,4% as opposed to 31,3%) and similarly, they travelled overseas more for holidays than business (63,5% as opposed to 33,2%).

During November 2000, the total number of South African residents who departed 'temporarily' (through all ports of exit) was 276 647, a decrease of 6,2% compared to the number of South African residents who departed temporarily during the same month in 1999. Of these departing South African residents, the number who travelled by air was 98 779 (35,7%). Of those who travelled by air and left through the three international airports of Johannesburg, Cape Town and Durban, 64 664 (65,5%) filled in departure forms. From the completed November 2000 departure forms, one can see that, on the whole, South African residents travelled within mainland Africa more for business than holidays (66,4% as opposed to 31,3%) and travelled overseas more for holidays than business (63,5% as opposed to 33,2%).

South African residents: Destination countries

The two leading destinations for South African residents for November 2000 were the UK, 11 818 (18,3%) and the USA, 4 939 (7,6%).

The predominant mode of travel used by South African residents departing temporarily from South Africa in November 2000 was road, 177 062 (64,0%) followed by air 98 779 (35,7%).

For South African residents who departed temporarily in November 2000 using the three international airports as ports of exit, the leading countries of destination were the UK, 11 818 (18,3%); the USA, 4 939 (7,6%); Namibia, 3 514 (5,4%); Australia, 3 420 (5,3%); Zimbabwe, 2 765 (4,3%); Mauritius, 1 940 (3,0%); Germany, 1 887 (2,9%) and Botswana, 1 614 (2,5%). Among these leading destination countries, Botswana showed a significant increase in the number of visiting South African residents during November 2000 as compared to November 1999, (113,8% up from 755) as shown in Figure 4.

Returning South African residents

The number of returning South African residents in November 2000 was 277 187, a decrease of 8,3% compared to those returning during November 1999. The predominant mode of travel used by South African residents in returning to South Africa was road, 183 969 (66,4%) followed by air 92 643 (33,4%).

Of the South African residents returning by air, 76 981 (83,1%) used Johannesburg International Airport as port of re-entry while 11 477 (12,4%) used Cape Town International Airport as port of re-entry. For the same month in 2000, the number of South African residents returning through Durban International Airport was 1 644 (1,8%) and through other airports 2 541 (2,7%).

Documented immigration and self-declared emigration

The four leading sources of documented immigrants to South Africa in November 2000 were: Nigeria, 30 (10,1%); Uganda, 25(8,4%); Pakistan, 19 (6,4%) and Zimbabwe, 19 (6,4%). The four leading destination countries for self-declared emigrants during November 2000 were: the UK, 206 (24,3%); Australia, 139 (16,4%); New Zealand, 101 (11,9%) and the USA, 58 (6,9%).

For the purpose of clarification, in the migration statistics published here, the emigration status reported refers to self-declared status. South Africans who leave permanently under the pretext of temporary visits will not appear as emigrants in the emigration statistics collected. Similarly, as per definition, 'undocumented immigrants' will not appear in the statistics collected. It is against this background that we report the migration statistics for November 2000.

The total number of self-declared emigrants departing through the three international airports was 846 in November 2000. For documented immigrants into South Africa, the total number approved as immigrants (either before or after arrival) was 296 for November 2000.

In November 2000, the leading source countries of documented immigrants were: Nigeria, 30 (10,1%); Uganda, 25 (8,4%); Pakistan, 19 (6,4%) and Zimbabwe, 19 (6,4%). The four leading destination countries for self-declared emigrants during November 2000 were: the UK, 206 (24,3%); Australia, 139 (16,4%); New Zealand, 101 (11,9%) and the USA, 58 (6,9%) as shown in Figure 5.

Historical trends in tourism, immigration and self-declared emigration

It should be borne in mind that there is often quite a substantial month to month variation in tourism and migration figures, and one needs to look at a longer period of several months to be able to detect any trends and patterns. The trend regarding the number of overseas travellers arriving in South Africa since 1994 is shown in Figure 6. Although the figure shows evidence of seasonal fluctuations, the level of overseas tourism over the period has shown an upward trend. The historical trends in the number of immigrants and self-declared emigrants are shown in Figure 7. The figure shows that since 1994, the number of documented immigrants has remained less than the number of self-declared emigrants. The gap between the two which has been widening apart during the first half of 2000, continues to widen apart during the last quarter of 2000.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Source of data and background

Legal movements across South African borders as well as legal immigration into South Africa fall under the jurisdiction of the Department of Home Affairs (DHA). Information on tourism and documented immigration are obtained from all ports of entry while the data on self-declared emigration statistics are obtained from only the three international airports of Johannesburg, Cape Town and Durban. Information on arrivals into and departures from South Africaare captured by DHA and loaded unto the mainframe at Bureau Nucleus. Stats SA accesses this data remotely, which is then used as part of the input data for this report. Information on emigration from South Africaand reason for temporary departure of South Africar residents is obtained from departure forms. The forms are sent to Stats SA on a weekly basis for data capture and processing. Lastly, information on legal immigrants to South Africa is sent to Stats SA on computer printout from DHA. The information on the printout is coded and captured by clerical staff at Stats SA.

Stats SA published complete emigration data up to and including December 1992. Since basic information on emigration was not available thereafter, it was not possible to publish data on emigration on a monthly basis for the period June 1993 to November 1993. However, as from 26 November 1993, the Department of Home Affairs implemented a system according to which South African residents departing for overseas from Johannesburg, Cape Town and Durban International Airports complete departure forms. The system was implemented at these three airports only since approximately 97% of the emigrants left the country through these three ports. This system again made it possible to obtain and process information on South African tourists and emigrants leaving the country through these three ports as from November 1993.

Clarification of terms used in the tables

For foreign travellers, the category "overseas total" excludes travellers from mainland Africa and from "unspecified" countries.

Meanings of symbols used in the tables

.. = not applicable

? = unspecified

Glossary of some terms used in tourism statistics

Tourism comprises the activities of persons travelling to and staying in places outside their usual environment for not more than one consecutive year for leisure, business and other purposes. The usual environment of a person consists of a certain area around his/her place of residence plus all other places s/he frequently visits.

A Tourist (overnight visitor) is a visitor who stays at least one night in collective or private accommodation in the place visited. An <u>international tourist</u> is an international visitor who stays at least one night in collective or private accommodation in the country visited. A **domestic tourist** refers to a domestic visitor who stays at least one night in collective or private accommodation in the place visited.

Traveller is any person on a trip between two or more localities. **An international traveller refers** to any person on a trip between two or more localities in different countries. **A domestic traveller** refers to any person on a trip between two or more localities in his/her country of residence.

Visitor refers to any person travelling to a place other than that of his/her usual environment for less than 12 consecutive months and whose main purpose of trip is other than the exercise of an activity remunerated from within the place visited.

An international visitor is any person travelling to a country other than the one in which he/she has his/her usual residence, but outside his/her usual environment, for less than 12 consecutive months and whose main purpose of trip is other than the exercise of an activity remunerated from within the place visited.

Domestic visitor refers to any person residing in a country, who travels to a place within that country other than the one in which s/he has his/her usual environment, for less than 12 consecutive months and whose main purpose of trip is other than the exercise of an activity remunerated from within the place visited.

TOURISM Arrivals and departures of foreign travellers and South African residents Purpose of visit

	 	Nov	 vember	 	Jan Nov. Cum. Total				
Purpose of visit	1999		2000		1999		2000		
(a) ARRIVALS: GRAND TOTAL (i) Foreign travellers	 840	266	780 2	 257	8 95	3 387	8 94C		
.Actual data		876	503 0	70	5 45	3 277	5 413		
.Seasonally adjusted data .Business	_	749 503	49 0	 27	53	6 377	 533		
.Holiday		633	421 4	- !		9 940	4 472		
.Study .Work		219 709	2 1 5 2		-	7 490 8 903	53 64		
.Contract workers		322	4 6	. !		9 369	57		
.Border traffic concession		677	9 0	. !		5 006	92		
.Transit .Unspecified	11	579 234	11 2	42 l	Li	7 738 8 454	134		
(ii) South African residents returning	302	390			3 50	0 110	3 527		
(b) DEPARTURES: GRAND TOTAL	 766	597	737 6	 86	8 21	.5 600	8 339		
(i) Foreign travellers - Total (ii) South African residents departing temporarily		752 845	461 0 276 6	!		8 959 6 641	4 947 3 392		

TOURISM

.1 Arrivals and departures of foreign travellers and South African residents

1.1.2 Mode of travel

	Total			I	Mode of t	ravel	
Arrivals and departures	local	 		AIR			RAIL
				 			KAIL
		(C/Town)	(Durban) 	(J/burg) 	(Other) 	Total	

(a) ARRIVALS: GRAND TOTAL	780 257	45 001 2 249	9 186 755 3 713	3 237 718 1 066
(i) Foreign travellers	503 070	33 524 60	5 109 774 1 172	2 145 075 1 064
(ii) South African residents returning	277 187	11 477 1 64	4 76 981 2 541	92 643 2
(b) DEPARTURES: GRAND TOTAL	737 686	47 365 2 33	7 195 081 3 592	2 248 375 772
(i) Foreign travellers	461 039	35 496 54:	2 112 521 1 037	' 149 596 736
(ii) South African residents departing	276 647	11 869 1 79	5 82 560 2 555	5 98 779 36
temporarily			į į	

1 TOURISM 1.2 Foreign travellers 1.2.1 Arrivals by country of residence and mode of travel

	Foreign travellers												
Country	Non	ember	 			Mode o	of travel				 		
Country	 NOV	ember		AIR									
	 	 	 	 	 	RAIL 	ROAD	SEA	?				
	1999 	2000	(C/Town)	(Durban)	(J/burg)	(Other)	Total						
GRAND TOTAL	 537 876	 503 070	33 524	605	 109 774	1 172	 145 075	 1 064	 344 631	 2 481	 9 819		
OVERSEAS TOTAL	160 402	150 410	32 394	558	88 154		121 581	987	25 503	1 651	688		
EUROPE	 114 657	 110 388	27 412	122	 59 720	248	 87 502	 743	20 390	 1 180	573		
Austria	2 896	2 776	513	7	1 774	1	2 295	23	453	5	i – i		
Belgium	4 706	5 070	680	4	3 123	18	3 825	10	1 232	1	2		
Denmark	1 720	1 321	279	5	795	1	1 080	7	226	8	-		
France	11 049	10 252	1 165	27	6 020	15	7 227	18	2 978	13	16		
Germany	25 358	27 388	8 285	11	12 746	46	21 088	178	5 534	123	465		
Greece	580	549	56	_	351	1	408	33	84	10	14		
Ireland	1 785	1 923	813	_	891	3	1 707	4	207	5	-		
Italy	3 839	3 156	615	4	2 116	4	2 739	31	342	29	15		
Netherlands	11 783	11 578	2 146	4	5 484	20	7 654	107	3 762	49	6		
Norway	1 100	967	372	_	484	2	858	3	88	18	-		
Portugal	2 219	2 127	66	5	1 104	3	1 178	1	935	13	-		
Spain	1 698	1 588	199	1	1 165	4	1 369	5	136	78	- i		
Sweden	3 543	2 173	540	3	1 226	j -	1 769	4	395	5	i – i		
Switzerland	5 222	4 264	527	8	3 062	5	3 602	10	642	8	2		
UK	33 264	31 317	10 336	38	17 047	108	27 529	219	2 899	660	10		
Other	3 895	3 939	820	5	2 332	17	3 174	90	477	155	43		
NORTH AMERICA	 18 291	 15 197	2 633	20	 10 655	170	13 478	20	1 604	67	28		
Canada	2 851	2 511	415	8	1 630	1	2 093	4	405	8	1		
USA	15 440	12 686 	2 218	12	9 025	130	11 385	16	1 199	59	27		
CENTRAL &													
SOUTH AMERICA	3 300	3 504	237	2	2 773	4	3 016	6	436	43	3		
Argentina	850	895	125	_	726		852	1	42	-	-		
Brazil	1 323	1 460		1	1 207		1 226	i -i	223	8	3		
Chile	226	251	22	_	201	_	223	i – i	22	6	_		
Other	901	898	75	1	639	-	715	5	149	29	-		
AUSTRALASIA	 6 556	 6 350	447	71	 4 842	31	5 391	 18	907	17	17		
Australia	5 175	5 080		41	3 994	1	4 409	11	634	10	16		
New Zealand	1 251	1 180	95	30	780	4	909	3	260	7	1		
Other	130	90	5	_	68	-	73	4	13	-	- <u> </u>		

1 TOURISM 1.2 Foreign travellers 1.2.1 Arrivals by country of residence and mode of travel

						Foreign	travelle	rs				
Govern berei	None	ember	Mode of travel									
Country	NOVE	ember		AIR								
				 	 	 		 RAIL	ROAD	SEA	·	
	1999	2000	(C/Town)	(Durban)	(J/burg) 	(Other)	Total					
					' 	' 		i			·	
MIDDLE EAST	2 328	1 942	198	-	1 587	2	1 787	3	145	4	3	
Israel	1 178	946	52	_	861	-	913	-	33	-	-	
Saudi Arabia	184	145	6	_	103		109	1	35	- İ	- j	

Turkey	39	1	39 131	1	183	1	314	1	17	4	3
Other	56	3 5	12 9	-	440	2	451	1	60	-	-
ASIA	 14 07) 11 7	03 1 342	174	7 673	18	9 207	197	1 896	 339	64
China	1 66	5 1 4	o6 168	6	820	j 1	995	1	319	91	- i
Hong Kong	1 04	<u>.</u> 9	25 79	- i	841	1	921	_	4	i – i	- i
India	2 47	3 2 0	92 12	26	1 347	5	1 390	35	622	40	5
Japan	2 09) 18	06 199	9	1 516	6	1 730	2	64	10	- j
Malaysia	71	٤ 8	92 297	1 49	506	1	853	-	38	1	- j
Philippines	53	9 6	02 30	22	243	1	296	95	94	88	29
Rep of China	2 16	3 1 1	93 177	' 21	728	2	928	-	198	40	27
(Taiwan)											ĺ
Rep of Korea	74		53 29	9	377	-	415	2	145	1	- [
Singapore	88	9 7	13 292		377	-	677	5	24	7	- [
Other	1 74	. 15	11 59	24	918	1	1 002	57	388	61	3
INDIAN OCEAN											i
ISLANDS	1 20) 1 3	26 125	169	904	2	1 200	-	125	1	- j
Mauritius	1 03	i 10	96 119	158	706	1	984	-	112	j - j	- j
Other	16	5 2	30 6	11	198	1	216	_	13	1	- į
AFRICA	 367 21:	 9 342 0	 52 1 107	 ' 43	 21 104	l l 658	22 912	75	 318 217	 826	32
Angola	2 38	1 -		1	2 077	17	2 107	_	124		-1
Botswana	46 80	42 9	54 10	i -	1 509	97	1 616	_	41 343	i – i	5
Kenya	1 39			1	1 115	15	1 133	2	213	2	- i
Lesotho	137 34	3 118 0	26 5	i –	530	183	718	_	117 303	4	1
Malawi	6 40	6 0	15 2	2	1 113	147	1 264	3	4 747	1	- j
Mozambique	40 79	9 44 4	36 1	. 23	1 572	25	1 621	22	42 211	631	1
Namibia	15 35	. 15 2	49 986		1 920	25	2 931	2	12 178	138	- j
Nigeria	1 07	1 2	46 6		974	4	984	_	261	1	- [
Swaziland	59 40	2 56 9	78 6	17	526	13	562	_	56 401	9	6
Zambia	5 70	6 6	51 6		1 716	21	1 743	_	4 915	3	- [
Zimbabwe	45 52				4 332	75	4 430	30	37 680	1	- [
Other	5 01	5 4 7	15 47	-	3 720	36	3 803	16	841	36	19
UNSPECIFIED	10 25	10 5	98 23	4	 516	39	582	2	911	4	9 099

1 TOURISM 1.2 Foreign travellers 1.2.2 Arrivals by country of residence and purpose of visit

									I	Foreign t	ravellers		
		November				Purpose of visit (November 2000)							
Country					 			 		 	 	Contract	
	199	99	200	00	Busine	ess	Holida	ay	Study	Work	Transit	worker	
GRAND TOTAL	537	876	503	070	49	027	421	445	2 163	5 267	11 258	4 674	
OVERSEAS TOTAL	160	402	150	410	18	489	122	178	289	3 597	5 807] 1	
EUROPE	114	657		388	11	795	93	416	147	2 058	2 966	 1	
Austria		896		776		178		538	-	25		-	
Belgium		706		070		406	4	471	6	92		-	
Denmark		720		321		230		965	5	49	1	-	
France		049		252		014		751	15	226	246	-	
Germany	25	358	27	388	1	924	24	742	32	343		-	
Greece		580		549		86		340	1	25		1	
Ireland		785		923		311		521	2	56	1	-	
Italy	3	839		156		492	2	437	4	66	157	-	
Netherlands		783	11	578		743	10	554	23	154		-	
Norway		100		967		177		683	2	37	1	-	
Portugal		219		127		176		835	6	24		-	
Spain		698		588		147		213	1	25	1	-	
Sweden		543		173		429		619	1	82	1	-	
Switzerland	5	222	4	264		371	3	769	1	47	76	-	
UK		264		317	4	477		489	32	640		-	
Other	3	895	3	939		634	2	489	16	167	630	- 	
NORTH AMERICA	18	291	15	197	2	471	11	494	56	586	590	-	
Canada	2	851	2	511		388	1	920	4	88	111	-	
USA	15	440	12	686	2	083	9	574	52	498	479	-	
CENTRAL & SOUTH AMERICA	3	300	3	504		341	2	607	13	135	408	-	
Argentina	İ	850		895		63		770	3	11	48	-	
Brazil	1	323	1	460		120	1	128	5	29	178	-	
Chile	j	226		251		36		120	2	17	76	-	
Other		901		898		122		589	3	78	106	-	

AUSTRALASIA	6 556	6 350	909	4 990	10	113	328	-
Australia	5 175	5 080	726	3 990	9	80	275	_
New Zealand	1 251	1 180	153	952	1	27	47	_
Other	130	90	30	48	-	6	6	-

1 TOURISM

1.2 Foreign travellers

1.2.2 Arrivals by country of residence and purpose of visit (concluded)

	 									Foreign t	ravellers	
Country	 	Nove	ember							se of vis	it (Novemb	per 2000)
Country	 199	99	200	00	Busine	ss	Holida	ay	Study	 Work	 Transit	Contract worker
MIDDLE EAST		328	1	942		 597	1	218	7	50	69	
Israel	1	178		946	:	259		633	1		1	-
Saudi Arabia		184		145		58		83	-	4	!	-
Turkey		398		339		75		234	_	10	1	-
Other	 	568		512	1	205		268	6	20	12	-
ASIA	14	070	11	703	2	118	7	531	53	629	1 329	-
China		666	1	406	4	426		647	16	110	206	-
Hong Kong		044		925		95		807	-	5	18	-
India	1	478		092		491		234	9	129	1	-
Japan	2	090	1	806		381	1	187	1	103		-
Malaysia		714		892		135		706	-	29	!	-
Philippines		539		602		34		119	2	50	!	-
Rep of China (Taiwan)	2	163	1	193] :	114		938	3	42	1	-
Rep of Korea	ļ	746		563		97		379	10	58	!	-
Singapore	ļ	889		713		107		567	3	8	28	-
Other	1	741	1	511	:	238		947	9	95	208	-
INDIAN OCEAN ISLANDS	1	200	1	326	:	258 258		922	3	 26	117	-
Mauritius	1	034	1	096	:	210		757	2	23	104	-
Other	ļ	166		230		48		165	1	3	13	-
AFRICA	 367	219	342	062	30 4	 408	298	291	1 848	 1 365	5 384	4 673
Angola	2	386	2	231	:	312	1	640	44	39	191	j -
Botswana	46	805	42	964	1 9	964	39	619	449	137	560	235
Kenya	1	399	1	350	!	520 İ		695	19	54	62	-
Lesotho	137	343	118	026	16 (600 İ	100	192	373	254	602	3
Malawi		409	6	015	,	746	5	080	19	29		-
Mozambique		799		486		706		035	250	110		4 101
Namibia	15	351		249		874	10	209	112	54	1 999	-
Nigeria				246		466		639	26	58	1	-
Swaziland		402		978		503		288	362	85	!	334
Zambia		706		661		139		175	34	69	1	-
Zimbabwe		525		141		932		441	103	229	!	-
Other	5 	015	4	715	1 (646	2	278	57	247	416	-
UNSPECIFIED	10	255	10	598	:	130		976	26	305	67	-

1 TOURISM

Belgium

Denmark

France

1.3 South African residents

1.3.1 Departures by country of destination and purpose of visit 1.3.1.1 Johannesburg, Cape Town and Durban International Airports

Purpose of visit November Country Holiday | Business | Study | Unspec. 2000 November 2000 35 197| 40 047 720 | 593 | 64 664 27 464 GRAND TOTAL 1 283 13 872 25 694 OVERSEAS TOTAL 41 823 26 565 793 EUROPE 11 769 20 399 11 609 8 065 341 384 Austria 159 311 177 119 6 9

389

146

927

237

77

470

131

35

355

South African residents

221

85

532

25

22

21

12

4

19

Germany	1 039	1 887	803	1 013	42	29
Greece	144	244	172	63	1	8
Ireland	155	626	443	163	13	7
Italy	408	688	324	343	5	16
Netherlands	591	937	486	413	23	15
Portugal	406	508	379	110	4	15
Spain	240	409	226	175	2	6
Sweden	76	143	41	95	4	3
Switzerland	356	708	303	382	13	10
UK	7 098	11 818	7 366	4 084	153	215
Other	313	658	368	267	7	16
NORTH AMERICA	3 872	5 503	3 348	1 950	117	 88
Canada	414	564	400	146	7	11
USA	3 458	4 939	2 948	1 804	110	77
CENTRAL & SOUTH AMERICA	483	984	524	413	11	36
Argentina	113	223	174	43	1	5
Brazil	161	322	136	170	7	9
Other	209	439	214	200	3	22
AUSTRALASIA	3 013	4 710	3 796	791 l	33	90
Australia	2 242	3 420	2 631	698	24	67
New Zealand	768	1 282	1 161	89	9	23
Other	3	8	4	4	-	-

- 1 TOURISM
- 1.3 South African residents
- 1.3.1 Departures by country of destination and purpose of visit
 1.3.1.1 Johannesburg, Cape Town and Durban International Airports
 (concluded)

							n residents			
Countries						se of	visit	 		
Country	7OM	rember		Holiday				Unspec.		
	1999	2000			November 2000					
MIDDLE EAST	1 261	_ 2	 596	1 79:	 2	712	40	52		
Israel	432	2	382	25'	7	89	26	10		
Saudi Arabia	293	3 1	125	960	5	141	2	16		
United Arab Emirates	288	3	676	348	3	309	3	16		
Other	248	3	413	22	1	173	9	10		
ASIA	3 758	5	513	3 87	3 1	477	47	116		
Hong Kong	404		603	328		260	1	14		
India	703	!	130	93'	!	156	12	25		
Japan	110		261	70		160	15	10		
Malaysia	273		358	20:	T. Control of the con	148	1	8		
Rep of China (Taiwan)	289	!	440	34		78	7	9		
Singapore	478		445	31:	!	127	2	4		
Thailand	987	!	414	1 13	!	246	-	32		
Other	514	ł	862	53'	7	302	9	14		
INDIAN OCEAN ISLANDS	1 538		118	1 62		464	4	27		
Mauritius	1 390		940	1 49	!	423	4	22		
Other	148	3	178	13:	2	41	-	5		
AFRICA	10 088		112	5 04		693	74	299		
Angola	237	!	459	8!	- !	369	-	5		
Botswana	755	1	614	32	- !	262	5	24		
Comoros	170		362	34:	!	16	-	5		
Egypt	162		287	17:		97	4	7		
Kenya	333	!	695	230	!	443	8	14		
Malawi	287	1	521	12:		383	3	12		
Mozambique	1 048	1	559	32:		212	4	22		
Namibia	2 651		514	1 19		257	13	48		
Swaziland	335	1	534	9!		430	3	6		
Zambia	544	!	398	238	- !	113	5	42		
Zimbabwe	2 27		765	1 28:		416	9	57		
Other	1 287	7 2	404	63:	2	695	20	57		
ANTARTICA	-	-	7	:	2	5	-	-		
UNSPECIFIED	4 265	6	722	3 58	4 2	894	53	191		

2.1 Immigrants and emigrants2.1.1 Summary table

Actual data Seasonally adjusted data (i) Persons who arrived as approved immigrants (ii) Persons who after arrival as travellers were approved as immigrants	Nover	mber	Jan Nov	. Cum. Tc
		2000	 1999	2000
. Actual data	247 317	 296	3 407	2 729
(i) Persons who arrived as approved immigrants	88	72	771	829
• •	 159 	 224 	2 636 	1 90C
(b) EMIGRANTS 1/ . Actual data . Seasonally adjusted data	 	 846 	7 835 	9 093
(c) NET GAIN/LOSS	-228	-550	-4 428	-6 364

2. MIGRATION 2.1 Immigrants and emigrants 2.1.2 Mode of travel

Immigrants and emigrants		Mode of travel				
		Air	Rail	Road		
		November 2000				
(a) Immigrants - Persons who arrived as approved immigrants	72	 60		1		
(b) Emigrants 1/	846	846	-			

^{1/} Emigrants recorded only at the three international airports (See explanatory notes)

2 MIGRATION 2.2 Migrants by occupation 2.2.1 Immigrants

g						
Occupation	Nove	mber	Jan Nov. Cum. Tot			
Occupation	1999	2000	1999	2000		
GRAND TOTAL	- 247	 296	3 407	2 729		
TOTAL - ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE	62	59	1 309	616		
Professional, semi-professional and technical occupations	35	33	351	313		
Engineers and related technologists	4	_	52	18		
Industrial/Production	4	_	28	12		
Chemical	j - j	_	4	_		
Electrical and related	j - j	_	5	3		
Mechanical	j - j	_	6	2		
Metallurgical	j - j	_	-	_		
Mining	j - j	_	4	_		
Civil and related	j - j	_	4	1		
Engineers n.e.c.	j - j	_	1	_		
Medical practitioner	2	5	36	20		
Medical specialist	j - j	1	1	1		
Dental professions	j - j	_	1	_		
Education and related occupations	5	8	67	99		
Accountant and related accounting occupations	-	_	16	13		
Other	24	19	178	162		
Managerial, executive and administrative occupations	20	18	238	218		
Clerical and sales occupations	1	1	197	19		
Transport, delivery and communications occupations	-	_	25	5		
Service occupations	2	1	56	4		
Farming and related occupations	-	-	23	4		
Artisans, apprentice and related occupations	2	2	166	13		

Production foreman and supervisor, miner and quarry worker, operator, production and related worker	-	_	218	5
Occupation unspecified and n.e.c.	2	4	35	35
TOTAL - NOT ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE House-keeping Child - not scholar Scholar/Student Pensioner Spouse Not economically active n.e.c.	185 87 19 64 13 -	237 1 13 71 12 139	2 098 1 144 134 650 134 -	2 113 594 117 748 146 484

2 MIGRATION 2.2 Migrants by occupation 2.2.2 Emigrants 1/

	Nove	ember	JanNov. Cu	um.Total
Occupation	 1999	2000	1999	2000
GRAND TOTAL TOTAL - ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE	475 286	846 550	7 835 4 488	9 093
Professional, semi-professional and technical occupations Engineers and related technologists Industrial/Production Chemical Electrical and related Agricultural Mechanical Metallurgical Civil and related Engineers n.e.c. Medical practitioner Medical specialist	110 23 2 - - - - - 4 17	206 28 5 1 1 - 1 - 2 18 9	1 710 253 13 1 2 1 1 1 2 2 212 212 57	2 138 321 27 6 12 - 10 - 27 239 77
Dental professions Education and related occupations Accountant and related accounting occupations Other	4 17 23 42	4 23 36 104	11 292 250 832	30 319 308 1 067
Managerial, executive and Tadministrative occupations	42 	80	629	789
Clerical and sales occupations	55	84	845	941
Transport, delivery and communications occupations	1	7	29	56
Service occupations	3	12 	108	129
Farming and related occupations] 1 	_	16 	28
Artisans, apprentice and related occupations	20 	17 	231	268
Production foreman and supervisor, miner and quarry worker, operator, production and related worker	1 	5 	27 	55
Occupation unspecified and n.e.c.	53	139	893	1 270
TOTAL - NOT ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE House-keeping Child - not scholar Scholar/Student Labour Disabled	189 55 32 78	296 69 63 129	3 347 820 611 1 596	3 419 737 681 1 650
Pensioner Not economically active n.e.c.	21	30 5	297 20	287 64

^{1/} Emigrants recorded only at the three international airports (See explanatory notes)

2 MIGRATION 2.3 Immigrants by country of previous permanent residence and emigrants by country of destination

Country	 	Immigrants	Emigrants 1/			
	November	JanNov.	Cum.Total	Year	November	JanNov. Cum.

	1999	2000	1999	2000	1999	1999	2000	1999	20
GRAND TOTAL	247	296	3 407	2 729	3 669	475	846	7 835	
OVERSEAS TOTAL	197	172	1 975	1 957	2 151	385	676	6 721	
EUROPE	120	84	1 113	 861	1 213	142	277	2 850	
Austria	1	-	14	6	14	1	-	13	
Belgium	9	2	48	23	48	5	6	34	İ
France		1	34	23	36	6	3	37	İ
Germany	13	18	154	139	159	12	18	169	İ
Ireland	1	- j	22	j 11	22	1	14	33	İ
Italy	1	1	34	30	34	4	5	50	İ
Netherlands	42	12	94	54	104	1	13	134	İ
Portugal	1	3	17	30	18	3	2	35	İ
Switzerland	i – i	2	29	35	29	1	7	79	İ
UK	33	16	427	306	467	99	206	2 148	İ
Other	19	29	240	204	282	9	3	118	
NORTH AMERICA	1 1	13	87	100	98	66	98	1 090	
Canada	i – i	5	17	32	27	17	40	324	İ
USA	1	8	70	68	71	49	58	766	
CENTRAL & SOUTH AMERICA	4	1	25	 22	 33	_	8	41	
Brazil	i 1 i	- i	12	j 6	16	- i	- i	4	
Other	3	1	13	16	17	- [8	37	
AUSTRALASIA	 8	1	40	 29	 40	157	240	2 332	
Australia	4	- i	27	l 19	27	89	139	1 431	İ
New Zealand	4	1	13	10	13	68	101	900	İ
Other	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	1	

^{1/} Emigrants recorded only at the three international airports (See explanatory notes)

2 MIGRATION 2.3 Immigrants by country of previous permanent residence and emigrants by country of destination (concluded)

Country		I	mmigrants		!		Emigrants 1/			
Country	November		JanNov. Cum.Total	Year	November		JanNov. Cum.			
	1999	2000	1999	2000	1999	1999	2000	1999	2	
MIDDLE EAST	4	7	45	46	46	8	18	182		
Israel	-	2	11	13	11	1	5	58	ĺ	
Other	4	5	34	33	35	7	13	124	į	
ASIA	60	59	649	879	693	6	21	156		
India	25	10	218	266	222	-	9	24	İ	
Pakistan	1	19	53	82	58	-	_	10	İ	
People's Rep of China	15	12	146	260	178	1	_	9	ĺ	
Rep of China (Taiwan)	11	12	133	189	133	-	2	13	ĺ	
Other	8	6	99	82	102	5	10	100	ļ	
INDIAN OCEAN ISLANDS	-	7	16	20	28	6	14	70		
Mauritius	- j	7	12	20	24	6	13	67	İ	
Other	-	-	4	-	4	-	1	3	İ	
AFRICA	49	124	1 418	760	1 504	86	157	1 033		
Botswana	3	1	20	12	24	16	23	120	ĺ	
Ghana	2	8	74	117	74	-	7	9		
Lesotho	3	2	105	87	111	-	7	7	ĺ	
Mozambique	1	_	556	13	575	1	5	24	İ	
Namibia	-	_	9	8	18	38	44	428	ĺ	
Nigeria	13	30	64	78	72	1	3	3	İ	
Uganda	-	25	18	72	18	4	2	18	ĺ	
Zambia	3	4	52	43	55	4	14	93		
Zimbabwe	5	19	177	120	181	9	24	145		
Other	19	96	343	395	376	13	36	186	İ	
UNSPECIFIED	1	-	14	12	14	4	13	81		

^{1/} Emigrants recorded only at the three international airports (See explanatory notes)

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