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Statistical release P0044

Quarterly financial statistics

December 2013

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Key findings for the quarter ended December 2013

The total turnover of all industries¹ for the fourth quarter of 2013 was estimated at R1 924 038 million (R1,92 trillion), an increase of 3,7% compared with the revised third quarter of 2013 (R1 855 788 million or R1,86 trillion).

Between the third quarter of 2013 and the fourth quarter of 2013, turnover increased in seven of the eight industries covered by the survey. The largest increase in turnover was recorded for manufacturing (+6,6%), followed by construction (+4,9%), trade (+4,6%), mining and quarrying (+3,1%), community, social and personal services (excluding government institutions) (+2,8%), transport, storage and communication (+2,2%) and real estate and other business services (excluding financial intermediation and insurance) (+0,9%). A decrease was recorded for electricity, gas and water supply (-23,2%).

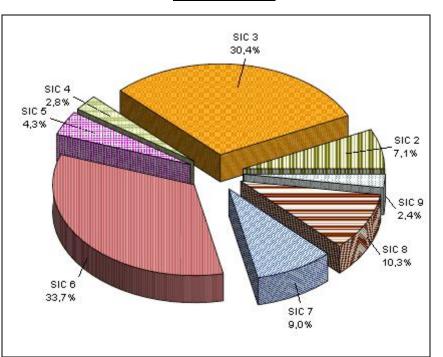
Total inventories at the end of the fourth quarter of 2013 were estimated at R671 032 million, compared with R668 107 million for the revised third quarter of 2013, an increase of 0,4%. The largest increase in inventories was recorded for construction (+24,8%), followed by community, social and personal services (excluding government institutions) (+8,6%), trade (+5,0%) and real estate and other business services (excluding financial intermediation and insurance) (+0,7%). Decreases were recorded for manufacturing (-3,9%), electricity, gas and water supply (-1,4%), mining and quarrying (-0,6%) and transport, storage and communication (-0,1%).

Total capital expenditure on property, plant and equipment for the fourth quarter of 2013 was estimated at R92 216 million, compared with R75 492 million for the revised third quarter of 2013, an increase of 22,2%. The largest increase was recorded for transport, storage and communication (+70,9%), followed by mining and quarrying (+27,7%), manufacturing (+26,7%) and trade (+15,0%). Decreases were recorded for community, social and personal services (excluding government institutions) (-54,3%), construction (-19,3%), electricity, gas and water supply (-6,4%) and real estate and other business services (excluding financial intermediation and insurance) (-0,5%).

Turnover of all industries for the fourth quarter of 2013 was estimated at R1 924 038 million, compared with R1 659 654 million for the fourth quarter of 2012, an increase of 15,9%. The largest increase in turnover was recorded for construction (+25,7%), followed by real estate and other business services (excluding financial intermediation and insurance) (+21,5%), mining and quarrying (+19,3%), electricity, gas and water supply (+19,0%), manufacturing (+16,4%), transport, storage and communication (+15,2%), trade (+13,1%), and community, social and personal services (excluding government institutions) (+4,3%).

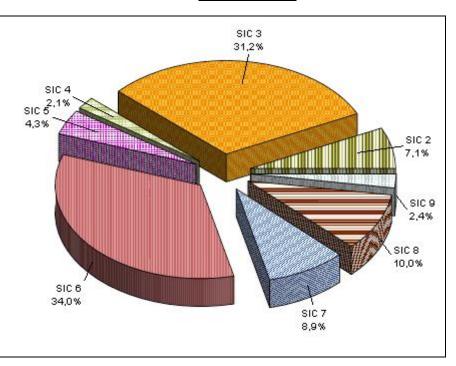
¹All industries in the South African economy, excluding agriculture, financial intermediation, insurance and government institutions.

PJ Lehohla Statistician-General



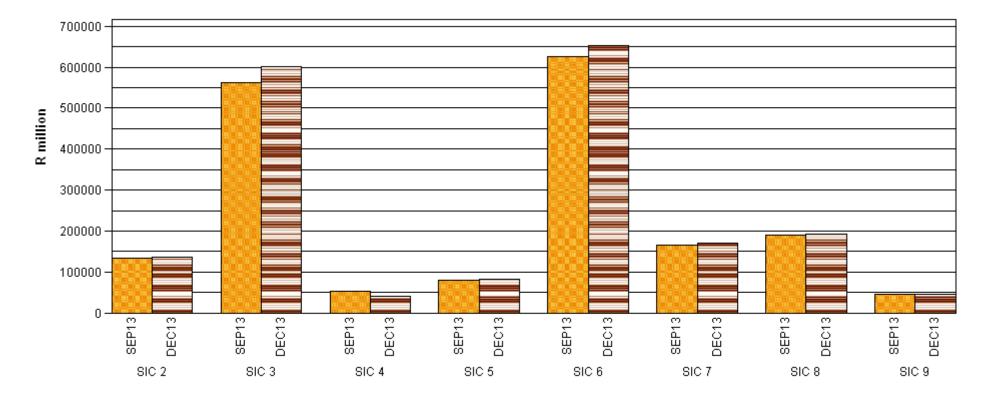


September 2013



December 2013

- SIC 2 Mining and quarrying industry
- SIC 3 Manufacturing industry
- SIC 4 Electricity, gas and water supply industry
- SIC 5 Construction industry
- SIC 6 Trade industry
- SIC 7 Transport, storage and communication industry
- SIC 8 Real estate and other business services industry (excluding financial intermediation and insurance)
- SIC 9 Community, social and personal services industry (excluding government institutions)

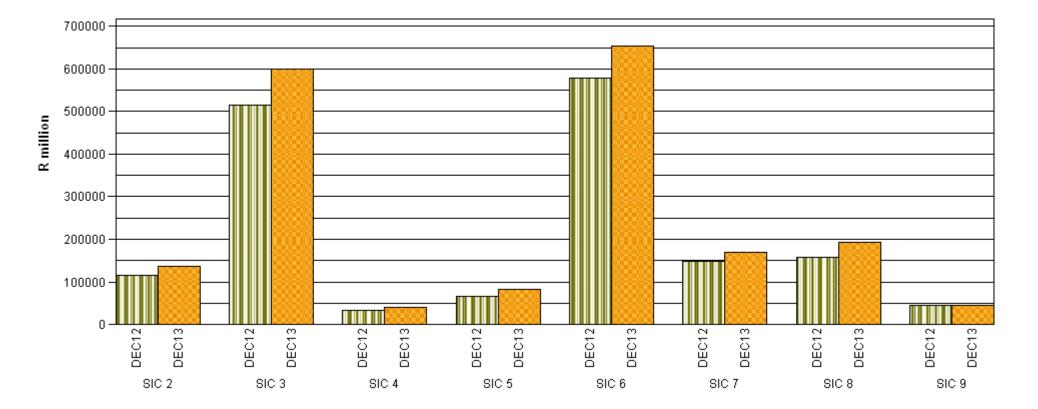




SIC 2 - Mining and quarrying industry

- SIC 3 Manufacturing industry
- SIC 4 Electricity, gas and water supply industry
- SIC 5 Construction industry
- SIC 6 Trade industry
- SIC 7 Transport, storage and communication industry
- SIC 8 Real estate and other business services industry (excluding financial intermediation and insurance)
- SIC 9 Community, social and personal services industry (excluding government institutions)

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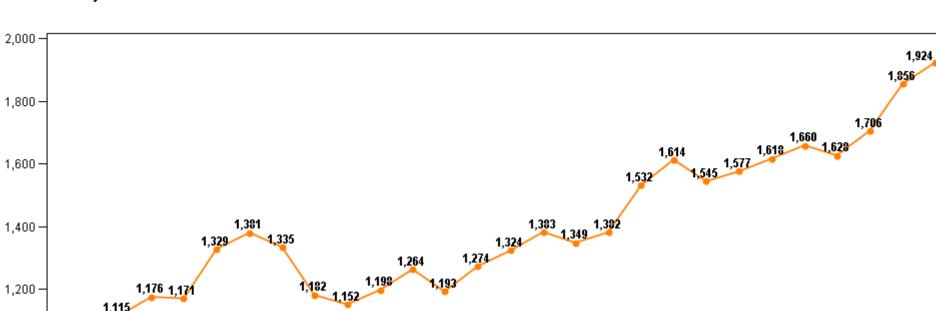
- SIC 2 Mining and quarrying industry
- SIC 3 Manufacturing industry
- SIC 4 Electricity, gas and water supply industry
- SIC 5 Construction industry
- SIC 6 Trade industry
- SIC 7 Transport, storage and communication industry
- SIC 8 Real estate and other business services industry (excluding financial intermediation and insurance)
- SIC 9 Community, social and personal services industry (excluding government institutions)

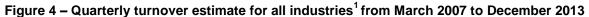
1,600

1,200

1,000

R trillion





1,176 1,171

MAR08

DEC07

- 80NUC

SEP08

1,115

SEP07

1.011

70NUL

MAR07

¹All industries in the South African economy, excluding agriculture, financial intermediation, insurance and government institutions.

MAR09 -

- 60NNC

SEP09

DEC09.

MAR10.

JUN10

Quarter ended

SEP10.

DEC10 -

MAR11

JUN11

SEP11

MAR12

DEC11

JUN12

SEP12.

DEC12 -

MAR13.

DEC08 -

SEP13 -

JUN13 -

DEC13 -

Table 1 – Selected income and expenditure items: All industries¹

			Quarter ended			Quarter-on- guarter	Year-on-year difference
			R million			difference	between
Item	December 2012	March 2013	June 2013	September 2013 ²	December 2013 ³	between December 2013 and September 2013	December 2013 and December 2012
Income items						R million	R million
Turnover received	1 659 654	1 628 192	1 706 292	1 855 788	1 924 038	68 250	264 384
Interest received	9 907	9 295	10 492	8 594	9 525	931	-382
Dividends received	8 361	10 478	8 513	11 194	10 406	-788	2 045
Royalties, franchise fees, copyright, trade names and patent rights received	1 574	1 326	1 662	1 054	1 326	272	-248
Rental/leasing of land, buildings and other structures received	1 957	1 866	6 443	9 265	11 136	1 871	9 179
Hiring/leasing of plant, machinery, vehicles and other equipment received	2 569	2 518	2 612	2 719	2 826	107	257
Profit on assets/investment sold or revalued	18 293	19 284	22 371	17 379	18 598	1 219	305
Other income	25 287	23 025	25 502	27 126	35 938	8 812	10 651
Total income (A)	1 727 602	1 695 984	1 783 887	1 933 119	2 013 793	80 674	286 191
Inventories							
Opening value of raw materials	145 795	148 175	150 083	170 089	177 869	7 780	32 074
Opening value of work in progress	64 167	61 701	70 796	74 906	74 758	-148	10 591
Opening value of finished goods	351 384	364 371	369 683	386 185	418 910	32 725	67 526
Total opening values (B)	561 346	574 247	590 562	631 180	671 537	40 357	110 191
Closing value of raw materials	151 122	150 401	157 127	177 847	171 952	-5 895	20 830
Closing value of work in progress	60 542	70 595	73 970	74 554	75 898	1 344	15 356
Closing value of finished goods	356 626	373 760	375 388	415 706	423 182	7 476	66 556
Total closing values (C)	568 290	594 756	606 485	668 107	671 032	2 925	102 742

¹ All industries in the South African economy, excluding agriculture, financial intermediation, insurance and government institutions.
 ² Revised.
 ³ Preliminary.

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Table 1 – Selected income and expenditure items: All industries¹ (concluded)

			Quarter ended			Quarter-on- guarter	Year-on-year difference
			difference	between			
Item	December 2012	March 2013	June 2013	September 2013 ²	December 2013 ³	between December 2013 and September 2013	December 2013 and December 2012
Expenditure items						R million	R million
Purchases	982 515	983 591	1 017 279	1 115 786	1 139 209	23 423	156 694
Employment costs ⁴	217 179	222 016	232 688	243 062	251 258	8 196	34 079
Interest paid	33 901	33 000	36 830	35 325	36 170	845	2 269
Royalties, franchise fees, copyright, trade names and patent rights paid	6 143	5 751	5 698	6 147	6 481	334	338
Rental/leasing of land, buildings and other structures paid	34 068	34 556	37 154	39 525	38 769	-756	4 701
Hiring/leasing for plant, machinery, vehicles and other equipment paid	7 848	7 984	8 759	9 211	8 853	-358	1 005
Depreciation	41 814	42 280	43 970	45 773	47 480	1 707	5 666
Losses on assets/investments sold or revalued	20 863	34 562	19 762	21 712	21 674	-38	811
Other expenditure	264 150	254 535	267 658	290 873	307 714	16 841	43 564
Total expenditure (D)	1 608 481	1 618 275	1 669 798	1 807 414	1 857 608	50 194	249 127
Net profit or loss before taxation (E) ⁵	126 065	98 218	130 012	162 632	155 680	-6 952	29 615
Company tax	36 459	36 087	33 609	32 321	38 713	6 392	2 254
Dividends payable	27 618	33 371	19 650	24 315	31 410	7 095	3 792
Carrying value of property, plant and equipment as at the end of quarter	2 022 446	2 021 410	2 058 420	2 057 777	2 101 611	43 834	79 165
Capital expenditure on new property, plant and equipment							
Buildings, improvement and construction works	9 889	7 944	10 048	9 879	12 955	3 076	3 066
Plant, machinery, furniture, fittings and other equipment	59 182	38 157	54 035	55 922	68 162	12 240	8 980
Vehicles and transport equipment	8 701	8 092	11 011	9 691	11 099	1 408	2 398
Total capital expenditure	77 772	54 193	75 094	75 492	92 216	16 724	14 444

¹ All industries in the South African economy, excluding agriculture, financial intermediation, insurance and government institutions.
 ² Revised.
 ³ Preliminary.
 ⁴ Refer to page 34 for comparability with the *Quarterly Employment Statistics* (QES) *survey*.
 ⁵ E=A-B+C-D.

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Table 2 – Selected income and expenditure items: Mining and quarrying industry

			Quarter ended			Quarter-on- guarter	Year-on-year difference
		1	R million		1	difference	between
Item	December 2012	March 2013	June 2013	September 2013 ¹	December 2013 ²	between December 2013 and September 2013	December 2013 and December 2012
Income items						R million	R million
Turnover received	115 065	120 187	126 067	133 222	137 293	4 071	22 228
Interest received	1 433	1 113	1 792	1 052	1 517	465	84
Dividends received	1 452	2 376	392	2 268	1 724	-544	272
Royalties, franchise fees, copyright, trade names and patent rights received	56	44	60	35	66	31	10
Rental/leasing of land, buildings and other structures received	23	25	43	31	45	14	22
Hiring/leasing of plant, machinery, vehicles and other equipment received	70	63	103	108	113	5	43
Profit on assets/investment sold or revalued	6 534	2 763	2 655	2 027	2 474	447	-4 060
Other income	3 718	1 350	1 487	1 588	4 491	2 903	773
Total income (A)	128 351	127 921	132 599	140 331	147 723	7 392	19 372
Inventories							
Opening value of raw materials	14 889	12 476	13 225	13 364	13 330	-34	-1 559
Opening value of work in progress	20 626	20 412	23 490	26 049	26 896	847	6 270
Opening value of finished goods	22 997	26 698	25 298	27 272	28 576	1 304	5 579
Total opening values (B)	58 512	59 586	62 013	66 685	68 802	2 117	10 290
Closing value of raw materials	14 676	13 178	13 426	13 384	13 587	203	-1 089
Closing value of work in progress	19 029	23 485	25 385	26 906	26 173	-733	7 144
Closing value of finished goods	25 014	25 376	28 680	28 731	28 819	88	3 805
Total closing values (C)	58 719	62 039	67 491	69 021	68 579	-442	9 860

¹ Revised. ² Preliminary.

Table 2 – Selected income and expenditure items: Mining and quarrying industry (concluded)

			Quarter ended			Quarter-on- guarter	Year-on-year difference
			difference	between			
Item	December 2012	March 2013	June 2013	September 2013 ¹	December 2013 ²	between December 2013 and September 2013	December 2013 and December 2012
Expenditure items						R million	R million
Purchases	40 300	42 366	48 236	49 841	49 213	-628	8 913
Employment costs ³	23 945	25 360	28 117	29 493	28 573	-920	4 628
Interest paid	4 046	3 882	4 340	4 199	3 991	-208	-55
Royalties, franchise fees, copyright, trade names and patent rights paid	904	1 199	1 090	1 106	1 188	82	284
Rental/leasing of land, buildings and other structures paid	2 783	3 286	3 690	4 060	3 256	-804	473
Hiring/leasing for plant, machinery, vehicles and other equipment paid	695	671	788	726	699	-27	4
Depreciation	9 550	9 073	10 272	10 363	10 840	477	1 290
Losses on assets/investments sold or revalued	6 331	2 707	2 920	3 758	2 571	-1 187	-3 760
Other expenditure	35 061	26 365	31 527	39 023	48 120	9 097	13 059
Total expenditure (D)	123 615	114 909	130 980	142 569	148 451	5 882	24 836
Net profit or loss before taxation (E) ⁴	4 943	15 465	7 097	98	-951	-1 049	-5 894
Company tax	5 601	4 556	4 585	3 809	7 397	3 588	1 796
Dividends payable	914	3 292	891	2 280	1 507	-773	593
Carrying value of property, plant and equipment as at the end of quarter	476 299	489 105	503 852	492 628	499 804	7 176	23 505
Capital expenditure on new property, plant and equipment							
Buildings, improvement and construction works	3 684	2 351	3 012	3 672	4 769	1 097	1 085
Plant, machinery, furniture, fittings and other equipment	9 916	6 670	9 481	8 868	11 428	2 560	1 512
Vehicles and transport equipment	522	397	742	483	438	-45	-84
Total capital expenditure	14 122	9 418	13 235	13 023	16 635	3 612	2 513

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Table 3 – Selected income and expenditure items: Manufacturing industry

			Quarter ended			Quarter-on- guarter	Year-on-year difference
			R million			difference	between
Item	December 2012	March 2013	June 2013	September 2013 ¹	December 2013 ²	between December 2013 and September 2013	December 2013 and December 2012
Income items						R million	R million
Turnover received	515 811	507 613	525 265	563 401	600 413	37 012	84 602
Interest received	2 833	2 974	2 306	2 292	2 326	34	-507
Dividends received	505	510	931	743	1 153	410	648
Royalties, franchise fees, copyright, trade names and patent rights received	364	224	334	245	269	24	-95
Rental/leasing of land, buildings and other structures received	533	509	4 783	7 430	8 925	1 495	8 392
Hiring/leasing of plant, machinery, vehicles and other equipment received	113	116	104	130	138	8	25
Profit on assets/investment sold or revalued	4 164	7 624	7 373	4 736	4 606	-130	442
Other income	5 242	5 528	8 236	7 239	7 763	524	2 521
Total income (A)	529 565	525 098	549 332	586 216	625 593	39 377	96 028
Inventories							
Opening value of raw materials	89 772	92 094	92 467	98 753	105 734	6 981	15 962
Opening value of work in progress	31 923	30 196	36 085	36 470	36 265	-205	4 342
Opening value of finished goods	133 646	130 787	133 230	143 263	148 920	5 657	15 274
Total opening values (B)	255 341	253 077	261 782	278 486	290 919	12 433	35 578
Closing value of raw materials	91 662	93 560	95 914	105 759	100 053	-5 706	8 391
Closing value of work in progress	30 000	35 612	36 608	36 141	36 192	51	6 192
Closing value of finished goods	130 240	134 861	137 345	148 954	143 318	-5 636	13 078
Total closing values (C)	251 902	264 033	269 867	290 854	279 563	-11 291	27 661

¹ Revised. ² Preliminary.

Table 3 – Selected income and expenditure items: Manufacturing industry (concluded)

			Quarter ended			Quarter-on- guarter	Year-on-year difference
			R million	_		difference	between
Item	December 2012	March 2013	June 2013	September 2013 ¹	December 2013 ²	December 2013 and September 2013	December 2013 and December 2012
Expenditure items						R million	R million
Purchases	337 627	344 897	353 940	378 009	383 938	5 929	46 311
Employment costs ³	54 834	56 150	57 407	60 559	63 740	3 181	8 906
Interest paid	7 440	6 254	7 278	6 303	7 603	1 300	163
Royalties, franchise fees, copyright, trade names and patent rights paid	2 385	2 212	2 114	2 495	2 553	58	168
Rental/leasing of land, buildings and other structures paid	6 830	7 043	8 465	9 298	8 902	-396	2 072
Hiring/leasing for plant, machinery, vehicles and other equipment paid	1 168	1 142	1 284	1 608	1 537	-71	369
Depreciation	9 678	9 625	9 725	10 089	10 896	807	1 218
Losses on assets/investments sold or revalued	7 068	5 482	9 997	9 696	11 943	2 247	4 875
Other expenditure	60 945	64 825	73 205	70 886	73 189	2 303	12 244
Total expenditure (D)	487 975	497 630	523 415	548 943	564 301	15 358	76 326
Net profit or loss before taxation (E) ⁴	38 151	38 424	34 002	49 641	49 936	295	11 785
Company tax	11 671	11 342	10 813	10 775	12 561	1 786	890
Dividends payable	17 206	8 387	9 233	4 559	17 009	12 450	-197
Carrying value of property, plant and equipment as at the end of quarter	368 416	367 931	380 597	395 501	398 844	3 343	30 428
Capital expenditure on new property, plant and equipment							
Buildings, improvement and construction works	2 123	1 653	2 779	2 017	2 030	13	-93
Plant, machinery, furniture, fittings and other equipment	14 123	7 134	12 715	8 756	11 860	3 104	-2 263
Vehicles and transport equipment	946	828	1 213	1 248	1 339	91	393
Total capital expenditure	17 192	9 615	16 707	12 021	15 229	3 208	-1 963

Table 4 – Selected income and expenditure items: Electricity, gas and water supply industry

				Quarter ended			Quarter-on- quarter	Year-on-year difference
				R million			difference	between
Item		December 2012	March 2013	June 2013	September 2013 ¹	December 2013 ²	between December 2013 and September 2013	December 2013 and December 2012
Income items							R million	R million
Turnover received		33 475	32 765	39 598	51 886	39 843	-12 043	6 368
Interest received		994	430	656	793	913	120	-81
Dividends received		28	0	0	0	0	0	-28
Royalties, franchise fees, copyright, trade r	names and patent rights received	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rental/leasing of land, buildings and other	structures received	3	2	2	2	2	0	-1
Hiring/leasing of plant, machinery, vehicles	and other equipment received	36	48	47	43	42	-1	6
Profit on assets/investment sold or revalue	d	88	118	2 204	45	1 244	1 199	1 156
Other income		438	345	318	353	84	-269	-354
Total income	(A)	35 062	33 708	42 825	53 122	42 128	-10 994	7 066
Inventories								
Opening value of raw materials		10 913	11 821	12 295	13 369	14 683	1 314	3 770
Opening value of work in progress		179	124	104	101	113	12	-66
Opening value of finished goods		19	32	30	92	90	-2	71
Total opening values	(B)	11 111	11 977	12 429	13 562	14 886	1 324	3 775
Closing value of raw materials		11 807	12 274	13 344	14 683	14 479	-204	2 672
Closing value of work in progress		209	103	101	113	120	7	-89
Closing value of finished goods		27	28	33	90	81	-9	54
Total closing values	(C)	12 043	12 405	13 478	14 886	14 680	-206	2 637

¹ Revised. ² Preliminary.

Table 4 – Selected income and expenditure items: Electricity, gas and water supply industry (concluded)

				Quarter ended			Quarter-on- quarter	Year-on-year difference
				R million			difference	between
Item		December 2012	March 2013	June 2013	September 2013 ¹	December 2013 ²	December 2013 and September 2013	December 2013 and December 2012
Expenditure items							R million	R million
Purchases		16 977	23 409	19 768	20 512	22 742	2 230	5 765
Employment costs ³		5 944	5 498	5 977	6 455	6 521	66	577
Interest paid		116	-159	1 009	2 173	2 201	28	2 085
Royalties, franchise fees, copyright, trade	names and patent rights paid	2	2	0	0	0	0	-2
Rental/leasing of land, buildings and other	structures paid	38	32	28	19	21	2	-17
Hiring/leasing for plant, machinery, vehicle	es and other equipment paid	88	116	123	151	159	8	71
Depreciation		2 647	2 882	2 992	3 181	3 224	43	577
Losses on assets/investments sold or reva	alued	18	7 224	71	1 107	46	-1 061	28
Other expenditure		8 607	8 545	7 443	8 694	7 499	-1 195	-1 108
Total expenditure	(D)	34 437	47 549	37 411	42 292	42 413	121	7 976
Net profit or loss before taxation	(E) ⁴	1 557	-13 413	6 463	12 154	-491	-12 645	-2 048
Company tax		110	112	27	264	239	-25	129
Dividends payable		10	0	9	0	32	32	22
Carrying value of property, plant and equip	oment as at the end of quarter	362 108	366 764	377 117	395 058	409 001	13 943	46 893
Capital expenditure on new property, p	lant and equipment							
Buildings, improvement and construction	vorks	333	451	376	303	428	125	95
Plant, machinery, furniture, fittings and oth	Plant, machinery, furniture, fittings and other equipment		5 751	13 443	16 914	15 665	-1 249	601
Vehicles and transport equipment		137	274	79	74	94	20	-43
Total capital expenditure		15 534	6 476	13 898	17 291	16 187	-1 104	653

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Table 5 – Selected income and expenditure items: Construction industry

			Quarter ended			Quarter-on- quarter	Year-on-year difference
				difference	between December		
Item	December 2012	March 2013	June 2013	September 2013 ¹	December 2013 ²	between December 2013 and September 2013	2013 and December 2012
Income items						R million	R million
Turnover received	66 311	60 461	70 905	79 481	83 347	3 866	17 036
Interest received	619	669	1 527	350	408	58	-211
Dividends received	199	83	110	27	317	290	118
Royalties, franchise fees, copyright, trade names and patent rights received	0	5	10	10	10	0	10
Rental/leasing of land, buildings and other structures received	41	41	72	259	246	-13	205
Hiring/leasing of plant, machinery, vehicles and other equipment received	274	244	225	246	252	6	-22
Profit on assets/investment sold or revalued	244	318	531	335	552	217	308
Other income	412	476	515	432	514	82	102
Total income (A)	68 100	62 297	73 895	81 140	85 646	4 506	17 546
Inventories							
Opening value of raw materials	1 163	1 909	1 979	2 167	2 281	114	1 118
Opening value of work in progress	5 590	5 623	6 049	7 663	6 140	-1 523	550
Opening value of finished goods	2 067	1 646	1 547	2 278	2 371	93	304
Total opening values (B)	8 820	9 178	9 575	12 108	10 792	-1 316	1 972
Closing value of raw materials	1 193	1 957	1 967	2 217	2 251	34	1 058
Closing value of work in progress	5 634	6 102	6 725	6 118	7 811	1 693	2 177
Closing value of finished goods	2 335	1 492	1 662	2 242	3 142	900	807
Total closing values (C)	9 162	9 551	10 354	10 577	13 204	2 627	4 042

¹ Revised. ² Preliminary.

Table 5 – Selected income and expenditure items: Construction industry (concluded)

				Quarter ended			Quarter-on- guarter	Year-on-year difference
				R million			difference	between
Item		December 2012	March 2013	June 2013	September 2013 ¹	December 2013 ²	between December 2013 and September 2013	December 2013 and December 2012
Expenditure items							R million	R million
Purchases		37 224	34 638	41 398	46 916	54 431	7 515	17 207
Employment costs ³		12 103	11 690	12 530	13 222	14 476	1 254	2 373
Interest paid		518	706	1 487	628	559	-69	41
Royalties, franchise fees, copyright, trade n	ames and patent rights paid	22	30	19	25	34	9	12
Rental/leasing of land, buildings and other s	structures paid	397	420	477	767	800	33	403
Hiring/leasing for plant, machinery, vehicles	and other equipment paid	1 886	1 723	2 123	1 966	1 810	-156	-76
Depreciation		982	1 369	1 425	1 327	1 330	3	348
Losses on assets/investments sold or revalu	beu	159	220	184	140	311	171	152
Other expenditure		10 693	11 256	9 569	8 814	9 817	1 003	-876
Total expenditure	(D)	63 984	62 052	69 212	73 805	83 568	9 763	19 584
Net profit or loss before taxation	(E) ⁴	4 458	618	5 462	5 804	4 490	-1 314	32
Company tax		321	297	408	565	567	2	246
Dividends payable		350	22	48	169	283	114	-67
Carrying value of property, plant and equipr	nent as at the end of quarter	26 243	33 116	25 854	25 961	26 284	323	41
Capital expenditure on new property, pla	nt and equipment							
Buildings, improvement and construction we	orks	50	70	210	95	117	22	67
Plant, machinery, furniture, fittings and othe	r equipment	992	1 238	908	926	779	-147	-213
Vehicles and transport equipment		313	225	311	247	127	-120	-186
Total capital expenditure		1 355	1 533	1 429	1 268	1 023	-245	-332

Table 6 – Selected income and expenditure items: Trade industry

				Quarter ended			Quarter-on- quarter	Year-on-year difference
				R million			difference	between
Item		December 2012	March 2013	June 2013	September 2013 ¹	December 2013 ²	between December 2013 and September 2013	December 2013 and December 2012
Income items							R million	R million
Turnover received		578 343	552 433	576 047	625 399	654 064	28 665	75 721
Interest received		2 857	2 908	3 185	2 575	2 706	131	-151
Dividends received		745	598	675	744	867	123	122
Royalties, franchise fees, copyright, trade	names and patent rights received	98	97	133	138	114	-24	16
Rental/leasing of land, buildings and other	structures received	530	682	749	599	634	35	104
Hiring/leasing of plant, machinery, vehicles	s and other equipment received	1 667	1 753	1 654	1 690	1 709	19	42
Profit on assets/investment sold or revalue	ed	1 562	1 872	2 295	1 855	1 567	-288	5
Other income		5 243	5 311	5 572	5 608	6 170	562	927
Total income	(A)	591 045	565 654	590 310	638 608	667 831	29 223	76 786
Inventories								
Opening value of raw materials		19 133	19 095	20 292	17 459	18 365	906	-768
Opening value of work in progress		1 957	1 626	1 502	1 772	1 854	82	-103
Opening value of finished goods		182 713	195 336	198 460	197 985	223 216	25 231	40 503
Total opening values	(B)	203 803	216 057	220 254	217 216	243 435	26 219	39 632
Closing value of raw materials		20 516	19 598	20 864	18 318	17 869	-449	-2 647
Closing value of work in progress		1 940	1 484	1 767	1 854	1 934	80	-6
Closing value of finished goods		188 855	202 173	196 254	220 037	232 353	12 316	43 498
Total closing values	(C)	211 311	223 255	218 885	240 209	252 156	11 947	40 845

¹ Revised. ² Preliminary.

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Table 6 – Selected income and expenditure items: Trade industry (concluded)

			Quarter ended			Quarter-on- guarter	Year-on-year difference
			R million			difference	between
Item	December 2012	March 2013	June 2013	September 2013 ¹	December 2013 ²	between December 2013 and September 2013	December 2013 and December 2012
Expenditure items						R million	R million
Purchases	446 110	432 998	439 962	495 425	501 024	5 599	54 914
Employment costs ³	44 909	43 453	44 685	48 804	50 642	1 838	5 733
Interest paid	5 197	5 415	5 520	5 015	4 645	-370	-552
Royalties, franchise fees, copyright, trade names and patent rights paid	d 1 298	1 188	1 149	1 229	1 171	-58	-127
Rental/leasing of land, buildings and other structures paid	12 503	12 664	13 007	14 356	14 689	333	2 186
Hiring/leasing for plant, machinery, vehicles and other equipment paid	593	523	631	654	705	51	112
Depreciation	5 042	5 358	5 603	5 729	5 289	-440	247
Losses on assets/investments sold or revalued	4 078	2 451	2 710	2 524	2 319	-205	-1 759
Other expenditure	49 857	46 692	46 834	52 210	54 702	2 492	4 845
Total expenditure (D)	569 587	550 742	560 101	625 946	635 186	9 240	65 599
Net profit or loss before taxation (E) ⁴	28 966	22 110	28 840	35 655	41 366	5 711	12 400
Company tax	7 455	9 168	6 715	7 245	7 844	599	389
Dividends payable	2 031	3 698	2 180	3 155	2 981	-174	950
Carrying value of property, plant and equipment as at the end of quarter	er 141 036	141 767	147 700	143 519	142 624	-895	1 588
Capital expenditure on new property, plant and equipment							
Buildings, improvement and construction works	1 373	1 130	1 445	1 205	1 142	-63	-231
Plant, machinery, furniture, fittings and other equipment	4 213	3 496	5 342	4 211	5 286	1 075	1 073
Vehicles and transport equipment	1 794	1 339	1 358	1 899	1 982	83	188
Total capital expenditure	7 380	5 965	8 145	7 315	8 410	1 095	1 030

Table 7 – Selected income and expenditure items: Transport, storage and communication industry

			Quarter ended			Quarter-on- quarter	Year-on-year difference
			R million	-		difference	between
Item	December 2012	March 2013	June 2013	September 2013 ¹	December 2013 ²	between December 2013 and September 2013	December 2013 and December 2012
Income items						R million	R million
Turnover received	147 944	148 594	150 385	166 762	170 421	3 659	22 477
Interest received	878	898	735	1 150	1 202	52	324
Dividends received	26	220	195	42	210	168	184
Royalties, franchise fees, copyright, trade names and patent rights received	17	8	16	12	13	1	-4
Rental/leasing of land, buildings and other structures received	679	459	636	739	1 073	334	394
Hiring/leasing of plant, machinery, vehicles and other equipment received	383	273	459	463	531	68	148
Profit on assets/investment sold or revalued	571	1 003	711	661	1 044	383	473
Other income	4 359	2 433	2 423	2 334	3 437	1 103	-922
Total income (A)	154 857	153 888	155 560	172 163	177 931	5 768	23 074
Inventories							
Opening value of raw materials	5 489	6 741	5 919	4 882	3 406	-1 476	-2 083
Opening value of work in progress	735	817	864	1 256	1 209	-47	474
Opening value of finished goods	4 631	4 816	5 562	9 860	10 143	283	5 512
Total opening values (B)	10 855	12 374	12 345	15 998	14 758	-1 240	3 903
Closing value of raw materials	6 670	5 895	7 825	3 415	3 470	55	-3 200
Closing value of work in progress	658	875	673	1 141	1 275	134	617
Closing value of finished goods	4 623	4 790	5 831	10 057	9 855	-202	5 232
Total closing values (C)	11 951	11 560	14 329	14 613	14 600	-13	2 649

¹ Revised. ² Preliminary.

Table 7 – Selected income and expenditure items: Transport, storage and communication industry (concluded)

Item			Quarter ended			Quarter-on- quarter	Year-on-year difference
			R million			difference	between
	December 2012	March 2013	June 2013	September 2013 ¹	December 2013 ²	between December 2013 and September 2013	December 2013 and December 2012
Expenditure items						R million	R million
Purchases	63 882	61 941	63 861	65 893	66 705	812	2 823
Employment costs ³	22 614	23 639	24 895	26 206	27 100	894	4 486
Interest paid	3 870	4 042	3 952	4 641	4 079	-562	209
Royalties, franchise fees, copyright, trade names and patent rights paid	67	98	88	96	94	-2	27
Rental/leasing of land, buildings and other structures paid	3 088	3 142	3 316	3 666	3 853	187	765
Hiring/leasing for plant, machinery, vehicles and other equipment paid	2 058	2 079	2 102	2 442	2 281	-161	223
Depreciation	9 272	9 331	9 597	9 192	9 898	706	626
Losses on assets/investments sold or revalued	798	13 274	897	1 157	1 162	5	364
Other expenditure	37 875	36 051	37 155	43 038	45 846	2 808	7 971
Total expenditure (D)	143 524	153 597	145 863	156 331	161 018	4 687	17 494
Net profit or loss before taxation (E) ⁴	12 429	-523	11 681	14 447	16 755	2 308	4 326
Company tax	4 430	3 569	3 916	3 507	4 096	589	-334
Dividends payable	962	10 901	674	6 521	1 310	-5 211	348
Carrying value of property, plant and equipment as at the end of quarter	357 452	355 732	363 267	393 811	411 851	18 040	54 399
Capital expenditure on new property, plant and equipment							
Buildings, improvement and construction works	859	557	1 115	729	2 550	1 821	1 691
Plant, machinery, furniture, fittings and other equipment	12 372	10 895	8 758	11 089	19 573	8 484	7 201
Vehicles and transport equipment	2 543	2 081	4 135	4 656	6 023	1 367	3 480
Total capital expenditure	15 774	13 533	14 008	16 474	28 146	11 672	12 372

			Quarter ended			Quarter-on- quarter	Year-on-year difference
			R million			difference	between
Item	December 2012	March 2013	June 2013	September 2013 ¹	December 2013 ²	between December 2013 and September 2013	December 2013 and December 2012
Income items						R million	R million
Turnover received ³	158 594	161 778	173 561	190 895	192 650	1 755	34 056
Interest received	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dividends received	5 364	6 518	6 187	7 027	6 072	-955	708
Royalties, franchise fees, copyright, trade names and patent rights received	973	886	1 057	558	798	240	-175
Rental/leasing of land, buildings and other structures received	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hiring/leasing of plant, machinery, vehicles and other equipment received	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Profit on assets/investment sold or revalued	4 998	5 422	6 419	7 014	6 757	-257	1 759
Other income	4 113	4 354	4 934	4 965	6 120	1 155	2 007
Total income (A)	174 042	178 958	192 158	210 459	212 397	1 938	38 355
Inventories							
Opening value of raw materials	3 134	3 155	3 168	19 670	19 609	-61	16 475
Opening value of work in progress	2 507	2 266	2 051	1 535	2 222	687	-285
Opening value of finished goods	4 424	4 041	4 520	4 514	4 692	178	268
Total opening values (B)	10 065	9 462	9 739	25 719	26 523	804	16 458
Closing value of raw materials	3 097	3 172	3 032	19 610	19 721	111	16 624
Closing value of work in progress	2 393	2 281	2 064	2 222	2 336	114	-57
Closing value of finished goods	4 558	4 001	4 669	4 692	4 647	-45	89
Total closing values (C)	10 048	9 454	9 765	26 524	26 704	180	16 656

Table 8 – Selected income and expenditure items: Real estate and other business services industry (excluding financial intermediation and insurance)

¹ Revised.
 ² Preliminary.
 ³ Turnover includes: interest, rent/leasing and hiring – refer to page 38 for more details.

Table 8 – Selected income and expenditure items: Real estate and other business services industry (excluding financial intermediation and insurance) (concluded)

			Quarter ended			Quarter-on- guarter	Year-on-year difference
			R million			difference	between
Item	December 2012	March 2013	June 2013	September 2013 ¹	December 2013 ²	between December 2013 and September 2013	December 2013 and December 2012
Expenditure items						R million	R million
Purchases	31 620	34 491	41 801	51 490	52 528	1 038	20 908
Employment costs ³	40 351	44 165	46 485	46 420	48 075	1 655	7 724
Interest paid	11 495	11 627	12 200	10 479	11 052	573	-443
Royalties, franchise fees, copyright, trade names and patent rights paid	1 251	820	989	953	1 198	245	-53
Rental/leasing of land, buildings and other structures paid	6 867	6 476	6 650	5 686	5 601	-85	-1 266
Hiring/leasing for plant, machinery, vehicles and other equipment paid	833	1 036	999	635	647	12	-186
Depreciation	3 164	3 168	3 062	4 217	4 320	103	1 156
Losses on assets/investments sold or revalued	2 259	2 232	2 809	3 222	3 235	13	976
Other expenditure	46 086	46 080	45 970	51 288	51 665	377	5 579
Total expenditure (D)	143 926	150 095	160 965	174 390	178 321	3 931	34 395
Net profit or loss before taxation (E) ⁴	30 099	28 855	31 219	36 874	34 257	-2 617	4 158
Company tax	5 862	5 631	5 897	5 088	4 701	-387	-1 161
Dividends payable	5 212	6 015	5 769	6 544	6 384	-160	1 172
Carrying value of property, plant and equipment as at the end of quarter	251 134	231 586	223 579	171 628	173 907	2 279	-77 227
Capital expenditure on new property, plant and equipment							
Buildings, improvement and construction works	1 186	1 416	751	1 514	1 573	59	387
Plant, machinery, furniture, fittings and other equipment	1 596	1 808	1 725	2 948	2 898	-50	1 302
Vehicles and transport equipment	2 305	2 673	2 949	905	867	-38	-1 438
Total capital expenditure	5 087	5 897	5 425	5 367	5 338	-29	251

Table 9 – Selected income and expenditure items: Community, social and personal services industry (excluding government institutions)

				Quarter ended			Quarter-on- guarter	Year-on-year difference
				R million			difference	between December
Item		December 2012	March 2013	June 2013	September 2013 ¹	December 2013 ²	between December 2013 and September 2013	2013 and December 2012
Income items								
Turnover received		44 111	44 361	44 464	44 742	46 007	1 265	1 896
Interest received		293	303	291	382	453	71	160
Dividends received		42	173	23	343	63	-280	21
Royalties, franchise fees, copyright, trade	e names and patent rights received	66	62	52	56	56	0	-10
Rental/leasing of land, buildings and othe	er structures received	148	148	158	205	211	6	63
Hiring/leasing of plant, machinery, vehicl	es and other equipment received	26	21	20	39	41	2	15
Profit on assets/investment sold or revalu	ued	132	164	183	706	354	-352	222
Other income		1 762	3 228	2 017	4 607	7 359	2 752	5 597
Total income	(A)	46 580	48 460	47 208	51 080	54 544	3 464	7 964
Inventories								
Opening value of raw materials		1 302	884	738	425	461	36	-841
Opening value of work in progress		650	637	651	60	59	-1	-591
Opening value of finished goods		887	1 015	1 036	921	902	-19	15
Total opening values	(B)	2 839	2 536	2 425	1 406	1 422	16	-1 417
Closing value of raw materials		1 501	767	755	461	522	61	-979
Closing value of work in progress		679	653	647	59	57	-2	-622
Closing value of finished goods		974	1 039	914	903	967	64	-7
Total closing values	(C)	3 154	2 459	2 316	1 423	1 546	123	-1 608

¹ Revised. ² Preliminary.

Table 9 – Selected income and expenditure items: Community, social and personal services industry (excluding government institutions) (concluded)

			Quarter ended			Quarter-on- guarter	Year-on-year difference
			R million			difference	between
Item	December 2012	March 2013	June 2013	September 2013 ¹	December 2013 ²	between December 2013 and September 2013	December 2013 and December 2012
Expenditure items							
Purchases	8 775	8 851	8 313	7 700	8 628	928	-147
Employment costs ³	12 479	12 061	12 592	11 903	12 131	228	-348
Interest paid	1 219	1 233	1 044	1 887	2 040	153	821
Royalties, franchise fees, copyright, trade names and patent rights paid	214	202	249	243	243	0	29
Rental/leasing of land, buildings and other structures paid	1 562	1 493	1 521	1 673	1 647	-26	85
Hiring/leasing for plant, machinery, vehicles and other equipment paid	527	694	709	1 029	1 015	-14	488
Depreciation	1 479	1 474	1 294	1 675	1 683	8	204
Losses on assets/investments sold or revalued	152	972	174	108	87	-21	-65
Other expenditure	15 026	14 721	15 955	16 920	16 876	-44	1 850
Total expenditure (D)	41 433	41 701	41 851	43 138	44 350	1 212	2 917
Net profit or loss before taxation (E) ⁴	5 462	6 682	5 248	7 959	10 318	2 359	4 856
Company tax	1 009	1 412	1 248	1 068	1 308	240	299
Dividends payable	933	1 056	846	1 087	1 904	817	971
Carrying value of property, plant and equipment as at the end of quarter	39 758	35 409	36 454	39 671	39 296	-375	-462
Capital expenditure on new property, plant and equipment							
Buildings, improvement and construction works	281	316	360	344	346	2	65
Plant, machinery, furniture, fittings and other equipment	906	1 165	1 663	2 210	673	-1 537	-233
Vehicles and transport equipment	141	275	224	179	229	50	88
Total capital expenditure	1 328	1 756	2 247	2 733	1 248	-1 485	-80

Table 10 – Comparison of selected operating ratios between September 2013 and December 2013

Industry		Turnover / Fixed assets ³		Net profit before tax / Turnover⁴		Turnover / Closing inventories⁵		pefore tax / assets ⁶
	September 2013 ¹	December 2013 ²	September 2013 ¹	December 2013 ²	September 2013 ¹	December 2013 ²	September 2013 ¹	December 2013 ²
Mining and quarrying	0,27	0,27	0,00	-0,01	1,93	2,00	0,00	0,00
Manufacturing	1,42	1,51	0,09	0,08	1,94	2,15	0,13	0,13
Electricity, gas and water supply	0,13	0,10	0,23	-0,01	3,49	2,71	0,03	0,00
Construction	3,06	3,17	0,07	0,05	7,51	6,31	0,22	0,17
Trade	4,36	4,59	0,06	0,06	2,60	2,59	0,25	0,29
Transport, storage and communication	0,42	0,41	0,09	0,10	11,41	11,67	0,04	0,04
Real estate and other business services, excluding financial intermediation and insurance	1,11	1,11	0,19	0,18	7,20	7,21	0,21	0,20
Community, social and personal services, excluding government institutions	1,13	1,17	0,18	0,22	31,44	29,76	0,20	0,26
All industries	0,90	0,92	0,09	0,08	2,78	2,87	0,08	0,07

¹ Revised.
 ² Preliminary.
 ³ Turnover / Carrying value of property, plant and equipment at the end of the quarter.
 ⁴ Net profit or loss before taxation / Turnover.
 ⁵ Turnover / Closing value of inventories.
 ⁶ Net profit or loss before taxation / Carrying value of property, plant and equipment at the end of the quarter.

Table 10 – Comparison of selected operating ratios between September 2013 and December 2013 (concluded)

Industry	Total capital expenditure / Fixed assets ³		Cost of sales [*] / Average inventories ⁴		Net profit before interest and income tax expenses / Interest expense ⁵		Cash dividends / Net income ⁶	
	September 2013 ¹	December 2013 ²	September 2013 ¹	December 2013 ²	September 2013 ¹	December 2013 ²	September 2013 ¹	December 2013 ²
Mining and quarrying	0,03	0,03	0,70	0,72	1,02	0,76	-0,61	-0,18
Manufacturing	0,03	0,04	1,28	1,39	8,88	7,57	0,12	0,46
Electricity, gas and water supply	0,04	0,04	1,35	1,55	6,59	0,78	0,00	-0,04
Construction	0,05	0,04	4,27	4,34	10,24	9,03	0,03	0,07
Trade	0,05	0,06	2,07	1,99	8,11	9,91	0,11	0,09
Transport, storage and communication	0,04	0,07	4,40	4,56	4,11	5,11	0,60	0,10
Real estate and other business services, excluding financial intermediation and insurance	0,03	0,03	1,94	1,97	4,52	4,10	0,21	0,22
Community, social and personal services, excluding government institutions	0,07	0,03	5,43	5,73	5,22	6,06	0,16	0,21
All industries	0,04	0,04	1,66	1,70	5,60	5,30	0,19	0,27

¹ Revised.

² Preliminary.

^a Trellminary.
 ^a Total capital expenditure on new property, plant and equipment / Carrying value of property, plant and equipment at the end of the quarter.
 ⁴ Cost of sales ' / (Opening inventories + Closing inventories) ÷ 2.
 ⁵ (Net profit or loss before taxation + Interest paid) / Interest paid.
 ⁶ Dividends paid / (Net profit or loss before taxation - Company tax).

* Cost of sales = (Opening inventories + Purchases – Closing inventories).

Technical notes	
Confidence intervals	The 95% confidence intervals of a population parameter (turnover) are obtained as follows:
	Lower limit = lower 95% confidence limit of a population parameter = estimate – 1,96 * Standard error (estimate);
	and
	Upper limit = upper 95% confidence limit of a population parameter = estimate + 1,96 * Standard error (estimate)
Standard error (SE)	= <u>Upper limit (R million) - Lower limit (R million)</u> 2 * 1,96
Relative standard error (RSE)	= <u>SE of estimate * 100</u> Estimated

Table A – Estimates of turnover by industry within 95% confidence limits: September 2013

Industry	Lower limit	Estimate	Upper limit	Relative standard error
	R million	R million	R million	(RSE)
Mining and quarrying	131 858	133 222	134 586	0,5
Manufacturing	550 502	563 401	576 300	1,2
Electricity, gas and water supply	51 715	51 886	52 057	0,2
Construction	66 629	79 481	92 333	8,2
Trade	583 722	625 399	667 076	3,4
Transport, storage and communication	158 479	166 762	175 045	2,5
Real estate and other business services, excluding financial intermediation and insurance	173 137	190 895	208 653	4,7
Community, social and personal services, excluding government institutions	39 121	44 742	50 363	6,4

Table B – Estimates of turnover by industry within 95% confidence limits: December 2013

Industry	Lower limit	Estimate	Upper limit	Relative standard error
	R million	R million	R million	(RSE)
Mining and quarrying	135 696	137 293	138 890	0,6
Manufacturing	584 361	600 413	616 465	1,4
Electricity, gas and water supply	39 594	39 843	40 092	0,3
Construction	69 482	83 347	97 212	8,5
Trade	600 221	654 064	707 907	4,2
Transport, storage and communication	162 028	170 421	178 814	2,5
Real estate and other business services, excluding financial intermediation and insurance	174 553	192 650	210 747	4,8
Community, social and personal services, excluding government institutions	40 000	46 007	52 014	6,7

Quarterly financial statistics, December 2013

Industry	Turnover December 2012	Turnover September 2013	Turnover December 2013	Difference between December 2013 and September 2013	Difference between December 2013 and December 2012
	R million	R million	R million	%	%
Mining and quarrying	115 065	133 222	137 293	3,1	19,3
Manufacturing	515 811	563 401	600 413	6,6	16,4
Electricity, gas and water supply	33 475	51 886	39 843	-23,2	19,0
Construction	66 311	79 481	83 347	4,9	25,7
Trade	578 343	625 399	654 064	4,6	13,1
Transport, storage and communication	147 944	166 762	170 421	2,2	15,2
Real estate and other business services, excluding financial intermediation and insurance	158 594	190 895	192 650	0,9	21,5
Community, social and personal services, excluding government institutions	44 111	44 742	46 007	2,8	4,3
All industries	1 659 654	1 855 788	1 924 038	3,7	15,9

Table D – Turnover by industry and percentage contribution

Inductor	Septe 20	ember 13	December 2013	
Industry	R million	Percentage of total turnover	R million	Percentage of total turnover
Mining and quarrying	133 222	7,1	137 293	7,1
Manufacturing	563 401	30,4	600 413	31,2
Electricity, gas and water supply	51 886	2,8	39 843	2,1
Construction	79 481	4,3	83 347	4,3
Trade	625 399	33,7	654 064	34,0
Transport, storage and communication	166 762	9,0	170 421	8,9
Real estate and other business services, excluding financial intermediation and insurance	190 895	10,3	192 650	10,0
Community, social and personal services, excluding government institutions	44 742	2,4	46 007	2,4
All industries	1 855 788	100,0	1 924 038	100,0

Table E – Closing inventories by industry and percentage change

Industry	Inventories September 2013	Inventories December 2013	Difference between December 2013 and September 2013
	R million	R million	%
Mining and quarrying	69 021	68 579	-0,6
Manufacturing	290 854	279 563	-3,9
Electricity, gas and water supply	14 886	14 680	-1,4
Construction	10 577	13 204	24,8
Trade	240 209	252 156	5,0
Transport, storage and communication	14 613	14 600	-0,1
Real estate and other business services, excluding financial intermediation and insurance	26 524	26 704	0,7
Community, social and personal services, excluding government institutions	1 423	1 546	8,6
All industries	668 107	671 032	0,4

Table F – Capital expenditure by industry and percentage change

Industry	Capital expenditure September 2013	Capital expenditure December 2013	Difference between December 2013 and September 2013
	R million	R million	%
Mining and quarrying	13 023	16 635	27,7
Manufacturing	12 021	15 229	26,7
Electricity, gas and water supply	17 291	16 187	-6,4
Construction	1 268	1 023	-19,3
Trade	7 315	8 410	15,0
Transport, storage and communication	16 474	28 146	70,9
Real estate and other business services, excluding financial intermediation and insurance	5 367	5 338	-0,5
Community, social and personal services, excluding government institutions	2 733	1 248	-54,3
All industries	75 492	92 216	22,2

Neyman Optimal Allocation	Before drawing samples in each of the surveys the population of enterprises on the Business Sampling Frame (BSF) was stratified. Strata were formed using a combination of the standard industrial classification variable and the measure of size variable for enterprises. The Neyman optimal allocation formula used to allocate samples to each stratum is given by a formula below. $n_{h} = \frac{N_{h}S_{h}}{N_{h}S_{h}}$
	$\sum N_h S_h$
	Where N_{h} and S_{h} are the stratum population size and the stratum variance, respectively.

Table G – DTI cut-off points (adjusted by Statistics South Africa (Stats SA) for QFS)

	Enterprise size				
Industry	Large (Size-group 1) Lower limits Rand	Medium (Size-group 2) Lower limits Rand	Small (Size-group 3) Lower limits Rand	Very small ¹ (Size-group 4) Lower limits Rand	
Mining and quarrying	331 500 000	85 000 000	34 000 000	2 000 000	
Manufacturing	433 500 000	110 500 000	42 500 000	2 000 000	
Electricity, gas and water supply	433 500 000	110 500 000	43 350 000	2 000 000	
Construction	221 000 000	51 000 000	25 500 000	2 000 000	
Wholesale trade	544 000 000	272 000 000	51 000 000	2 000 000	
Retail trade	331 500 000	161 500 000	34 000 000	2 000 000	
Motor trade	331 500 000	161 500 000	34 000 000	2 000 000	
Accommodation and catering	110 500 000	51 000 000	43 350 000	2 000 000	
Transport, storage and communication	221 000 000	110 500 000	25 500 000	2 000 000	
Real estate and other businesses services, excluding financial intermediation and insurance	221 000 000	110 500 000	25 500 000	2 000 000	
Community, social and personal services, excluding government institutions	110 500 000	51 000 000	8 500 000	2 000 000	

Source: National Small Business Amendment Bill 2003, Department of Trade and Industry (DTI). ¹Enterprises with a turnover of less than R2 000 000 are excluded from this survey as from the 2009 sample.

Explanatory notes

- Introduction 1 Stats SA conducts a quarterly sample survey to collect a range of financial statistics in respect of enterprises in the formal business sector of the South African economy, excluding agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing and financial intermediation and insurance and government institutions. This statistical release presents a selection of key findings and tables from Stats SA's *Quarterly Financial Statistics* (QFS) survey for the December 2012 and March, June, September and December 2013 quarters which examines key variables as required by the Systems of National Accounts (SNA) 2008, which are mentioned below:
 - turnover;
 - interest received and paid;
 - dividends received and dividends payable;
 - royalties, franchise fees, copyright, trade names and trade and patent rights received and paid;
 - income and expenditure in respect of rental/leasing of land, buildings and other structures, including payments for water and electricity services;
 - income and expenditure in respect of hiring/leasing of plant, machinery, vehicles and other equipment;
 - employment costs;
 - profit and loss on assets/investments sold or revalued;
 - depreciation provided for;
 - purchases;
 - other income and other expenditure;
 - total income and total expenditure;
 - net profit or loss before providing for company tax and dividends;
 - company tax;
 - carrying value of property, plant and equipment at the end of the quarter;
 - inventories as at the beginning and end of the quarter; and
 - capital expenditure on new property, plant and equipment at the end of the quarter.
 - **2** The statistical release also contains accounting ratios derived from estimates of selected key variables.
 - 3 In order to improve timeliness of the publication, some information for the current quarter may have been estimated due to late or non-submission by respondents. These estimates are revised as soon as the actual information is available.
 - 4 Additional information regarding estimates of small, medium and large enterprises by industry per variable for the quarters ended September 2013 and December 2013 is available on the Stats SA website or can also be made available on request.

Purpose of the5The QFS survey covers a sample of enterprises operating in the formal non-
agricultural business sector of the South African economy, excluding financial
intermediation, insurance and government institutions. Results of the survey are
used in compiling estimates of the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) and its
components, which in turn are used to develop and monitor government policy.

These statistics are also used by the private sector in analysis of comparative business and industry performance. The results are published quarterly in statistical release P0044: *Quarterly financial statistics*.

Scope of the6This survey cosurveyStandard Indu

This survey covers financial statistics of the following industries according to the *Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities* (SIC), Fifth edition, January 1993:

- mining and quarrying industry;
- manufacturing industry;
- electricity, gas and water supply industry;
- construction industry;
- trade industry;
- transport, storage and communication industry;
- real estate and business services industry, excluding financial intermediation and insurance; and
- community, social and personal services industry, excluding government institutions.
- Classification 7 The 1993 edition of the Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (SIC), Fifth edition, January 1993, was used to classify the statistical units in the survey. The SIC is based on the 1990 International Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities (ISIC) with suitable adaptations for local conditions. Statistics in this publication are only presented at SIC major division (one digit) level. Each enterprise is classified to an industry which reflects the predominant activity of the enterprise. Estimates on lower digits SIC can be made available on request.
- Statistical unit 8 For the purpose of this publication, the statistical unit in the quarterly financial statistics survey is the enterprise. An enterprise is defined as a legal unit or a combination of legal units that includes and directly controls all functions necessary to carry out its production activities. The statistical units are derived from and linked to the South African Revenue Service (SARS) value added tax (VAT) administrative data.

Survey9The survey is conducted on a quarterly basis. Questionnaires are sent to a sample
of approximately 5 000 enterprises. Questionnaires have to be returned to Stats
SA within two weeks after the end of the quarter concerned. Fax, telephone and
electronic reminders are used to follow up on non-responding enterprises.

- **10** Samples are normally drawn each year and the resulting level changes in estimates are indicated when the new sample is implemented. A new sample was drawn in 2013 and implemented from the September 2013 quarter onwards.
- 11 The sample was drawn from a population of enterprises that contributed approximately 95% to the total turnover per industry. Adjustments are made to the estimates to account for enterprises contributing less than 5% of the total turnover within each industry. All enterprises are stratified by type of enterprise according to size groups based on the National Small Business Amendment Bill, 2003, size group allocations for industries as defined in the *Standard Industrial Classification*

Reliability of estimates	12	of all Economic Activities (SIC), Fifth edition, January 1993. All large enterprises, which comprise 50% of the number of enterprises in the sample, are completely enumerated, while simple random sampling is applied for medium sized, small and very small enterprises. Enterprises with a VAT turnover of less than R 2 000 000 are excluded from this survey. The data reported by the enterprises in the sample are weighted to represent all enterprises in the population. Data presented in this publication are based on information obtained from a sample of enterprises and are, therefore, subject to sampling variability, that is, the data may differ from the figures that would have been produced if the data had been obtained from all enterprises in the different industries in South Africa, inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as sampling errors. See Tables A and B
	13	(page 27) to determine the extent that estimates may vary. Inaccuracies may occur because of imperfections in reporting by enterprises and errors made with the collection and processing of the data. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as non-sampling errors. Every effort is made to minimise non- sampling errors by designing the questionnaire carefully, conducting pilot studies, editing of data and the implementation of efficient operating procedures. Preliminary figures are indicated in the relevant tables.
Reasons for fluctuations in data	14	 The fluctuations in the data can be attributed to: revisions to previous quarters made in the event of new or revised information being furnished by the respondents; restructuring of large businesses; exchange rate fluctuations; restating of previous estimates due to International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS); once-off items reflected in one or more quarters, but not reflected in other quarters; year-end adjustments performed during the last quarter of the financial year; seasonal factors; items declared annually and not quarterly; and samples drawn annually (see paragraph 10 on page 32).
Standard error	15	The estimates in this publication are based on a sample drawn from units in the surveyed population. The entire population is not surveyed. The published estimates are subject to sampling error. The most common way of quantifying such sampling error is to calculate the standard error for the published estimate or statistic (see page 27, Tables A and B).
Revised figures	16	The revised figures are due to respondents reporting revisions or corrections in their figures and late submissions of their data to Stats SA. Data are edited at individual enterprise level.
Reference period	17	The reference period for this publication is from 1 September 2013 to 31 December 2013.

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Related publications	18	Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which are available from Stats SA:		
		 Annual Financial Statistics (P0021); Bulletin of Statistics – issued quarterly; Gross Domestic Product (P0441) – issued quarterly and annually; Manufacturing: Production and sales (P3041.2) – issued monthly; Mining: Production and sales (P2041) – issued monthly; Motor trade sales (P6343.2) – issued monthly; Quarterly Employment Statistics (P0277); Retail trade sales (P6242.1) – issued monthly; South African Statistics – issued annually; and Wholesale trade sales (P6141.2) – issued monthly. 		
Rounding-off of figures	19	The figures in the tables have, where necessary, been rounded off to the nearest three digits shown.		
Comparison of results with Quarterly Employment Statistics (QES) survey	20	 Employment costs estimates produced in this publication are based on information as defined by the International Accounting Standards 19 (IAS19) from an accounting perspective. The Quarterly Employment Statistics (QES) survey produces estimates for employment and earnings from a payroll perspective. The differences between the QFS employment costs and QES earnings can be attributed, but not limited, to the following factors: accounting and payroll timing differences in the recognition of employment-related transactions. The QFS employment costs are recognised on an accrual basis while the QES earnings are recognised on a cash basis; classification differences between surveys; changes in accounting standards (International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) revisions in the QFS); different sampling frames; different sampling methodology and sampling specifications; information sources (information from the payroll administrator vs. information from the accounting officer); and restructuring of businesses. 		
Adjustment of DTI cut-off points	21	The DTI cut-off points sourced from the National Small Business Amendment Bill 2003 have been raised by a factor of 6 to comply with sample specifications.		

Symbols and	22	AFS	Annual Financial Statistics
abbreviations		BSF	Business Sampling Frame
		DTI	Department of Trade and Industry
		GDP	Gross Domestic Product
		IAS	International Accounting Standards
		IFRS	International Financial Reporting Standards
		ISIC	International Standard Industrial Classification
		QES	Quarterly Employment Statistics
		QFS	Quarterly Financial Statistics
		RSE	Relative Standard Error
		SARS	South African Revenue Service
		SE	Standard Error
		SIC	Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities
		Stats SA	Statistics South Africa
		VAT	Value-added tax
			Not available
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Glossary

Capital expenditure on property, plant and	Capital expenditure on property, plant and equipment includes:			
equipment	 erection of new buildings and works, additions to and alterations of existing buildings and works, whether payments were made to outside contractors or concerns, or work done by the enterprise itself; work in progress capitalised; new plant and machinery, vehicles and equipment; and 			
Carrying value of property, plant and	Carrying value of property, plant and equipment at the end of the quarter includes:			
equipment	 land; residential buildings and non-residential buildings; construction works, roads and parking areas; computers and other IT equipment; motor vehicles and other transport equipment; and plant, machinery, furniture, fittings and other office equipment. 			
Company tax	Company tax brought into account consists of taxes on incomes, profits and capital gains, excluding value-added tax (VAT). They are assessed on the actual or presumed incomes of enterprises and exclude employees' taxes and compulsory loan levies.			
Employment costs	Employment/staff costs according to IAS 19 are costs incurred in exchange for services rendered by employees. These costs are divided into four categories: short-term employee benefits, post-employment benefits, other long-term employee benefits and termination benefits.			
	Employment costs include (among other types of employment benefits):			
	 wages and salaries; compensated absences (paid vacation and sick leave); commissions paid; profit sharing plans; bonuses; medical and life insurance benefits during employment; housing benefits; free or subsidised goods or services given to employees; pension benefits; post-employment medical and life insurance benefits; long-service or sabbatical leave; jubilee' benefits; deferred compensation programmes; severance, termination and redundancy payments to staff; and other employee-related costs not mentioned above. 			

Enterprise	An enterprise is a legal unit or a combination of legal units that includes and directly controls all functions necessary to carry out its production activities.
Establishment	An establishment is defined as an enterprise or part of an enterprise that is situated at a single location and in which only a single (non-ancillary) productive activity is carried out or in which the principal productive activity accounts for most of the value added.
Industry	An industry consists of a group of enterprises engaged in the same or similar kinds of economic activity, and is classified according to the <i>Standard Industrial Classification of all Economic Activities</i> (SIC), Fifth edition, January 1993.
International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)	International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) are international accounting standards stating how particular types of transactions and other events should be reported in financial statements. IFRS are issued by the Accounting Standards Board. The purpose of IFRS is to improve transparency and comparability within financial reporting and introduce consistency in accounting.
Inventories	Inventories consist of:
	 outputs that are held by the enterprise that produced them prior to their being further processed, sold, delivered to other units or used in other ways; and products acquired from other enterprises that are intended to be used for intermediate consumption or for resale without further processing (factored
	goods).
	Raw materials consist of components for processing, packing materials, fuel, consumable and maintenance stores.
	Work in progress consists of goods in the process of manufacturing or work that has been partially done, but which has not yet been completed at the beginning and end of the quarter.
	Finished goods include manufactured goods by own manufacturers and goods not produced by the enterprise but purchased for resale, not sold at the beginning and end of the quarter.
Net profit or loss	Net profit or loss before drawings by proprietors or partners, company tax paid or provided for and dividends paid or provided for are taken into account is calculated as total income minus opening inventories plus closing inventories less total expenditure.

Purchases includes:

- raw materials, components used, etc. in production;
- fuels;
- spare parts and building materials; and
- purchases and transfers-in of factored goods, intermediate products and partially completed goods from related enterprises.

Purchases excludes:

- subcontract and commission expenses;
- motor vehicle running expenditure, including parts and fuel;
- purchases of materials capitalised for "capital work done" by own employees; and
- containers and packaging materials.

Turnover

Turnover refers to the following items for all industries, excluding real estate and other business services (excluding financial intermediation and insurance):

- value of sales;
- amounts received for work done; and
- amounts received for services rendered.

Turnover refers to the following items for the real estate and other business services industry (excluding financial intermediation and insurance):

- value of sales;
- amounts received for work done;
- amounts received for services rendered;
- interest received;
- rent and or lease payments received for land and buildings; and
- rent, leasing and hiring received for machinery, vehicles and other equipment.

Turnover excludes:

- value-added tax (VAT); and
- net profit or loss on sales or revaluation of fixed assets (including profit or loss on foreign exchange).
- Value-added tax VAT is an indirect tax based on consumption of goods and services in the economy.

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