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# Tourism and migration March 2004

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Central Reference Collection, Kimberley
Central Reference Library, Mmabatho

# **KEY FINDINGS**

**Note:** South African departures and arrivals are no longer required to have passport barcodes scanned at the ports of entry and exit; therefore, statistics on their departure and arrival are no longer available. Moreover those departing through the three international airports are no longer required to complete departure forms. This is due to the implementation of the Immigration Act (No. 13 of 2002) by the Department of Home Affairs as from April 2003.

# 1. Foreign travellers

The total number of foreign travellers who visited South Africa from mainland Africa, overseas and unspecified countries, arriving through all ports of entry during March 2004 was **548 871**. The March 2004 figure represents a decrease of **1,0%** as compared with the March 2003 figure of 554 640.

During March 2004, the most common mode of travel used by foreign travellers arriving in South Africa was road, involving 350 498 (63,9%) travellers, followed by air, involving 182 310 (33,2%) travellers. Of the total number of foreign travellers arriving by air, 132 575 (72,7%) arrived through Johannesburg International Airport while 47 359 (26,0%) arrived through Cape Town International Airport, 1 036 (0,6%) arrived through Durban International Airport and the rest, 1 340 (0,7%), arrived through other airports.

For the total number of foreign travellers departing, road constituted the most common mode of travel 320 716 (62,6%), then followed by air 189 997 (37,1%). Of the total number of foreign travellers departing by air, 133 039 (70,0%) departed from Johannesburg International Airport, 55 098 (29,0%) departed from Cape Town International Airport, 828 (0,4%) used Durban International Airport and the rest, 1 032 (0,5%), departed through other airports. Figure 1 shows the breakdown of air arrivals and departures according to the airport used.

## 2. Ports of entry and mode of travel used by overseas and mainland Africa travellers

# 2.1 Overseas travellers

During March 2004, **178 492** overseas travellers visited South Africa. The March 2004 figure represents an **increase of 2,8%** over the March 2003 figure of 173 687.

The figures show that for March 2004, there were 154 149 air arrivals from overseas, which accounts for 86,4% of all overseas arrivals. Of these overseas air arrivals, 106 608 (69,2%) arrived through Johannesburg International Airport; 45 857 (29,7%) arrived through Cape Town International Airport; 845 (0,5%) arrived through Durban International Airport and the rest, 839 (0,5%), arrived through other airports.

The number of overseas travellers arriving by road during March 2004 was 23 241 (13,0%). The number of travellers arriving by rail, sea and unspecified mode of travel was 1 102 (0,6%).

# 2.2 Mainland Africa travellers

The total number of travellers who arrived in South Africa from mainland Africa during March 2004 was **355 015**, as compared to the March 2003 figure of 365 408, this represents **a decrease of 2,8%**. Of these travellers from mainland Africa, the number arriving by road was 326 702 (92,0%).

For the same month, there were 27 397 (7,7%) air travellers arriving from mainland Africa. Of these air arrivals, 25 302 (92,4%) arrived through Johannesburg International Airport, 1 411 (5,2%) arrived through Cape Town International Airport, 190 (0,7%) arrived through Durban International Airport while the rest, 494 (1,8%), arrived through other airports. The number of travellers from mainland Africa arriving by rail, sea and unspecified mode of travel was 916 (0.3%).

# 3. Purpose of visit

Of the 178 492 overseas travellers visiting South Africa during March 2004, 164 125 (92,0%) stated that they were in South Africa for holidays while 8 531 (4,8%) stated that they were on a business trip. Overseas travellers on transit in South Africa were 1 437 (0,8%) of the total number, those travellers arriving for the purpose of work (including contract work) were 3 778 (2,1%) and those visiting for the purpose of study were 556 (0,3%).

Mainland Africa travellers: Of the 355 015 travellers from mainland Africa visiting South Africa during March 2004, an overwhelming majority 324 937 (91,5%) stated that they were in South Africa for holidays while 12 600 (3,5%) stated that they were on a business trip. A further breakdown of travellers from mainland Africa is as follows: travellers in transit were 2 954 (0,8%), those visiting for the purpose of study were 6 528 (1,8%) and those travellers arriving for the purpose of work (including contract work) were 7 626 (2,1%).

# 4. Leading source countries of overseas and mainland Africa travellers

Overseas travellers: During March 2004, the number of travellers from the UK visiting South Africa was 46 790 (26,2%), making it the leading country of origin of overseas travellers. This was followed by travellers from Germany, 26 487 (14,8%); and the USA, 16 958 (9,5%). The other main countries of origin of overseas travellers were: France, 12 934 (7,2%); the Netherlands, 8 382 (4,7%); Australia, 6 320 (3,5%); Italy, 3 585 (2,0%) and Ireland, 3 517 (2,0%). Upon comparing the figures for March 2004 with those of March 2003, the highest increase in the number of arrivals from these leading source countries was for Italy, (18,6% increase from 3 023 in 2003 to 3 585 in 2004), (Figure: 2). The main stated purpose of visit for travellers coming from these leading source countries was holidays, followed by business.

Travellers from mainland Africa: During March 2004, the top eight countries in mainland Africa from which travellers arriving in South Africa came, were: Lesotho, 111 732 (31,5%); Swaziland, 63 482 (17,9%); Botswana, 57 635 (16,2%); Zimbabwe, 41 728 (11,8%); Mozambique, 34 829 (9,8%); Namibia, 16 488 (4,6%); Zambia, 9 294 (2,6%) and Malawi, 6 621 (1,9%). When comparing arrival figures from mainland Africa, for 2003 and 2004, there was an increase in the number of travellers arriving from Namibia, (6,8% increase from 15 439 in 2003 to 16 488 in 2004) (Figure: 3).

# 5. Migration

# **5.1** Documented immigration

**Note:** For the purpose of clarification, as per definition, 'undocumented immigrants' will not appear in the statistics collected. It is against this background that we report the migration statistics for March 2004.

In March 2004, the leading source countries of documented immigrants were: Nigeria, 182 (12,8%); the UK, 161 (11,3%); Zimbabwe, 122 (8,6%); Pakistan, 115 (8,1%) and China 75 (5,3%).

# 5.2 Historical trends in tourism

It should be borne in mind that there is often quite a substantial month to month variation in tourism figures, and one needs to look at a longer period of several months to be able to detect any trends and patterns. The trend regarding the number of overseas travellers arriving in South Africa since 2000 is shown in Figure 4. Although the figure shows evidence of seasonal fluctuations, the level of overseas tourism over the period has shown an upward trend since 2000.

pp PJ Lehohla Statistician-General

## **EXPLANATORY NOTES**

# 1. Sources of data

Legal movements across South African borders as well as legal immigration into South Africa fall under the jurisdiction of the Department of Home Affairs (DHA). Information on tourism and documented immigration is obtained from all ports of entry. Information on arrivals into and departures from South Africa is captured by DHA and loaded onto the mainframe at State Information Technology Agency (SITA). Stats SA accesses this data remotely, which is then used as part of the input data for this report. Information on legal immigrants to South Africa is sent to Stats SA on computer printout from DHA. The information on the printout is coded and captured by clerical staff at Stats SA.

South African departures and arrivals are no longer required to have their barcodes scanned or complete departure forms at the ports of entry and exit, therefore, statistics on their departure and arrival is no longer available. This is due to the implementation of the Immigration Act (No. 13 of 2002) by DHA as from April 2003.

# 2. Glossary of terms

Key terms used in this release are defined as follows:

**Tourism** comprises the activities of persons travelling to and staying in places outside their usual environment for not more than one consecutive year for leisure, business and other purposes. The usual environment of a person consists of a certain area around his/her place of residence plus all other places s/he frequently visits.

A tourist (overnight visitor) is a visitor who stays at least one night in collective or private accommodation in the place visited. An international tourist is an international visitor who stays at least one night in collective or private accommodation in the country visited. A domestic tourist refers to a domestic visitor who stays at least one night in collective or private accommodation in the place visited.

**Traveller** is any person on a trip between two or more localities. An **international traveller** refers to any person on a trip between two or more localities in different countries. A **domestic traveller** refers to any person on a trip between two or more localities in his/her country of residence.

**Visitor** refers to any person travelling to a place other than that of his/her usual environment for less than 12 consecutive months and whose main purpose of the trip is other than the exercise of an activity remunerated from within the place visited.

An **international visitor** is any person travelling to a country other than the one in which s/he has his/her usual residence, but outside his/her usual environment, for less than 12 consecutive months and whose main purpose of the trip is other than the exercise of an activity remunerated from within the place visited.

**Domestic visitor** refers to any person residing in a country, who travels to a place within that country other than the one in which s/he has his/her usual environment, for less than 12 consecutive months and whose main purpose of the trip is other than the exercise of an activity remunerated from within the place visited.

Overseas traveller refers to a number of foreign travellers visiting South Africa (SA), excluding travellers from mainland Africa and from 'unspecified' countries.

Foreign traveller refers to a person who resides outside SA and visits the country temporarily.

**South African residents** are persons residing in SA (South African citizens and persons with permanent residence) who leave the country temporarily.

**Documented immigrants** refer to residents of other countries who have been accepted as permanent residents in South Africa. The permanent residence status could be given either before or after arrival in South Africa.

**Self-declared emigrants** refer to South African residents who, at the time of departing from South Africa, state their intention to leave the country and reside permanently elsewhere.

# 3. Symbols used

- = nil
- .. = not applicable
- ? = unspecified

Fig 1a: Air arrivals by port of entry, South Africa, March 2004

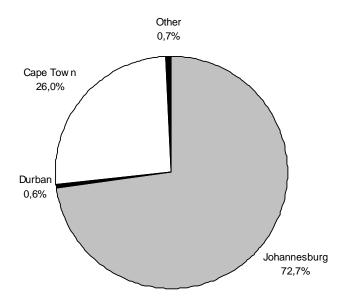
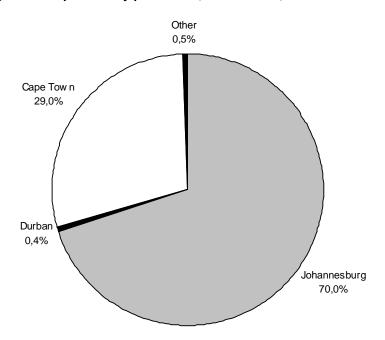


Fig 1b: Air departures by port of exit, South Africa, March 2004



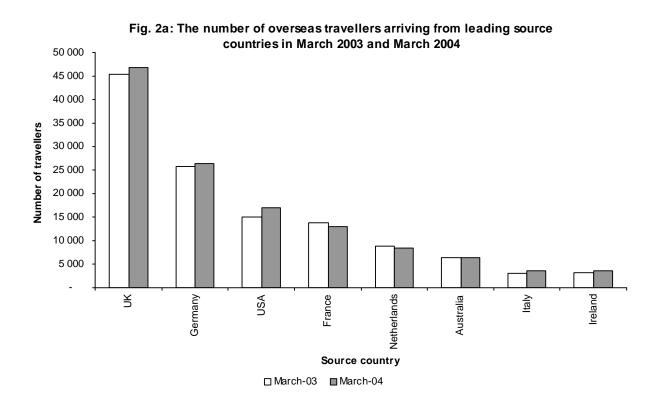


Fig. 2b: Percentage change in number of overseas travellers arriving from leading source countries in March 2004 compared with March 2003 20 15 10 Percentage change 5 0 Italy Ireland Germany USA France ¥ Australia -5 -10 -Source country

Fig. 3a: The number of travellers from mainland African countries arriving from leading source countries in March 2003 and March 2004

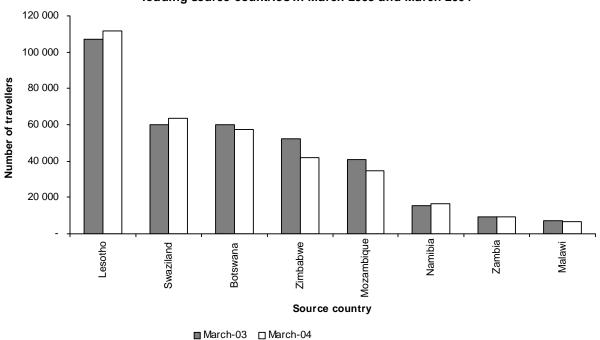


Fig. 3b: Percentage change in the number of travellers from mainland African countries arriving from leading source countries in March 2004 compared with

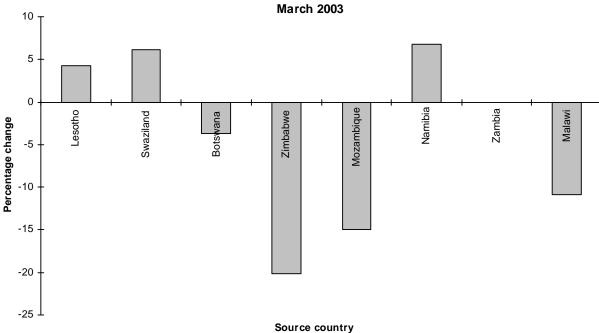
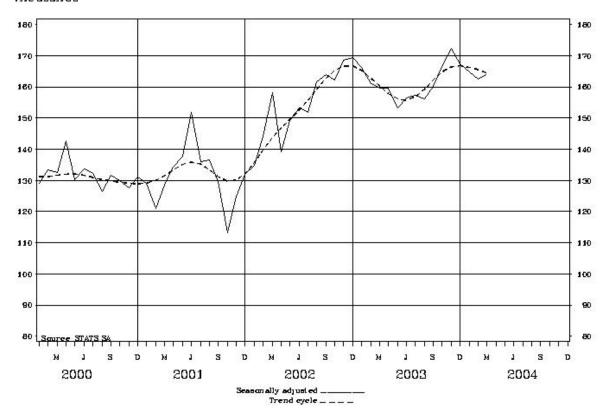


Fig 4: Overseas Travellers – Armvals Chousands



#### TOURISM

## 1.1 Arrivals and departures of foreign travellers and South African residents

## 1.1.1 Purpose of visit

Purpose of visit		Mar	ch		Jan M	ar.	Cum.Total		   	ear	
ruipose of visit	2003		2004		2003		2004		   :	1003	
(a) ARRIVALS:		 		 							
Foreign travellers											
.Actual data	554	640	548	871	1 673	061	1 664	043	6 6	0 095	
.Seasonally adjusted data	558	959	553	159							
.Business	31	985	21	198	94	550	55	207	2	3 111	
.Holiday	483	494	489	906	1 442	709	1 474	483	5 8!	2 732	
.Study	6	976	7	153	37	941	42	167	1:	3 200	
.Work	5	298	6	227	15	465	19	487	į .	1 714	
.Contract workers	4	599	5	530	16	922	16	539	į (	3 491	
.Border traffic concession	14	163	14	010	40	662	40	264	1!	5 551	
.Transit	7	669	4	411	23	876	14	235		5 362	
.Unspecified		456		436		936	1	661		4 934	
(b) DEPARTURES:							[ 		[ 		
Foreign travellers	532	729	511	918	1 499	820	1 500	691	5 9!	5 199	

#### 1. TOURISM

1.1 Arrivals and departures of foreign travellers and South African residents

## 1.1.2 Mode of travel

	     Total	 		1	Mode of t	ravel					
Arrivals and departures	10ta1   	Air						Rail   Road		Unspec.	
		  (C/Town) 	  (Durban) 	(J/burg)	(Other)	Total					
(a) ARRIVALS: Foreign travellers	     548 871	     47 359	   1 036	132 575	1 340	182 310	860	350 498	173	     15 030	
(b) DEPARTURES: Foreign travellers	     511 918	     55 098	     828	133 039	1 032	189 997	234	320 716	170	     801	

TOURISM

1.2.1 Arrivals by country of residence and mode of travel

							travelle						
Country	Ma	rch	 			Mode	of travel	L				Jan Mar	. Cum. Total
country	Ma.		   	Air			 	Rail	Road	Sea	     ?	   	   
	2003	   2004 	  (C/Town) 	  (Durban) 	  (J/burg) 	  (Other) 	   Total   				   	2004	2003   
GRAND TOTAL	554 640	   548 871	47 359		  132 575		  182 310	860			  15 030		1 673 061
OVERSEAS TOTAL	173 687	178 492	45 857	845	106 608	839	154 149	824	23 241	137	141	533 250	528 017
EUROPE	1 123 627	   126 622	38 812	l l 627	   67 854	l l 274	  107 567	601	18 294	83	l l 77	l   385-858	l   382 154
Austria	1 782	1 808	474	i 1	1 168	1	1 644	_	162	1	1	6 654	6 786
Belgium	3 615	2 952		i -	1 747	12	2 426	-	512	8	6	9 068	10 159
Denmark	1 859	1 954	331	j 1	1 315	1	1 648	3	294	8	1	6 973	6 394
France	13 795	12 934	2 030	16	7 534	25	9 605	1	3 316	9	3	33 613	35 248
Germany	25 828	26 487	9 140	422	12 203	44	21 809	9	4 645	20	4	76 406	77 223
Greece	612	606	63	2	432	3	500	5	96	-	5	2 075	1 970
Ireland	3 147	3 517		2	1 378	8	3 275	4	235	-	3	11 201	10 164
Italy	3 023	3 585	1	9	2 726	8	3 229	3	353	-	-	12 067	10 136
Netherlands	8 829	8 382	1	4	3 903	9	6 486	4	1 874	14	I	29 299	28 906
Norway	1 529	2 447		-	1 261	1	2 151	2	286	4	I	6 889	5 344
Portugal	2 334	2 416		8	1 064	6	1 161	-	1 255	-	-	7 239	7 175
Spain	1 498	1 775	1	4	1 425	5	1 679	2	91	1	_	4 813	4 439
Sweden	2 867	3 282	1	2	1 711	1	2 796	5	480	1	!	11 957	9 472
Switzerland	3 114	3 313		5	2 483	15	2 840	-	473	_	-	10 560	9 907
UK	45 407	46 790	1	110	24 883	123	42 495	496	3 770	14	1	142 375	145 448
Other	4 388	4 374	1 149	41	2 621	12	3 823	67	452	3	29	14 669	13 383
NORTH AMERICA	18 563	20 849	4 216	23	1 14 430	1 146	1 18 815	17	1 990	24	l   3	   55 971	   51 169
Canada	3 474	3 891	758	8	2 590	j 9	3 365	- 1	507	17	2	10 465	9 843
USA	15 089	16 958	3 458	15	11 840	137	15 450	17	1 483	7	1	45 506	41 326
CENTRAL &		 	 	 	[ [	 					 	] 	 
SOUTH AMERICA	3 242	3 713	668	3	2 702	15	3 388	3	320	-	2	11 698	10 475
Argentina	717	930	386	j 1	499	j -	886	- 1	44	-	j -	3 055	2 469
Brazil	1 210	1 600	100	2	1 346	9	1 457	- i	143	-	j -	5 069	4 145
Chile	286	226	72	j -	128	5	205	2	19	-	j -	868	929
Other	1 029	957	110	<u> </u>	729	1	840	1	114	-	2	2 706	2 932
AUSTRALASIA	7 657	   7 589	572	25	6 270	18	6 885	117	578	8	1	21 238	21 907
Australia	6 336	6 320	404	21	5 307	16	5 748	112	453	7	-	17 670	17 867
New Zealand	1 239	1 175	162	3	901	1	1 067	5	102	1	-	3 318	3 795
Other	82	94	6	1	62	1	70	-	23	-	1	250	245

TOURISM

1.2.1 Arrivals by country of residence and mode of travel

\_\_\_\_\_\_ Foreign travellers Mode of travel Jan. - Mar. Cum. Total Country March -----|Rail Road Sea ? 2004 2003 2003 (C/Town) | (Durban) | (J/burg) | (Other) | 8 749 MIDDLE EAST 2 649 3 164 156 2 2 755 13 2 926 6 230 2 8 234 1 196 1 636 28 1 | 1 520 2 | 1 551 85 4 195 3 531 Israel Saudi Arabia 104 175 4 129 1 | 134 41 627 466 Turkey 600 437 107 295 402 3 | 30 2 1 591 2 236 Other 749 916 811 839 3 l 74 2 336 2 001 17 1 1.0 16 217 ASIA 14 924 1,273 34 11 361 370 l 13 038 8.0 1 728 22 56 44 894 48 783 China 1 756 3 256 2 750 2 980 272 10 781 7 031 230 4 Hong Kong 866 24 1 827 852 14 2 721 2 535 2 426 India 5 486 2 928 69 17 2 294 46 31 456 1 14 8 000 14 773 1 922 2 124 1 881 2 039 82 5 142 5 399 Japan 151 1 61 3 l 2 316 Malaysia 692 782 316 415 731 51 2 445 Philippines 327 13 1 532 1 648 665 480 33 293 1 23 99 18 Rep of China 1 343 1 063 129 512 165 807 240 16 4 199 3 980 (Taiwan) Rep of Korea 779 926 80 726 806 6 | 112 2 3 837 3 447 Singapore 452 472 105 340 445 27 1 095 1 287 Other 2 544 2 027 136 1 323 152 1 625 375 3 5 271 6 238 14 16 INDIAN OCEAN ISLANDS 1 732 1 631 160 131 1 236 3 1 530 101 4 842 5 295 Mauritius 1 171 1 084 153 113 718 985 99 3 707 3 783 1 Other 561 547 518 2 545 1 135 1 512 18 AFRICA 365 408 355 015 1 411 190 25 302 494 27 397 23 326 702 36 857 | 1 081 873 1 100 173 2 243 2 345 Angola 26 2 058 39 2 123 221 8 481 8 931 Botswana 59 855 57 635 16 1 837 119 1 972 55 646 17 164 991 178 927 Kenva 1 609 1 598 112 1 288 4 1 404 1 | 193 5 026 4 560 Lesotho 107 089 111 732 2 5 456 28 491 2 İ 110 450 789 352 666 326 208 Malawi 7 430 6 621 1 463 13| 1 479 5 141 20 443 22 117 1 | Mozambique 40 949 34 829 157 1 550 1 739 33 083 105 042 132 808 Namibia 15 439 16 488 1 088 2 108 16 3 212 2 | 13 225 24 49 073 47 305 Nigeria 2 061 2 007 15 1 655 63 1 733 274 5 532 6 028 Swaziland 59 839 63 482 558 591 l 2 | 62 889 196 830 175 291 1 18 14 9 296 2 272 27 899 9 294 21 | 2 302 8 6 983 1 | 28 372 Zambia 9 Zimbabwe 52 254 41 728 24 5 4 382 101 4 512 1 | 37 199 11 5 | 124 281 149 123 7 344 Other 7 256 112 5 5 675 47 5 839 4 | 1 398 15 21 609 20 503 UNSPECIFIED 15 545 15 364 91 l 665 l 7 | 764 48 920 44 871 1 | 13 555 - 14 032

1. TOURISM

1.2.2 Arrivals by country of residence and purpose of visit

							ravellers			
Country	Man	rch			Purpos	se of vis	it (March	2004)		
Country	2003	2004	   Business	Holiday	   Study	Work	  Transit	Contract worker		Unspecified
GRAND TOTAL	554 640	548 871	21 198	489 906	7 153	6 227	4 411	5 530	14 010	436
OVERSEAS TOTAL	173 687	178 492	8 531	164 125	556	3 778	1 437	-	-	65
EUROPE	123 627	126 622	4 912	118 724	283	1 944	   759	_	 	-
Austria	1 782	1 808	68	1 717	2	18	3	-	- İ	-
Belgium	3 615	2 952	152	2 724	10	53	13	-	-	-
Denmark	1 859	1 954	102	1 792	4	47	9	-	-	-
France	13 795	12 934	378	12 309	29	187	31	-	-	-
Germany	25 828	26 487	694	25 279	86	336	92	-	-	-
Greece	612	606	26	527	2	22	29	-	-	-
Ireland	3 147	3 517	101	3 359	4	35	18	-	-	-
Italy	3 023	3 585	151	3 364	3	43	24	-	-	-
Netherlands	8 829	8 382	390	7 796	49	116	31	-	-	-
Norway	1 529	2 447	101	2 283	2	41	20	-	-	-
Portugal	2 334	2 416	35	2 331	5	32	13	-	-	-
Spain	1 498	1 775	42	1 609	2	68	54	-	-	-
Sweden	2 867	3 282	193	3 005	9	63	12	-	-	-
Switzerland	3 114	3 313	78	3 182	10	39	4	-	-	-
UK	45 407	46 790	2 021	43 970	52	561	186	_	-	-
Other	4 388	4 374	380	3 477	14	283	220	-	-	-
NORTH AMERICA	18 563	20 849	1 058	19 179	75	454	83	-	-	-
Canada	3 474	3 891	145	3 627	11	97	11	-	-	-
USA	15 089	16 958	913	15 552	64	357	72	-	-	-
CENTRAL & SOUTH AMERICA	3 242	3 713	   115	3 426	14	83	   75	_	  -	-
Argentina	717	930	27	882	1	13	j 7 j	-	– i	-
Brazil	1 210	1 600	41	1 474	6	32	47	_	_ i	-
Chile	286	226	10	206	1	6	j 3 j	_	i – i	_
Other	1 029	957	37	864	6	32	18	-	-	-
AUSTRALASIA	   7 657	7 589	   241	7 148	 9	101	   90	_	   -	-
Australia	6 336	6 320	198	5 956	7	85	74	_	_ i	-
New Zealand	1 239	1 175	35	1 113	– i	14	13	_	i – i	_
Other	82	94	8	79	2	2	3	-	i - i	-

1. TOURISM

1.2.2 Arrivals by country of residence and purpose of visit (concluded)

\_\_\_\_\_\_ Foreign travellers March Purpose of visit (March 2004) Country Contract | Border 2003 2004 | Business | Holiday | Study | Work | Transit | worker | Traffic | Unspecified Israel 1 196 1 636 1 539 Saudi Arabia 104 175 l 7 | 161 2| 5 | 437 382 Turkey 600 24 3 | 19| 916 692 Other 749 167 9 | 36 12 ASIA 16 217 14 924 1 898 11 329 147 1 093 65 China 1 756 3 256 946 1 937 55 l 62 l 2 Hong Kong 578 866 17 841 l 8 2 928 India 5 486 481 2 124 12 203 11 1 922 2 124 100 1 917 7 l 93 7 l Japan 692 Malaysia 75 671 2 | Philippines 665 480 16 238 2 | 112 112 Rep of China (Taiwan) 1 343 1 063 51 l 814 10 155 l 261 779 772 43 Rep of Korea 926 50 43 18 452 472 48 399 2 | Singapore 20 3 l Other 2 544 2 027 114 1 616 14 173 45 INDIAN OCEAN ISLANDS 1 732 1 631 55 1 545 11 13 Mauritius 1 171 1 084 53 l 1 002 61 11 12 Other 561 547 2 | 543 1 1 | AFRICA 365 408 355 015 324 937 2 096 12 600 6 528 2 954 5 530 370 2 042 Angola 2 243 2 345 78 164 4 Botswana 59 855 57 635 552 l 52 689 3 673 207 331 183 1 609 1 598 81 İ 1 367 46 90 11 Kenya 3 107 089 111 732 106 826 Lesotho 3 136 674 435 489 172 Malawi 7 430 6 621 515 6 010 20 l 43 26 757 28 757 Mozambique 40 949 34 829 230 144 31 3 Namibia 15 439 16 488 2 111 12 570 320 38 1 449 2 061 141 Nigeria 2 007 1 654 70 l 93 38 11 Swaziland 59 839 63 482 419 61 823 696 117 160 267 9 296 Zambia 9 294 1 186 7 920 70 83 35 l 52 254 2 741 370 Zimbabwe 41 728 37 899 50 Other 7 344 7 256 883 5 380 195 1 | 284 UNSPECIFIED 15 545 15 364 67 l 844 69 l 353 l 14 010|

Tourism and migration, March 2004

- 2. MIGRATION
- 2.1 Documented immigrants
- 2.1.1 Summary table

Documented immigrants	Ma:	rch	Jan Mar	. Cum.Total	Year
bocumented immigrants	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003
(a) DOCUMENTED IMMIGRANTS: GRAND TOTAL Actual data	790	1 423	2 406	3 514	10 578
(i) Persons who arrived as approved immigrants	211	   476	653	1 099	2 827
(ii) Persons who after arrival as travellers were approved as immigrants	   579 	   947 	1 753	2 415	   7 751 

2. MIGRATION

2.1 Documented immigrants

2.1.2 Mode of travel

		Mode of travel							
Documented immigrants	Total 	   Air	Rail	Road	Sea				
			March 2004						
Documented immigrants - Persons who arrived as approved immigrants	   476 	   332 	   - 	   144 	   - 				

#### 2. MIGRATION

## 2.2 Migrants by occupation

## 2.2.1 Documented immigrants

Occupation			Jan Mar.		
Occupation	2003	2004	   2003	2004	2003
GRAND TOTAL	790	1 423	2 406	3 514	10 578
TOTAL - ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE	76	148	260	275	1 011
Professional, semi-professional and technical occupations	34			107	499
Engineers and related technologists	5	3			54
Industrial/Production	5				30
Chemical	-	-	-		1
Electrical and related	-	-	-	_	13
Mechanical	-	-	1		1
Metallurgical	-	-	2		4
Mining	-	-	-		-
Civil and related	-	-	-	1	-
Engineers n.e.c.	-		-	_	5
Medical practitioner	3	14	15		54
Medical specialist	-	-	- !		_
Dental professions	1	_	3		10
Education and related occupations	-	10	22		90
Accountant and related accounting occupations	4	3	9		33
Other	21	31	79   	51	258
Managerial, executive and administrative occupations	40	75	101	146	416
Clerical and sales occupations	-	1	1	1	15
Transport, delivery and communications occupations	-	-	3	1	25
Service occupations	1	3	   5	5	7
Farming and related occupations	-	-	-	-	15
Artisans, apprentice and related occupations	1	3	3	4	10
Production foreman and supervisor, miner and quarry worker operator, production and related worker	-	-	-   	1	-
Occupation unspecified and n.e.c.	-	5	   5	10	39
TOTAL - NOT ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE	714	1 275	2 146	3 239	9 567
Spouse	557	912	1 624	2 437	7 277
Child - not scholar	27	57	74	105	315
Scholar/Student	98	238	346	499	1 427
Pensioner	30	62	96	174	509
Not economically active n.e.c.	2	6	6	24	39

2. MIGRATION

#### 2.3 Documented immigrants by country of previous permanent residence

\_\_\_\_\_\_ Documented immigrants Country March |Jan-Mar Cum.Total| Year March |Jan-Mar Cum.Total| Year Country 2003 | 2004 2003 l 1 423 2 406 3 514 10 578 GRAND TOTAL OVERSEAS TOTAL 1 340 5 596 EUROPE 2 567 MIDDLE EAST Belgium Israel Bulgaria Other France Germany ASIA 2 328 Italy India Netherlands Pakistan Russian Fed 8 | People's Rep of China Switzerland 5 l Rep of China(Taiwan) 1 032 Other Other INDIAN OCEAN ISLANDS Mauritius NORTH AMERICA Other Canada AFRICA 4 961 USA 1 060 1 143 Congo CENTRAL & Cameroon SOUTH AMERICA 5 İ Ghana Brazil Kenya Other 3 | Malawi Mozambique AUSTRALASIA 3 | Nigeria 518 | 1 698 Australia 2 | Zambia New Zealand Zimbabwe Other Other 412 | 1 117 UNSPECIFIED