



# Tourism and migration

## July 2004

**Embargoed until:  
20 September 2004  
09:30**

---

Published by  
Statistics South Africa  
Private Bag X44  
Pretoria  
0001

© Copyright, 2004

Users may apply or process this data, provided Statistics South Africa is acknowledged as the original source of the data; that it is specified that the application and/or analysis is the result of the user's independent processing of the data; and that neither the basic data nor any reprocessed version or application thereof may be sold or offered for sale in any form whatsoever without prior permission from Stats SA.

## CONTENTS

### KEY FINDINGS

1	Foreign travellers	1
2	Ports of entry and modes of travel used by overseas and mainland Africa travellers	1
2.1	Overseas travellers	1
2.2	Mainland Africa travellers	1
3	Purpose of visit	2
4	Leading source countries of overseas and mainland Africa travellers	2
5	Migration	2
5.1	Documented immigration	2
5.2	Historical trends in tourism	2

### EXPLANATORY NOTES

1	Sources of data	3
2	Glossary of terms	3
3	Symbols and abbreviations used	4

### GRAPHICS

5-8

### TABLES

#### 1 TOURISM

1.1	Arrivals and departures of foreign travellers	
1.1.1	Purpose of visit	9
1.1.2	Mode of travel	9
1.2	Foreign travellers	
1.2.1	Arrivals by country of residence and mode of travel	10
1.2.2	Arrivals by country of residence and purpose of visit	12
2	MIGRATION	
2.1	Documented immigrants	
2.1.1	Summary table	14
2.1.2	Mode of travel	14
2.2	Migrants by occupation	
2.2.1	Documented immigrants	15
2.3	Documented immigrants by country of previous permanent residence	16

### GENERAL INFORMATION

17

## KEY FINDINGS

**Note:** South African departures and arrivals are no longer required to have passport barcodes scanned at the ports of entry and exit; therefore, statistics on their departure and arrival are no longer available. Moreover those departing through the three international airports are no longer required to complete departure forms. This is due to the implementation of the Immigration Act, 2002 (Act No. 13 of 2002) by the Department of Home Affairs as from April 2003.

### 1. Foreign travellers

The total number of foreign travellers who visited South Africa from mainland Africa, overseas and unspecified countries, arriving through all ports of entry during July 2004 was **536 389**. The July 2004 figure represents a **decrease of 1,1%** as compared with the July 2003 figure of 542 560 (See Table 1.1.1).

During July 2004, the most common mode of travel used by foreign travellers arriving in South Africa was road, involving 372 523 (69,5%) travellers, followed by air, involving 147 841 (27,6%) travellers. Of the total number of foreign travellers arriving by air, 124 014 (83,9%) arrived through Johannesburg International Airport while 22 662 (15,3%) arrived through Cape Town International Airport, 277 (0,2%) arrived through Durban International Airport and the rest, 888 (0,6%), arrived through other airports (See Table 1.1.2).

For the total number of foreign travellers departing, road constituted the most common mode of travel 321 077 (72,2%), then followed by air 122 717 (27,6%). Of the total number of foreign travellers departing by air, 104 939 (85,5%) departed from Johannesburg International Airport, 16 738 (13,6%) departed from Cape Town International Airport, 204 (0,2%) used Durban International Airport and the rest, 836 (0,7%), departed through other airports (See Table 1.1.2). Figure 1 shows the breakdown of air arrivals and departures according to the airport used.

### 2. Ports of entry and modes of travel used by overseas and mainland Africa travellers

#### 2.1 Overseas travellers

During July 2004, **137 538** overseas travellers visited South Africa. The July 2004 figure represents a **decrease of 2,9%** over the July 2003 figure of 141 645.

The figures show that for July 2004, there were 117 774 air arrivals from overseas, which accounts for 85,6% of all overseas arrivals. Of these overseas air arrivals, 96 168 (81,7%) arrived through Johannesburg International Airport; 20 895 (17,7%) arrived through Cape Town International Airport; 166 (0,1%) arrived through Durban International Airport and the rest, 545 (0,5%), arrived through other airports.

The number of overseas travellers arriving by road during July 2004 was 19 122 (13,9%). The number of travellers arriving by rail, sea and unspecified mode of travel was 642 (0,5%) as shown in Table 1.2.1.

#### 2.2 Mainland Africa travellers

The total number of travellers who arrived in South Africa from mainland Africa during July 2004 was **381 846**, as compared to the July 2003 figure of 385 018, this represents a **decrease of 0,8%**. Of these travellers from mainland Africa, the number arriving by road was 352 509 (92,3%).

For the same month, there were 29 182 (7,6%) air travellers arriving from mainland Africa. Of these air arrivals, 27 181 (93,1%) arrived through Johannesburg International Airport, 1 581 (5,4%) arrived through Cape Town International Airport, 109 (0,4%) arrived through Durban International Airport while the rest, 311 (1,1%), arrived through other airports. The number of travellers from mainland Africa arriving by rail, sea and unspecified mode of travel was 155 (0,1%) as shown in Table 1.2.1.

### 3. Purpose of visit

Of the 137 538 overseas travellers visiting South Africa during July 2004, 123 918 (90,1%) stated that they were in South Africa for holidays while 5 429 (3,9%) stated that they were on business trips. Overseas travellers on transit in South Africa were 1 481 (1,1%) of the total number, those travellers arriving for the purpose of work (including contract work) were 4 162 (3,0%) and those visiting for the purpose of study were 2 507 (1,8%) as shown in Table 1.2.2.

**Mainland Africa travellers:** Of the 381 846 travellers from mainland Africa visiting South Africa during July 2004, an overwhelming majority 341 410 (89,4%) stated that they were in South Africa for holidays while 11 520 (3,0%) stated that they were on business trips. A further breakdown of travellers from mainland Africa is as follows: travellers in transit were 4 054 (1,1%), those visiting for the purpose of study were 17 779 (4,7%) and those travellers arriving for the purpose of work (including contract work) were 6 725 (1,8%) as shown in Table 1.2.2.

#### 4. Leading source countries of overseas and mainland Africa travellers

**Overseas travellers:** Figure 2a indicates that during July 2004, the number of travellers from the UK visiting South Africa was 28 614 (20,8%), making it the leading country of origin of overseas travellers. This was followed by travellers from the USA, 21 935 (15,9%) and Germany, 11 400 (8,3%). Other main countries of origin of overseas travellers were: Netherlands, 10 334 (7,5%); France, 7 374 (5,4%); Australia, 6 282 (4,6%); Belgium, 3 681 (2,7%) and China, 3 614 (2,6%). Upon comparing the figures for July 2004 with those of July 2003 (see Figure 2b), the highest increase in the number of arrivals from these leading source countries was for China, (81,7% increase from 1 989 in 2003 to 3 614 in 2004). The main stated purpose of visit for travellers coming from these leading source countries was holidays, followed by business.

**Travellers from mainland Africa:** During July 2004, the top eight countries (Figure 3a) in mainland Africa from which travellers arriving in South Africa came from were: Lesotho, 117 101 (30,7%); Botswana, 70 716 (18,5%); Swaziland, 69 319 (18,2%); Zimbabwe, 43 645 (11,4%); Mozambique, 31 926 (8,4%); Namibia, 17 165 (4,5%); Zambia, 10 331 (2,7%) and Malawi, 7 715 (2,0%). When comparing arrival figures from mainland Africa, (see Figure 3b) for 2003 and 2004, there was an increase in the number of travellers arriving from Lesotho, (4,2% increase from 112 373 in 2003 to 117 101 in 2004) and Swaziland, (4,2% increase from 66 547 in 2003 to 69 319 in 2004).

### 5. Migration

#### 5.1 Documented immigration

**Note:** For the purpose of clarification, as per definition, 'undocumented immigrants' will not appear in the statistics collected. It is against this background that we report the migration statistics for July 2004.

Table 2.3 indicates that in July 2004, the leading source countries of documented immigrants were: Nigeria, 191 (12,8); Zimbabwe, 184 (12,3%); the UK, 147 (9,9%); Pakistan, 113 (7,6%) and India, 73 (4,9%).

#### 5.2 Historical trends in tourism

It should be borne in mind that there is often quite a substantial month to month variation in tourism figures, and one needs to look at a longer period of several months to be able to detect any trends and patterns. The trend regarding the number of overseas travellers arriving in South Africa since 2000 is shown in Figure 4. Although the figure shows evidence of seasonal fluctuations, the level of overseas tourism over the period has shown an upward trend since 2000.

pp  
**PJ Lehohla**  
**Statistician-General**

## EXPLANATORY NOTES

### 1. Sources of data

Legal movements across South African borders as well as legal immigration into South Africa fall under the jurisdiction of the Department of Home Affairs (DHA). Information on tourism and documented immigration is obtained from all ports of entry. Information on arrivals into and departures from South Africa is captured by DHA and loaded onto the mainframe at State Information Technology Agency (SITA). Stats SA accesses this data remotely, which is then used as part of the input data for this report. Information on legal immigrants to South Africa is sent to Stats SA on computer printout from DHA. The information on the printout is coded and captured by clerical staff at Stats SA.

South African departures and arrivals are no longer required to have their barcodes scanned or complete departure forms at the ports of entry and exit, therefore, statistics on their departure and arrival is no longer available. This is due to the implementation of the Immigration Act, 2002 (Act No. 13 of 2002) by DHA as from June 2003.

### 2. Glossary of terms

Key terms used in this release are defined as follows:

**Tourism** comprises the activities of persons travelling to and staying in places outside their usual environment for not more than one consecutive year for leisure, business and other purposes. The usual environment of a person consists of a certain area around his/her place of residence plus all other places s/he frequently visits.

A **tourist** (overnight visitor) is a visitor who stays at least one night in collective or private accommodation in the place visited. An international tourist is an international visitor who stays at least one night in collective or private accommodation in the country visited. A domestic tourist refers to a domestic visitor who stays at least one night in collective or private accommodation in the place visited.

**Traveller** is any person on a trip between two or more localities. An **international traveller** refers to any person on a trip between two or more localities in different countries. A **domestic traveller** refers to any person on a trip between two or more localities in his/her country of residence.

**Visitor** refers to any person travelling to a place other than that of his/her usual environment for less than 12 consecutive months and whose main purpose of the trip is other than the exercise of an activity remunerated from within the place visited.

An **international visitor** is any person travelling to a country other than the one in which s/he has his/her usual residence, but outside his/her usual environment, for less than 12 consecutive months and whose main purpose of the trip is other than the exercise of an activity remunerated from within the place visited.

**Domestic visitor** refers to any person residing in a country, who travels to a place within that country other than the one in which s/he has his/her usual environment, for less than 12 consecutive months and whose main purpose of the trip is other than the exercise of an activity remunerated from within the place visited.

**Overseas traveller** refers to a number of foreign travellers visiting South Africa (SA), excluding travellers from mainland Africa and from 'unspecified' countries.

**Foreign traveller** refers to a person who resides outside SA and visits the country temporarily.

**South African residents** are persons residing in SA (South African citizens and persons with permanent residence) who leave the country temporarily.

**Documented immigrants** refer to residents of other countries who have been accepted as permanent residents in South Africa. The permanent residence status could be given either before or after arrival in South Africa.

**Self-declared emigrants** refer to South African residents who, at the time of departing from South Africa, state their intention to leave the country and reside permanently elsewhere.

### 3. Symbols and abbreviations used

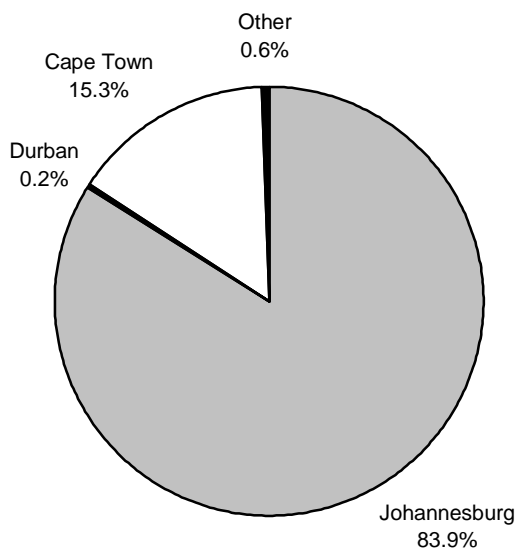
- = nil

.. = not applicable

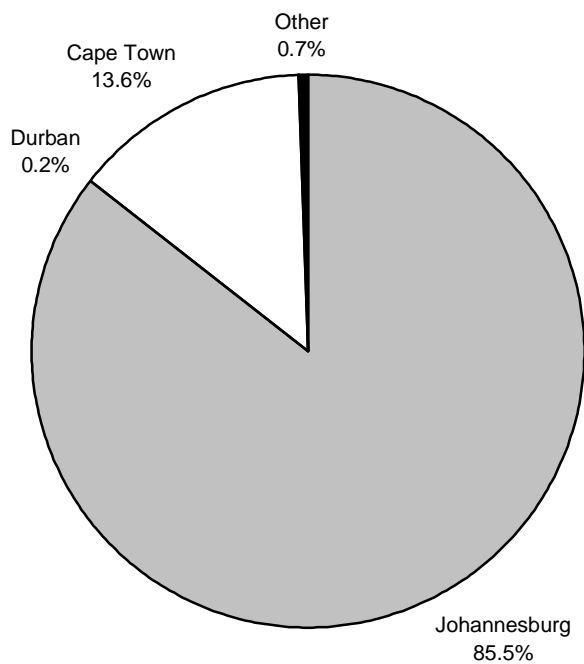
? = unspecified

n.e.c. = not elsewhere classified

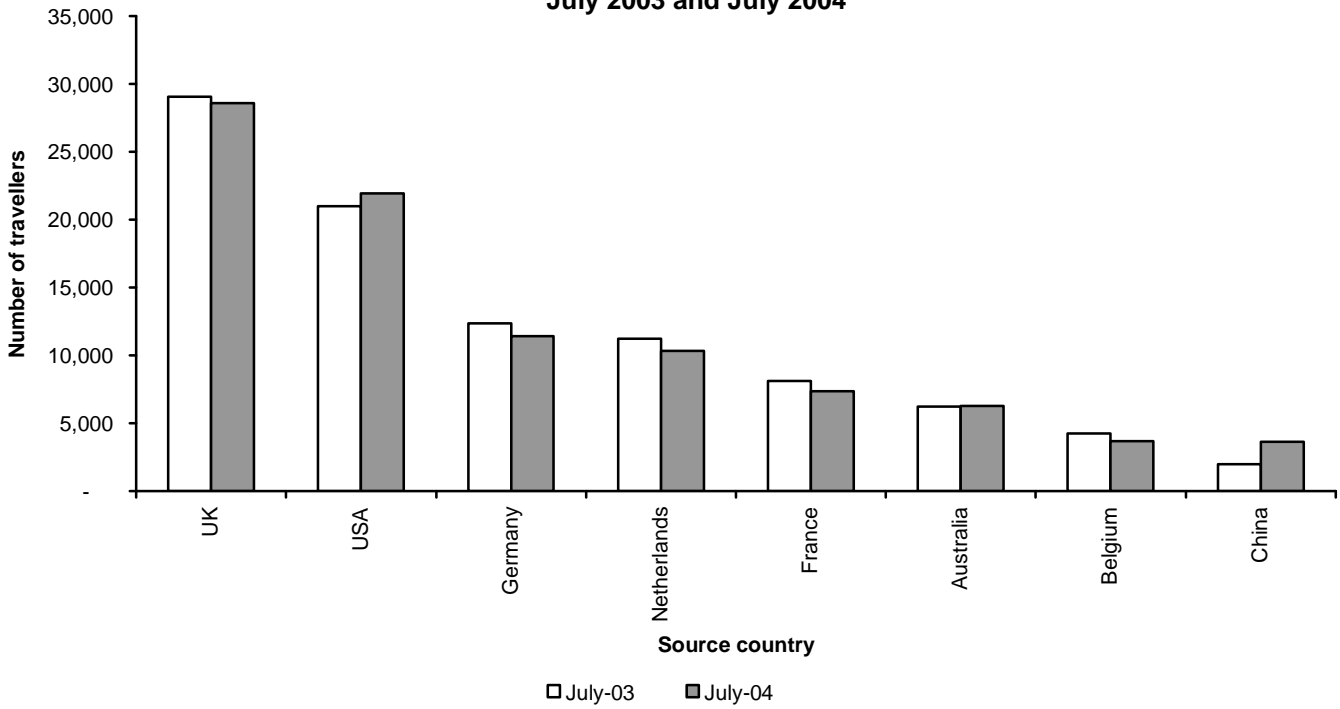
**Fig 1a: Air arrivals by port of entry, South Africa, July 2004**



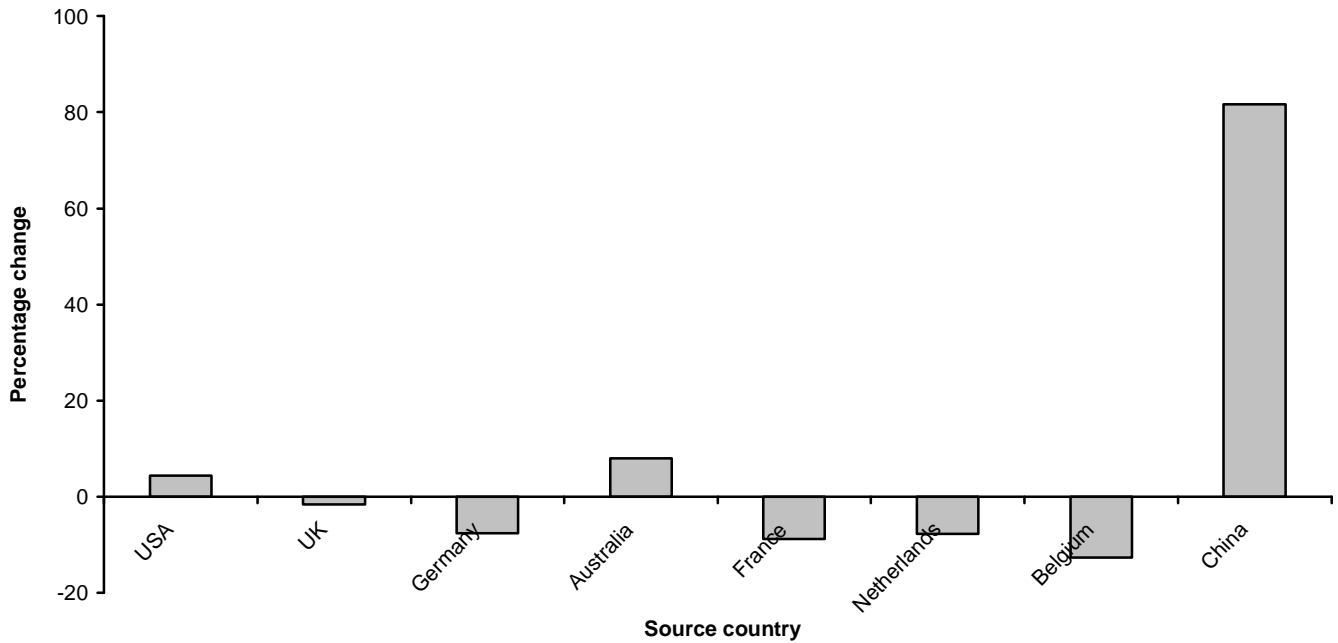
**Fig 1b: Air departures by port of exit, South Africa, July 2004**



**Fig. 2a: The number of overseas travellers arriving from leading source countries in July 2003 and July 2004**

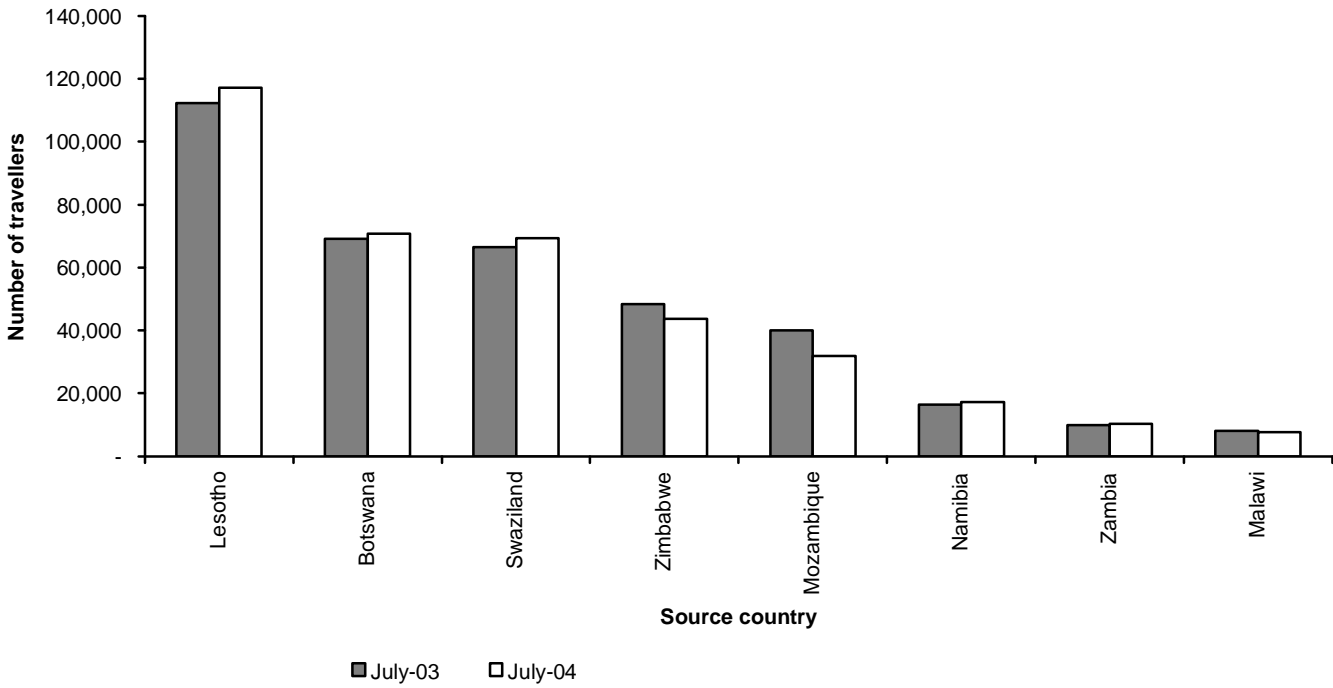


**Fig. 2b: Percentage change in number of overseas travellers arriving from leading source countries in July 2004 compared with July 2003**

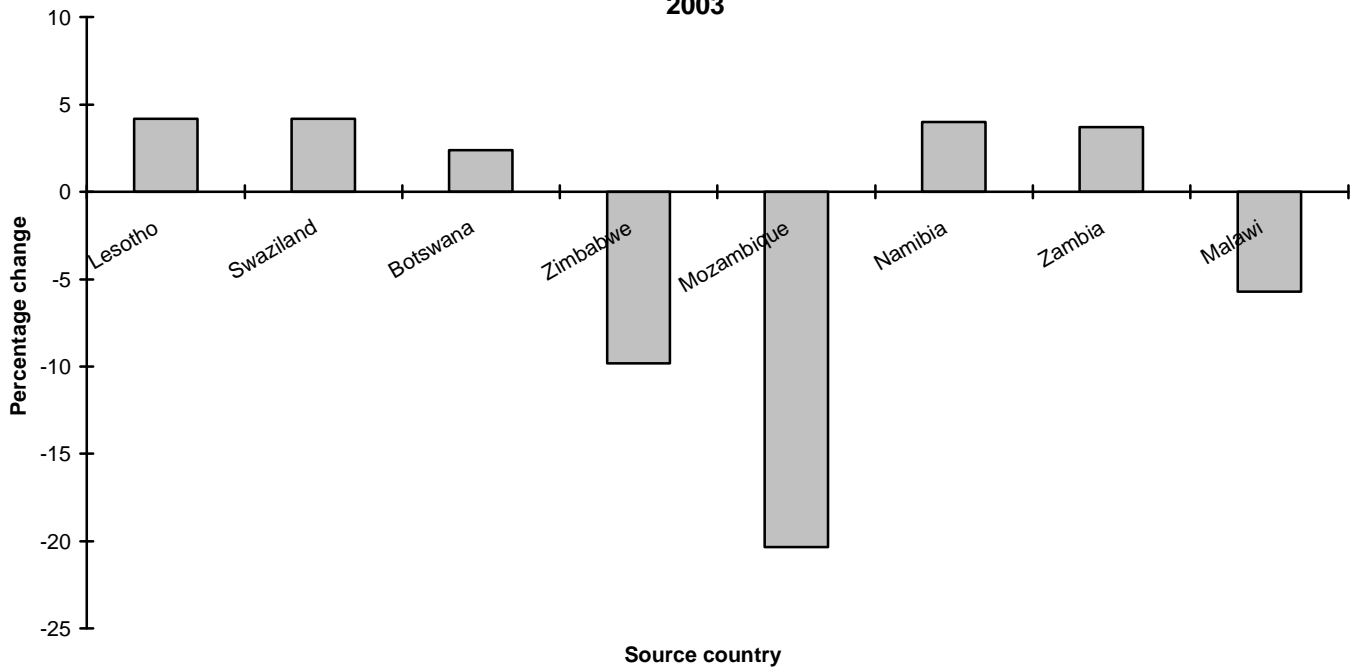




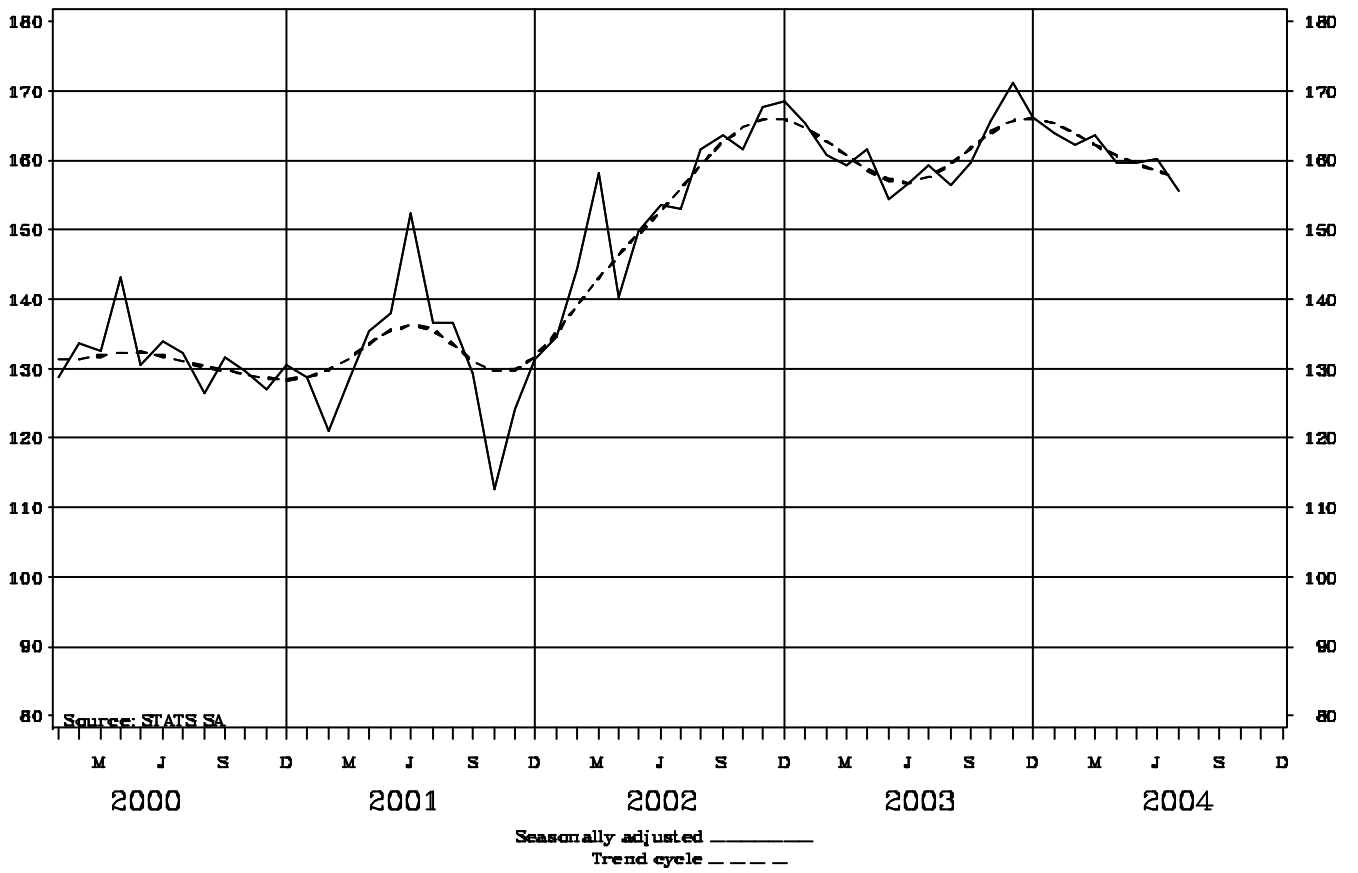
**Fig. 3a: The number of travellers from mainland African countries arriving from leading source countries in July 2003 and July 2004**



**Fig. 3b: Percentage change in the number of travellers from mainland African countries arriving from leading source countries in July 2004 compared with July 2003**



**Fig 4: Overseas Travellers – Arrivals  
Thousands**



1 TOURISM  
 1.1 Arrivals and departures foreign travellers  
 1.1.1 Purpose of visit

Purpose of visit	July		Jan - July Cum.Total		Year
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003
<b>(a) ARRIVALS:</b>					
Foreign travellers					
.Actual data	542 560	536 389	3 655 677	3 743 412	6 640 095
.Seasonally adjusted data	544 954	546 922	..	..	..
.Business	20 278	16 995	181 992	127 862	283 111
.Holiday	466 328	466 383	3 257 447	3 307 717	5 852 732
.Study	17 271	20 519	81 722	91 497	123 200
.Work	8 437	6 786	40 936	46 570	71 714
.Contract workers	5 741	4 531	35 953	32 481	63 491
.Border traffic concession	14 216	15 215	89 757	98 183	155 551
.Transit	9 342	5 560	54 365	35 905	85 362
.Unspecified	947	400	3 262	3 197	4 934
<b>(b) DEPARTURES:</b>					
Foreign travellers	463 266	444 483	3 374 880	3 357 889	5 955 199

1 TOURISM  
 1.1 Arrivals and departures foreign travellers  
 1.1.2 Mode of travel

Arrivals and departures	Total	Mode of travel July 2004								
		AIR					RAIL	ROAD	SEA	UNSPEC.
		(C/Town)	(Durban)	(J/burg)	(Other)	Total				
<b>(a) ARRIVALS:</b>										
Foreign travellers	536 389	22 662	277	124 014	888	147 841	442	372 523	181	15 402
<b>(b) DEPARTURES:</b>										
Foreign travellers	444 483	16 738	204	104 939	836	122 717	375	321 077	54	260

1 TOURISM  
 1.2 Foreign travellers  
 1.2.1 Arrivals by country of residence and mode of travel

Country	Foreign travellers														
	July		Mode of travel (July 2004)										Jan - Jul	Cum.Total	
			AIR					RAIL	ROAD	SEA	?	2004	2003		
	2003	2004	(C/Town)	(Durban)	(J/burg)	(Other)	Total								
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	542 560	536 389	22 662	277	124 014	888	147 841	442	372 523	181	15 402	3 743 412	3 745 434		
<b>OVERSEAS TOTAL</b>	141 645	137 538	20 895	166	96 168	545	117 774	362	19 122	122	158	1 047 230	1 042 411		
<b>EUROPE</b>	86 257	80 416	14 620	46	52 159	269	67 094	207	12 985	93	37	688 873	709 483		
Austria	1 330	1 130	147	-	784	2	933	-	197	-	-	10 800	11 732		
Belgium	4 216	3 681	537	-	2 326	4	2 867	-	802	12	-	18 874	21 996		
Denmark	1 422	1 221	118	-	828	1	947	3	269	2	-	12 103	11 729		
France	8 088	7 374	671	17	5 439	23	6 150	1	1 222	1	-	61 329	68 522		
Germany	12 344	11 400	2 096	5	7 281	22	9 404	3	1 954	37	2	126 933	132 110		
Greece	671	608	32	-	442	4	478	16	102	5	7	4 420	4 262		
Ireland	2 253	1 991	539	-	1 100	6	1 645	-	346	-	-	20 268	18 532		
Italy	3 969	3 527	280	2	2 861	6	3 149	5	367	-	6	24 570	22 975		
Netherlands	11 202	10 334	2 270	2	5 403	13	7 688	7	2 628	10	1	54 965	56 542		
Norway	1 010	969	205	-	603	7	815	11	142	-	1	11 097	9 714		
Portugal	2 175	1 972	60	7	946	9	1 022	4	946	-	-	16 097	16 402		
Spain	2 221	1 784	204	-	1 439	6	1 649	2	129	-	4	12 845	13 919		
Sweden	1 099	1 042	172	-	615	3	790	-	251	1	-	17 443	15 319		
Switzerland	2 160	2 111	123	1	1 633	17	1 774	1	335	-	1	18 796	18 403		
UK	29 085	28 614	6 741	12	18 751	133	25 637	4	2 956	8	9	252 448	261 993		
Other	3 012	2 658	425	-	1 708	13	2 146	150	339	17	6	25 885	25 333		
<b>NORTH AMERICA</b>	23 615	24 595	3 592	8	17 951	166	21 717	3	2 772	7	96	144 077	129 968		
Canada	2 610	2 660	359	1	1 948	23	2 331	-	313	5	11	21 038	20 077		
USA	21 005	21 935	3 233	7	16 003	143	19 386	3	2 459	2	85	123 039	109 891		
<b>CENTRAL &amp; SOUTH AMERICA</b>	4 081	4 429	784	1	3 276	15	4 076	7	343	3	-	26 281	23 434		
Argentina	784	1 003	542	1	427	2	972	-	31	-	-	5 791	4 809		
Brazil	1 800	2 027	92	-	1 769	9	1 870	-	155	2	-	11 776	9 542		
Chile	297	212	57	-	122	-	179	4	29	-	-	1 651	1 935		
Other	1 200	1 187	93	-	958	4	1 055	3	128	1	-	7 063	7 148		
<b>AUSTRALASIA</b>	7 934	7 523	403	2	6 351	31	6 787	2	724	8	2	49 797	49 551		
Australia	6 232	6 282	311	2	5 403	24	5 740	1	535	5	1	40 958	39 940		
New Zealand	1 607	1 179	89	-	904	7	1 000	-	175	3	1	8 266	9 040		
Other	95	62	3	-	44	-	47	1	14	-	-	573	571		

1 TOURISM  
 1.2 Foreign travellers  
 1.2.1 Arrivals by country of residence and mode of travel (concluded)

Country	Foreign travellers												
	July		Mode of travel (July 2004)									Jan - Jul	Cum.Total
			AIR					RAIL	ROAD	SEA	?	2004	2003
	2003	2004	(C/Town)	(Durban)	(J/burg)	(Other)	Total						
<b>MIDDLE EAST</b>	3 535	3 392	97	1	3 111	9	3 218	-	174	-	-	18 728	18 571
Israel	1 401	1 450	43	-	1 332	6	1 381	-	69	-	-	8 616	8 648
Saudi Arabia	760	825	11	-	781	-	792	-	33	-	-	2 232	1 725
Turkey	253	221	23	-	187	-	210	-	11	-	-	2 561	3 378
Other	1 121	896	20	1	811	3	835	-	61	-	-	5 319	4 820
<b>ASIA</b>	14 571	15 627	1 227	26	12 150	54	13 457	143	1 993	11	23	108 886	99 331
China	1 989	3 614	376	1	3 028	5	3 410	-	204	-	-	24 461	13 028
Hong Kong	1 688	754	40	-	705	-	745	-	9	-	-	5 531	7 115
India	3 416	3 259	117	9	2 432	3	2 561	63	621	3	11	23 209	28 209
Japan	1 355	1 712	94	2	1 557	1	1 654	-	56	1	1	11 823	11 063
Malaysia	699	681	163	3	461	-	627	-	53	-	1	5 856	5 325
Philippines	488	554	28	1	375	1	405	40	97	7	5	3 725	4 005
Rep of China (Taiwan)	1 242	1 437	114	-	925	32	1 071	19	346	-	1	10 088	7 397
Rep of Korea	1 252	1 541	134	2	1 218	-	1 354	6	179	-	2	8 016	6 647
Singapore	522	384	59	-	300	-	359	-	25	-	-	2 982	2 923
Other	1 920	1 691	102	8	1 149	12	1 271	15	403	-	2	13 195	13 619
<b>INDIAN OCEAN ISLANDS</b>	1 652	1 556	172	82	1 170	1	1 425	-	131	-	-	10 588	12 073
Mauritius	1 340	1 215	160	78	846	1	1 085	-	130	-	-	8 277	9 027
Other	312	341	12	4	324	-	340	-	1	-	-	2 311	3 046
<b>AFRICA</b>	385 018	381 846	1 581	109	27 181	311	29 182	68	352 509	58	29	2 583 211	2 602 163
Angola	2 712	2 551	52	-	2 243	21	2 316	2	233	-	-	17 931	18 124
Botswana	69 080	70 716	123	8	2 118	61	2 310	42	68 358	-	6	439 888	453 405
Kenya	1 536	1 714	112	1	1 378	4	1 495	-	218	-	1	11 596	10 227
Lesotho	112 373	117 101	5	3	509	1	518	3	116 580	-	-	816 462	746 668
Malawi	8 184	7 715	3	-	1 571	6	1 580	-	6 133	1	1	47 566	51 599
Mozambique	39 995	31 926	5	65	1 713	27	1 810	-	30 113	-	3	236 092	287 269
Namibia	16 506	17 165	1 114	-	1 997	19	3 130	3	13 987	44	1	123 314	118 860
Nigeria	1 864	1 926	13	1	1 616	4	1 634	-	292	-	-	12 627	13 951
Swaziland	66 547	69 319	3	27	633	3	666	3	68 649	1	-	476 467	435 881
Zambia	9 967	10 331	11	1	2 684	22	2 718	2	7 610	1	-	67 810	65 873
Zimbabwe	48 378	43 645	47	1	4 506	110	4 664	-	38 961	9	11	283 360	351 345
Other	7 876	7 737	93	2	6 213	33	6 341	13	1 375	2	6	50 098	48 961
<b>UNSPECIFIED</b>	15 897	17 005	186	2	665	32	885	12	892	1	15 215	112 971	100 860

1 TOURISM  
 1.2 Foreign travellers  
 1.2.2 Arrivals by country of residence and purpose of visit

Country	Foreign travellers									
	July		Purpose of visit (July 2004)							
	2003	2004	Business	Holiday	Study	Work	Transit	Contract worker	Border Traffic	Unspecified
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	542 560	536 389	16 995	466 383	20 519	6 786	5 560	4 531	15 215	400
<b>OVERSEAS TOTAL</b>	141 645	137 538	5 429	123 918	2 507	4 160	1 481	2	-	41
<b>EUROPE</b>	86 257	80 416	2 441	73 630	1 435	2 252	656	2	-	-
Austria	1 330	1 130	32	1 058	17	16	7	-	-	-
Belgium	4 216	3 681	92	3 462	39	72	16	-	-	-
Denmark	1 422	1 221	31	1 116	19	47	8	-	-	-
France	8 088	7 374	151	6 871	86	239	27	-	-	-
Germany	12 344	11 400	376	10 066	480	440	38	-	-	-
Greece	671	608	22	515	5	36	29	1	-	-
Ireland	2 253	1 991	33	1 867	33	52	6	-	-	-
Italy	3 969	3 527	97	3 335	18	52	25	-	-	-
Netherlands	11 202	10 334	182	9 842	143	145	22	-	-	-
Norway	1 010	969	21	829	60	38	21	-	-	-
Portugal	2 175	1 972	44	1 850	25	39	14	-	-	-
Spain	2 221	1 784	38	1 668	6	38	34	-	-	-
Sweden	1 099	1 042	44	891	52	45	10	-	-	-
Switzerland	2 160	2 111	41	1 979	32	47	12	-	-	-
UK	29 085	28 614	1 037	26 509	367	574	126	1	-	-
Other	3 012	2 658	200	1 772	53	372	261	-	-	-
<b>NORTH AMERICA</b>	23 615	24 595	604	22 925	337	562	167	-	-	-
Canada	2 610	2 660	67	2 442	46	94	11	-	-	-
USA	21 005	21 935	537	20 483	291	468	156	-	-	-
<b>CENTRAL &amp; SOUTH AMERICA</b>	4 081	4 429	67	4 140	51	85	86	-	-	-
Argentina	784	1 003	8	964	8	19	4	-	-	-
Brazil	1 800	2 027	29	1 903	19	27	49	-	-	-
Chile	297	212	6	188	1	11	6	-	-	-
Other	1 200	1 187	24	1 085	23	28	27	-	-	-
<b>AUSTRALASIA</b>	7 934	7 523	177	7 170	29	117	30	-	-	-
Australia	6 232	6 282	147	5 997	18	95	25	-	-	-
New Zealand	1 607	1 179	15	1 137	7	18	2	-	-	-
Other	95	62	15	36	4	4	3	-	-	-

1 TOURISM  
 1.2 Foreign travellers  
 1.2.2 Arrivals by country of residence and purpose of visit (concluded)

Country	Foreign travellers									
	July		Purpose of visit (July 2004)							
	2003	2004	Business	Holiday	Study	Work	Transit	Contract worker	Border Traffic	Unspecified
<b>MIDDLE EAST</b>	3 535	3 392	184	3 026	57	98	26	-	-	1
Israel	1 401	1 450	44	1 338	18	41	9	-	-	-
Saudi Arabia	760	825	3	802	8	9	3	-	-	-
Turkey	253	221	17	176	8	17	3	-	-	-
Other	1 121	896	120	710	23	31	11	-	-	1
<b>ASIA</b>	14 571	15 627	1 917	11 643	494	1 027	506	-	-	40
China	1 989	3 614	1 276	1 832	187	243	67	-	-	9
Hong Kong	1 688	754	16	730	2	5	1	-	-	-
India	3 416	3 259	316	2 499	53	210	174	-	-	7
Japan	1 355	1 712	101	1 465	23	108	15	-	-	-
Malaysia	699	681	38	558	36	26	23	-	-	-
Philippines	488	554	9	211	1	191	142	-	-	-
Rep of China (Taiwan)	1 242	1 437	24	1 279	35	63	35	-	-	1
Rep of Korea	1 252	1 541	23	1 350	108	51	9	-	-	-
Singapore	522	384	28	328	3	21	4	-	-	-
Other	1 920	1 691	86	1 391	46	109	36	-	-	23
<b>INDIAN OCEAN ISLANDS</b>	1 652	1 556	39	1 384	104	19	10	-	-	-
Mauritius	1 340	1 215	36	1 060	91	18	10	-	-	-
Other	312	341	3	324	13	1	-	-	-	-
<b>AFRICA</b>	385 018	381 846	11 520	341 410	17 779	2 196	4 054	4 529	-	358
Angola	2 712	2 551	71	1 976	418	64	19	-	-	3
Botswana	69 080	70 716	323	61 609	8 085	218	322	159	-	-
Kenya	1 536	1 714	69	1 308	217	102	7	-	-	11
Lesotho	112 373	117 101	2 601	110 554	1 806	249	1 318	573	-	-
Malawi	8 184	7 715	437	7 085	131	32	20	-	-	10
Mozambique	39 995	31 926	1 007	26 449	634	136	33	3 666	-	1
Namibia	16 506	17 165	1 868	11 708	1 974	42	1 573	-	-	-
Nigeria	1 864	1 926	128	1 568	97	108	18	-	-	7
Swaziland	66 547	69 319	507	66 824	1 437	99	321	131	-	-
Zambia	9 967	10 331	1 108	8 665	383	106	64	-	-	5
Zimbabwe	48 378	43 645	2 734	38 023	2 103	616	127	-	-	42
Other	7 876	7 737	667	5 641	494	424	232	-	-	279
<b>UNSPECIFIED</b>	15 897	17 005	46	1 055	233	430	25	-	15 215	1

2 MIGRATION  
 2.1 Documented immigrants  
 2.1.1 Summary table

Documented immigrants	July		Jan - Jul	Cum. Total	Year
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003
<b>DOCUMENTED IMMIGRANTS:</b>					
Actual data	1 163	1 492	5 537	7 556	10 578
(i) Persons who arrived as approved immigrants	352	469	1 623	2 882	2 827
(ii) Persons who after arrival as visitors were approved as immigrants	811	1 023	3 914	4 674	7 751

2 MIGRATION  
 2.1 Documented immigrants  
 2.1.2 Mode of travel

Documented immigrants	Total	Mode of travel			
		Air	Rail	Road	Sea
		July 2004			
Documented immigrants- Persons who arrived as approved immigrants	469	316	-	153	-



2 **MIGRATION**  
 2.2 **Migrants by occupation**  
 2.2.1 **Documented immigrants**

Occupation	July		Jan - Jul	Cum. Total	Year
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	1 163	1 492	5 537	7 556	10 578
<b>TOTAL - ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE</b>	133	169	577	710	1 011
Professional, semi-professional and technical occupations	66	79	298	308	499
Engineers and related technologists	6	4	29	24	54
Industrial/Production	6	4	20	20	30
Chemical	-	-	-	-	1
Electrical and related	-	-	2	2	13
Agricultural	-	-	-	1	-
Mechanical	-	-	3	-	1
Metallurgical	-	-	-	-	4
Mining	-	-	-	-	-
Civil and related	-	-	4	1	-
Engineers n.e.c.	-	-	-	-	5
Medical practitioner	5	6	27	44	54
Medical specialist	-	-	-	-	-
Dental professions	2	-	6	1	10
Education and related occupations	10	17	52	60	90
Accountant and related accounting occupations	5	3	20	18	33
Other	38	49	164	161	258
Managerial, executive and administrative occupations	52	64	230	332	416
Clerical and sales occupations	4	3	11	8	15
Transport, delivery and communications occupations	1	1	5	4	25
Service occupations	1	5	8	12	7
Farming and related occupations	-	-	-	-	15
Artisans, apprentice and related occupations	2	3	7	10	10
Production foreman and supervisor miner and quarry worker, operator, production and related worker	-	-	-	2	-
Occupation unspecified and n.e.c.	7	14	18	34	39
<b>TOTAL - NOT ECONOMICALLY ACTIVE</b>	1 030	1 323	4 960	6 846	9 567
Spouse	785	976	3 685	4 905	7 277
Child - not scholar	38	53	159	240	315
Scholar/Student	126	216	806	1 270	1 427
Pensioner	75	70	288	381	509
Not economically active n.e.c.	6	8	22	50	39

2. MIGRATION

2.3 Documented immigrants by country of previous permanent residence

Country	Documented immigrants										
	Country					Country					
	July		Jan-Jul Cum Total		Year	Jul		Jan-Jul Cum Total		Year	
2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003		
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>	1 163	1 492	5 537	7 556	10 578						
<b>OVERSEAS TOTAL</b>	659	742	3 086	3 820	5 596						
<b>EUROPE</b>	387	332	1 470	1 924	2 567	<b>MIDDLE EAST</b>	16	28	112	115	190
Belgium	23	13	44	62	87	Israel	7	13	41	43	54
Bulgaria	20	22	103	109	180	Other	9	15	71	72	136
France	12	7	51	80	86	<b>ASIA</b>	193	308	1 210	1 436	2 328
Germany	60	44	217	304	365	India	48	73	298	299	551
Greece	1	8	6	12	15	Pakistan	64	113	327	500	645
Netherlands	24	10	109	132	160	People's Rep of China	29	68	261	336	561
Poland	5	7	24	26	33	Rep of China(Taiwan)	4	11	93	86	149
Russian Fed	22	13	66	41	102	Other	48	43	231	215	422
Switzerland	11	11	32	42	61	<b>INDIAN OCEAN ISLANDS</b>	13	7	32	17	58
UK	151	147	580	831	1 032	Mauritius	13	6	30	15	56
Other	58	50	238	285	446	Other	-	1	2	2	2
<b>NORTH AMERICA</b>	31	41	156	212	272	<b>AFRICA</b>	502	748	2 440	3 726	4 961
Canada	8	1	30	21	52	Cameroon	7	39	30	117	116
USA	23	40	126	191	220	Congo	9	41	87	241	157
<b>CENTRAL &amp; SOUTH AMERICA</b>	8	2	45	51	82	Ghana	14	36	102	190	248
Brazil	-	1	7	24	24	Kenya	15	26	91	123	148
Other	8	1	38	27	58	Lesotho	32	27	98	188	237
<b>AUSTRALASIA</b>	11	24	61	65	99	Malawi	16	31	83	150	174
Australia	8	16	46	40	71	Mozambique	20	33	82	151	187
New Zealand	3	8	15	25	27	Nigeria	143	191	791	960	1 698
Other	-	-	-	-	1	Zimbabwe	108	184	484	796	959
						Other	138	140	592	810	1 037
						<b>UNSPECIFIED</b>	2	2	11	10	21

## GENERAL INFORMATION

### Language

Stats SA publishes approximately 300 different statistical releases each year. It is not economically viable to produce them in more than one of South Africa's eleven official languages. Since the releases are used extensively, not only locally but also by international economic and social-scientific communities, Stats SA releases are published in English only.

### Copyright

Stats SA has copyright on this publication. Users may apply the information as they wish, provided that they acknowledge Stats SA as the source of the basic data wherever they process, apply, utilise, publish or distribute the data; and also that they specify that the relevant application and analysis (where applicable) result from their own processing of the data.

### Advance release calendar

An advance release calendar is disseminated on [www.statssa.gov.za](http://www.statssa.gov.za)

### Stats SA products

A complete set of Stats SA publications is available at the Stats SA Library and the following libraries:

National Library of South Africa, Pretoria Division  
National Library of South Africa, Cape Town Division  
Natal Society Library, Pietermaritzburg  
Library of Parliament, Cape Town  
Bloemfontein Public Library  
Johannesburg Public Library  
Eastern Cape Library Services, King William's Town  
Central Regional Library, Polokwane  
Central Reference Library, Nelspruit  
Central Reference Collection, Kimberley  
Central Reference Library, Mafikeng

Stats SA also provides a subscription service.

### Electronic services

A large range of data are available via on-line services, diskette and computer printouts. For more details about our electronic data, contact user information services.

You can visit us on the Internet at: [www.statssa.gov.za](http://www.statssa.gov.za)

### Enquiries

Telephone: (012) 310 8600/ 8390/ 8351/ 4892/ 8496/ 8095 (user information services)  
(012) 310 8384 (technical enquiries)  
(012) 310 8161 (orders)  
(012) 310 8490 (library)

Fax: (012) 310 8500/ 8495 (user information services)

(012) 310 6937 (technical enquiries)

Email:                   kennethma@statssa.gov.za (technical enquiries)  
                              info@statssa.gov.za (user information services)  
                              distribution@statssa.gov.za (orders)

Postal address:         Private Bag X44, Pretoria, 0001

*Produced by Stats SA*